Bethlehem

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the house of Ahmad Z’ouk and searched in its contents in Hussan village west of Bethlehem city. Al Quds (July 5, 2011).

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed a citizen’s house in Ad Duheisha refuge camp south of Bethlehem city owned by Nasri Nimer Abed Rabo and handed him notification to interview the Israeli intelligence in Gush Etzion settlement bloc. Al Quds (July 5, 2011).

- The Israeli occupation forces accompanied with bulldozers demolished Palestinian house and several water wells in Kherbit Beit Zakariya located at the western rural area of Bethlehem governorate within the heart of what the Israeli call the Etzion settlements’ bloc southwest of Bethlehem city. The targeted house is about 75 square meters of 2 rooms and a kitchen, a bathroom owned by Mahmoud Khalel Mohamad Sa’ad and inhabited by 10 members. Al Quds (July 5, 2011).

- The Israeli occupation forces demolished water well owned by Khaled Mohamad Jacoub in Al Khader town south of Bethlehem city in the lands near the Efrat settlement. Al Ayyam (July 6, 2011).
• The Israeli occupation forces stormed the house of Abed Al Kader Al Zghari and searched in its contents in Ad Duheisha refuge camp south of Bethlehem city. Wafa (July 6, 2011).

• Israeli trucks loaded with different types of settlements remnants dumped their waste in Wadi Abu Shaheen area near Efrat settlement. The area where the solid waste was dumped named Wadi Abu ‘Amera with 96 dunums and Wadi Artas planted with fruitful trees. Al Ayyam (July 7, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces put signs in Aien Al Joizeh area in Al Walajeh village northwest of Bethlehem city to start bulldozing the lands in order to complete the construction of the Israeli segregation wall in the area with a length of 6 km and width between 25km to 75 km. the establishment of the wall will lead to confiscate 500 dunums and isolate 1985 dunums of lands. Al Quds (July 10, 2011).

• The Israeli authority confiscated 2000 dunums of agricultural lands in Al Khader town south of Bethlehem city in order to expand the Efrat settlement with an area of 5000 dunums. The lands Israel intends to confiscate belong to several families from Al Khader were known; Salah, Sbieh, Issa, Mussa, D’aduo’ and Ghniem. Al Ayyam (July 14, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces stormed the house of Mohammad Ibrahim Al ‘Adam and Rab’i Ali Al Hremi in Al Saff street in Bethlehem city and Wissam Al Hassanat from Ad Duheisha refuge camp south of Bethlehem city and handed them notifications to interview the Israeli intelligence in Josh Atzion settlement bloc south of Bethlehem city. Wafa (July 17, 2011).

• Israeli settler set fire into agricultural lands in Sahel Al Baqa’a (Al Baqa’a valley) owned by Na’em Hassan Al Salahat, the fire consumed 10 of olive trees. Al Quds (July 18, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces raided the house of Mussa Khalaf Jebriel and searched in its contents in Tuqu’ town southeast of Bethlehem city. Also the IOF set up military checkpoints on the entrance of Al Khader and Tuqu’ and stopped the Palestinian vehicles and checked in the ID cards. Al Ayyam (July 20, 2011).
• The Israeli bulldozers stormed Aien Al Joizeh area in Al Waljeh village northwest of Bethlehem city, and started to bulldoze agricultural lands planted with olive trees and pine trees in order to continue building the segregation wall. The targeted lands owned by Al Atrash and Rhbah families. More than 60 trees of olive and pines were destroyed. Al Quds (July 27, 2011).

• The Israeli settlers under the protection of the Israeli occupation forces set a tent in the lands of Khaled Alayan Sbateen in Al Sharfeh area in Hussan village west of Bethlehem city. Al Quds (July 28, 2011).

**Hebron**

• The Israeli occupation forces with 4 military vehicles attacked on the farmers stall and shop owners who sell their agricultural production near their farms and houses in Haloul and Beit Ummar town. And without pre-warning the IOF threw their products in the main street (Al Quds-Hebron Street) and damaged the agricultural rooms. **Maannews** (July 4, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces and Israeli settlers prevented ‘Awad Family and foreign peace activists from working and reclaiming their lands located in Kheleh Al-Kotleh area in Hebron city near the Karmi Tsour settlement. In the same context the IOF prevented ‘Awad family from reaching their lands in Wadi Abu Al-Reesh (Abu Al Reesh valley) to reap the crops. Al Quds (July 2, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces accompanied bulldozers destroyed and confiscated 9 of water tanks in Kherbeh Em Nayyer east of Yatta town in Hebron governorate. Al Quds (July 6, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces bulldozed 16 dunums of Palestinian lands planted with vegetables in Al Baqa’a area east of Hebron governorate and destroyed water pipes and confiscated agricultural equipment and tools owned by Jaber and Al Rajby families. It is worth to point out that it is the fifth time in row that the IOF bulldozed these lands to expel the farmers and to expand the Israeli settlements. **AlQuds** (July 10, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces raided Yatta, Dura and Sa’er towns and several neighborhoods in Hebron governorate and searched
Palestinian houses were known: Mazen Abdeen, Mohamad Ismail Abu Dauod, Monir Al Hadosh and Ahmad Abed Al Fateh Al Hour. Also the IOF stopped the Palestinian vehicles and searched the ID cards. **Wafa (July18, 2011).**

- The Israeli bulldozers protected by the Israeli occupation forces bulldozed agricultural lands of Sa’er town in Asyar settlement area owned by Al Shlaldeh family. **Al Quds (July18, 2011).**

- The Israeli occupation forces razed 35 dunums of agricultural lands planted with vegetables and confiscated water pipes in Al Ba’a east of Hebron city. It is worth mention that the IOF bulldozed the land for the third time in row during the last two months to expand the Qiryat Arba’ and Kharsine(Ramat Mamre) settlements. The targeted land owned by Azam Mohamad Jaber, Marwan Hisham Al Rajbi, Same’ ‘Areef Al Rajbi, Fadi ‘Areef Al Rajbi and ‘Ezz Arafat Al Rajbi. **Al Ayyam (July20, 2011).**

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed Smou’ town south of Hebron city and searched the house of Muhammad Mohammad Hawamdeh also raided several Palestinian houses and commercial shops owned by Mwafaq Al Haimoni and Bilal Al ‘Aseli in Hebron city. **Wafa (July20, 2011)**

- The Israeli occupation forces set up military checkpoints in Yatta, Nuba and Dura town in Hebron city and stopped the Palestinian vehicles and checked in their ID’s cards. **Wafa (July20, 2011).**

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed Al Dahryia town in Hebron city and several Palestinians houses where they owned by Ali Samara, Ibrahim Al R’anawi and Hassan Wriedat also raided 2 house owned by Taleb Al Shwahen and Khalel Al Shwahen in Yatta town south of Hebron governorate. **Al Quds (July22, 2011).**

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed Smou town south of Hebron governorate and searched Abu Diab primary school, also raided the houses of Musa Ismael Khalaileh and Azez Mesbah Khalaileh and searched in its contents. Meanwhile the IOF set up military checkpoint on the entrance of Smou, Dura and Tarqumia towns and stopped the citizens’ vehicles and searched in their ID cards. **Al Ayyam (July26, 2011).**
The Israeli occupation forces set up flying checkpoint on the road that connect between Dura and Hebron cities in both sides in Sinjer area and stopped Palestinian vehicles and checked on their ID cards. Al Quds(July 29, 2011).

The Israeli settlers of Karmi Tsour and the Israeli occupation forces stormed Beit Ummar town north of Hebron governorate and started to wandered in the lands of the Sh’ab Al Saer area in the northern side of the Beit Ummar town and Al Mazyrie and Jala areas from the western side of the town in order to search and find springs and water sources. Al Ayyam (July 30, 2011).

Jerusalem

PEACENOW movement announced a plan for 30 new housing units Palestinian neighborhood of Ras Al Amoud was deposited last week (23/6/11) for public review (Plan No. 12259). There are 60 days for the public to submit objections to the plan, after which the regional committee for planning will discuss the objections and approve or reject the plan. The next step, after the objections, will be the final approval and the validation of the plan, and then the initiator can apply for a construction permit from the municipality and start the construction. The plan is located on the main road of Ras El-Amud, the Jericho Road, approx. 50 meters away from the existing settlement compound (the old police station). If approved, the plan will allow the settlers to expand dramatically their presence in the heart of the Palestinian neighborhood. Adding another 30 units, means another 30 families (approx. 120-150 people) – more guards, more infrastructure, more public transportation for the settlers, and a change of the public domain and of the character of the neighborhood. Al Quds (July 1, 2011).

The Israeli TV reported that Israeli Defense Minister, Ehud Barak, issued direct orders allowing Israeli settlers to build hundreds of units in settlements near the West Bank cities of Bethlehem and Nablus. The Israeli Housing Ministry confirmed that Ehud Barak had personally signed the permits following the deadly stabbing attack that targeted Iramar illegal settlement near the northern West Bank city of Nablus. Israeli Prime Minister, Benjamin Netanyahu, will openly announce bids for the construction of hundreds of units on privately owned Palestinian lands in Bethlehem and Nablus. The bids include 300 units in Beitar Ilit illegal settlement, south of Husan town west of Bethlehem,
40 units in Efrata illegal settlement, built on lands the belong to the residents of Al Khader town south of Bethlehem, and 46 units in Karne Shomron illegal settlement near Nablus. Al Quds (July 4, 2011).

- Israel's Jerusalem municipality approved a plan on Monday to build hundreds of new homes for Jews on annexed land in the occupied West Bank. Elisha Peleg told Reuters that the city planning commission had approved building plans for 900 new units in Gilo, an urban settlement built on land Israel captured in a 1967 war and unilaterally annexed to Jerusalem. The proposals still need approval from the Interior Ministry and construction is not likely to start for a year or two. Al Quds (July 5, 2011).

- The legal department in Al Maqdisi organization for Society Development in Jerusalem had postponed the decision of the Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem to demolish the house of Nael Hassan in Ras Al-Amoud in Jerusalem city for nine months. Al Quds (July 8, 2011).

- The Jerusalem municipality approved the construction of a new four meters wide road in Silwan town south of the Aqsa Mosque, to serve settlement outposts in Jerusalem city. The road starting from Ras Al-Amud suburb to Al-Bustan Street. The new road, which would be completed by the end of the year, passes through densely populated neighborhoods. Wafa (July 10, 2011).

- The Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem handed over administrative order to Khadijeh Kayed Abed Al Razek in Karam Al Shiekh in Silwan town to demolish her house under the pretext of lacking building license. Al Quds (July 11, 2011).

- A Palestinian was forced to demolish a 450-square-meter chicken hut, built without a permit in ‘Anata village, following a court decision to that effect, issued in late June. The rest of the farm’s structures are also under the threat of demolition. Al Quds (July 12, 2011).

- The Israeli bulldozers demolished 7 livelihood structures mainly including a minimarket, a carpentry workshop, a shop, and a parking lot. In Al Khalayleh neighborhood (Ha Al Khalayleh) in Al Jib village northwest of Jerusalem city. The Israeli occupation forces stormed the neighborhood and immediately started to demolish house owned by Talal Al Asmar and commercial shop owned by Ismael Abu Rbah and
destroyed all its contents, also demolished Garage and retaining walls owned by Hmada Al Lala. Al Quds (July13, 2011).

- The Planning and Construction Committee of the Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem approved Wednesday the building of the Museum of Tolerance on the site of Ma’man Allah ancient Islamic cemetery. The municipality announced that it moved the remains of hundreds of bodies from the cemetery to undisclosed locations during six years of continuous excavation and dredging on the land of the cemetery. The new plan includes the building of a museum, square, stadium, show rooms and other facilities. Al Quds (July14, 2011).

- The Israeli occupation forces continue with their attacks on the Palestinian lands in Qetna town northwest of Jerusalem city for the third time in row, where they set fire in agricultural lands which caused destroyed the olive trees. Al Ayyam (July17, 2011).

- The Israeli court imposed a fine on Widad Jabril Al Tawil in Sliwan town in Jerusalem and ordered to demolish the house of 85 m² under the pretext of building without permits. The total of fined is 35 thousand NIS where the Israeli court has given her until October to obtain permits from the Israeli Municipality. Al Ayyam (July19, 2011).

- Ali Issa Abu Skran demolished his 60 m² house in Jabal Al Mukaber by his hands under the pretext of being built without permits. Al Quds (July19, 2011).

- The Housing and Construction Ministry asked for the submission of bids to build 340 housing units in Betar Illit settlement south of Jerusalem city and another 42 housing units in Karnei Shomron settlement north of Nablus city. Israeli Defence Minister Ehud Barak had approved the construction of the 294 Beitar Illit homes in May, but the project was subject to various stages of review and additional approvals before tenders could be issued. More than 300,000 Israelis live in settlements in the West Bank and another 200,000 live in settlement neighbourhoods in East Jerusalem, which is also home to some 270,000 Palestinians. Al Quds (July19, 2011).

- The Israeli Jerusalem Municipal court issued an order to demolish the house of 100m² owned by No’man Hassan Taha Abu Snieneh from Hai Aien Al Lozeh (Aien Al Lozeh neighborhood) in silwan town and imposed on him a fine of 89 thousand NIS under pretext of construction his house. Al Ayyam (July21, 2011).
• The Israeli occupation authority (IOA) has declared intention to confiscate 136 dunums of Palestinian land in occupied Jerusalem. The organization and construction committee in the IOA-controlled Jerusalem municipality said that 102 dunums would be expropriated in the Ras Al-Amud and Wadi Qaddoum areas and another 34 dunums would be confiscated south of Silwan town. Al Quds (July 22, 2011).

• Israeli sources reported that the Israeli government intends to construct dozens of units in Jabal Abu Ghneim (Har Homa) and Pisgat Zeev illegal settlements built on Palestinian lands in occupied East Jerusalem. The first project known as ‘Ouz Tsourim includes the construction of nearly 97 units in Abu Ghneim with a total cost of 130 Million Shekels. It aims at constructing seven residential buildings and a small mall, in addition to a number of buildings that would be situated near a planned park. Some of the new apartments will be ready by 2012 while the rest will be ready by 2013. Also, 24 units will be built in Pisgat Zeev settlement with a total cost on NIS 50 million. Al Quds (July 23, 2011).

• The Israeli bulldozers uprooted 100 of long-standing olive trees owned by 3 Palestinian families in Beit Iksa village southwest of Jerusalem city, where they known; Ghaeth, Hababa and Hamael families. The IOF transferred the trees to unknown destination after the Israeli bulldozers uprooted the olive trees planted in the lands near to Ramot settlement. Al Quds (July 22, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces stormed Al Bustan neighborhood (Hai Al Bustan) in Silwan town and started to fire the tear gas, sound incendiary bombs on the citizens houses which caused burning to Jom’a Awad house and fired on the citizens houses and caused panic and fear to the children and women as well as causing holes in the walls of the houses of Al Shlodi and Odeh families. Al Quds (July 31, 2011).

Ramallah

• The Israeli occupation forces set up military checkpoint on the road of Nablus that connect between Al Beira and Serda cities near the Beit Ill settlement. Al Quds (July 13, 2011).
• The Israeli occupation forces stormed the house of Yasser Al Tamimi in Ramallah governorate and turned it to military zone Al Quds (July16, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces stormed Kobar village north of Ramallah city and to the house of Sari Issam Al Barghoti where they searched in its contents. Al Ayyam (July23, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces demolished 5 Palestinian houses made of burlap, 4 agricultural barracks and 5 outdoor kitchens under the pretext of lacking building permits in Arab Al Mahaliyat in Al Maghair Al Deir area east of Deir Daboun village in Ramallah governorate. The demolition caused displacement of 4 families (28 members including 20 children. The owners of the demolished structures are: Mussa Sliman Mlihat (1 barracks and 2 kitchen), (Muhammad Sliman Attalah Mlihat (1 barracks and 1 kitchen), Mohammad Ali Sliman Mlihat (1 barracks and 1 kitchen) and Ibrahim Mohammad Izhiman Mlihat (4 barracks and 5 kitchen). Al Quds (July30, 2011).

Jenin

• The Israeli occupation forces stormed Kherbeh Al- Mekhal near Yaboud town west of Jenin city and Palestinian houses and searched in its contents. Maannew (July2, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces stormed Bruqin town and Kafer Dan village west of Jenin city and to black-smith owned by Abed Allah Soboh and commercial shop owned by Hares Salameh. Al Ayyam (July5, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces accompanied the department of the Israeli water authority stormed Kafer Al Dan village west of Jenin city and searched in the agricultural lands under the pretext of searching for water wells in the area. Al Quds (July7, 2011).

• The Israeli Occupation forces confiscated truck loaded with woods owned by Mahmoud ‘Abadi from Yaboud town south of Jenin governorate. While they detained the truck for couple of hours before they confiscated it and handed the owner official papers proves the
confiscation the truck and the quantities of the woods. Al Ayyam (July8, 2011).


Salfit

- The Israeli occupation forces with Israeli bulldozers uprooted 15 olive trees in Kafer Al Deik lands in Salfit governorate owned by Abed Ahmad Sliman under the pretext that the lands are classified as State Land. Al Ayyam (July1, 2011).

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed Marda village in Salfit governorate and to Palestinian houses owned by Hussam Sliman, Ali Sliman and Isam Sliman and searched in its contents. Wafa (July6, 2011).

- The Israeli settlers attacked and threw stones at the Palestinian vehicles in Deir Estyia village in Salfit governorate which caused damage to the vehicles. Al Quds (July8, 2011).

- The Israeli occupation forces uprooted 660 olive trees in Wadi qana west of Salfit governorate owned by Abed Al Aziz ‘Akel, Husni Mansour,Moukbel Aawad and Yousef Mansour . Also the IOF prevented the farmers from entering their lands in Wadi Qana under the pretext of closed military area. Al Ayyam & LRC, (July12, 2011).

- The Israeli occupation forces handed 3 Palestinians demolition orders for a house and 2 barracks in Zawyah town in Salfit governorate. Mr. Khader Shker, the mayor of the town said that the targeted house owned by Mahmoud Abed Rabo Shaker located near the northern entrance of the village, even though that the house has been built for about 25 years. While the 2 barracks owned
by Adnan Kedwa and Iyad Abed Allah Berin Shker. Al Ayyam (July22, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation authority ordered for the second time the demolition of Ali Ben Abi Talib mosque in Bruqin village west of Salfit city under the pretext of building without permits. The Head of the municipal council in Bruqin village Akrama Samara indicated that he had received a similar order earlier last month in the 12th of June 2011. Two months ago in the same town the IOF demolished a school for girls whose constriction was funded by the USAID, although it was licensed and legal. Al Ayyam (July26, 2011).

Nablus

• The Israeli occupation forces announced Iraq Burin village southwest of Nablus city as closed military area and set up military checkpoint on the entrance of the village and prevented the citizen’s vehicles from entering and exiting the village. Al Ayyam (July3, 2011).

• The Israeli settlers of Yetzhar settlement set fire into agricultural lands in the ‘Asera Al Qabalyia village southwest Nablus city, where the Israeli occupation force expelled and prevented residents of the village who are trying to extinguish the fire. Wafa (July3, 2011).

• About 500 Israeli settlers attacked and threw stones at several houses owned by Palestinian citizens in ‘Aasera Al Qabalyia village southwest of Nablus city where the Israeli occupation forces came to protect the settlers and fired tear- gas canisters which caused several injuries to number of citizens. Al Quds (July4, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces stormed Iraq Burin village southwest Nablus city after closing all its entrance. Wafa (July4, 2011).

• Thousand of Israeli settlers stormed the Joseph’s tomb east of Nablus city by 20 buses, where the Israeli occupation forces closed the checkpoints that lead to the Nablus city and forced the citizens to go to other roads in preparation for the entry of the Israeli settlers. Al Quds (July5, 2011).
• The Israeli settlers of Itamar settlement burned 300 olive trees in ‘Aqraba village in Nablus city. Al Ayyam (July 5, 2011).

• The Israeli settlers of Yetzhar settlement set fire into lands in Al ‘Erma area located between ‘Aqraba, Yanoun and ‘Awarta towns, the fire consumed about 450 olive trees. Al Quds (July 5, 2011).

• The Israeli settlers of Yetzhar settlement set fire into fields located in Kheleh Al Sha’ra area in Madama village south of Nablus city. Al Quds (July 6, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces with 15 military jeeps stormed Iraq Burin village west of Nablus city and the Palestinian houses and took photos for their residents when they shown the IOF the ID cards. Wafa (July 6, 2011).

• The Israeli settlers of Yetzhar settlement attacked number of Palestinian workers while they worked on razing the road that connect the water tank project and prevented them from continue the work located in ‘Aasera Al Qabalyia village southwest of Nablus city. Al Quds (July 7, 2011).

• The Civil Administration delivered a declaration to confiscate 189 dunums under the pretext of state land, from the lands of Qaryout village so as to retroactively legalize houses and a road in the Hayovel neighborhood of the settlement of Eli. The Palestinian owners of the targeted lands have 45 days to appeal against the declaration. Al Quds (July 8, 2011).

• About 20 Israeli settlers of Yetzhar settlement destroyed the olive trees and attacked Palestinian houses by stones in ‘Aasera Al Qabalyia village southwest of Nablus city. Al Quds (July 11, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces accompanied with bulldozers destroyed and demolished 3 water wells owned by Nabil Joudeh, Najeh Zaid Al Kilani and Mohammad Abu Wahddan in Al Naserieh and Al ‘Aqrabanieh villages in the valley area northeast of Nablus city. The wells were used to irrigate more than 2 thousand dunums of agricultural lands planted with citrus and vegetables. Al Quds (July 13, 2011).
• The Israeli occupation forces stormed and searched in Palestinian houses Salem village east of Nablus city. Al Quds (July13, 2011).

• Israeli sources reported on Wednesday evening that the Israeli government decided to approve a plan aiming at the expansion of the Itamar illegal settlement, near the northern West Bank city of Nablus. The cabinet will be approving the new plan after studying its maps. The approval comes to implement the vows of Israeli Prime Minister, Benjamin Netanyahu, following the stabbing attack carried out against a family in Itamar, last march. Al Ayyam (July14, 2011).

• The Israeli settlers of Yetzhar settlement set fire into 1200 olive trees in Burin village south of Nablus city. Al Quds& LRC (July16, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces stormed Qaryut village south of the city of Nablus with shooting, tear gas and sound bombs where they imposed the curfew. Maannews (July17, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces announced Iraq Burin southwest of Nablus city as closed military area and prevented the citizens from entering and exiting the village. Al Quds (July17, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces caused fire in tens of dunums of agricultural lands in Zwata village west of Nablus city after exploded bombs in the area. Al Quds (July18, 2011).

• The Israeli settlers of Yetzhar settlement set fire into 3 dunums of lands planted with olive trees in Burin village south of Nablus city. Al Quds (July22, 2011).

• The Israeli settlers of Itamar settlement set fire into 7 dunums of lands planted with olive trees in Awarta village east of Nablus city. Al Ayyam (July29, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces stormed Iraq Burin village southwest of Nablus city and announced it as closed military area as every Saturday of each week. An eyewitness stated that the IOF who are stationed on the checkpoints at the entrance of the village stopped the Palestinian citizens and checked their ID cards. Wafa (July30, 2011).
• The Israeli settlers of Brakha settlement set fire into 20 dunums of lands planted with olive trees in the lands of Karamj Al Jeer east Burin village south of Nablus city. Al Ayyam (July 30, 2011).

• The Israeli settlers from the settlement of Shvut Rahel; built on the Palestinian lands in Jaloud village south of Nablus city set fire into 150 dunums of lands. Al Ayyam (July 31, 2011).

Qalqilyia


• In the seventh anniversary of the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice, the Israeli Occupation authorities announced the renewal of the confiscation of 400 dunums of Azoun village lands south of Qalqiliya governorate in order to construct the Israeli Segregation Wall in the northwest side of the village to expand the illegal settlement of Oranit. Al Quds (July 10, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces set a military checkpoint on the northern entrance of Jinsafut village east of Qalqilya city. Al Ayyam (July 23, 2011).

Tulkarem

• The Israeli occupation forces with 5 military vehicles stormed Tulkarem city and centered in different Palestinian neighborhoods and stopped the citizens vehicles and checked in the ID cards of the citizens after they forced them to get out from their vehicles. Al Quds (July 4, 2011).

• The Israeli occupation forces tightened from its procedures on the 'Anab checkpoint east of Tulkarem city and set up several checkpoints and obstructed vehicular and pedestrian movements in both sides. Al Quds (July 4, 2011).
• The Israeli occupation forces stormed Farta’a village east of Tulkarem city and checked the places and buildings of historical and archaeological also took photos of the houses and the ancient historical areas. Al Quds (July 17, 2011).

Tubas

• The Jerusalem Municipality local planning and construction committee notified 7 Bedouin families in Wadi Al Maleh to halt the construction of their residential and agricultural facilities under the pretext of lacking permits in area classified as area c. The owners of the threatened structures are: Yasser Younis Abu ‘Alam (1 tent and 2 barracks), Jamel Sliman Ka’abneh (2 tents and 1 barracks), Ihayia Khaled Ka’abneh (1 tent), ‘Ayed Nustafa Daragmeh (1 tent and 1 barracks), Khaled Mustafa Daragmeh (1 tent and 1 barracks) and Ali Mustafa Daragmeh (1 tent). Al Quds (July 27, 2011).

Jericho

• Israeli authorities announced Sunday plans to expand two Israeli settlements in the Jordan Valley in order to increase settlers’ population in the area. The Head of Wadi al-Maleh local council, Aref Draghma, said that settlers started adding new floors to several buildings in the illegal settlement of Maskiot in addition to the residential neighbourhood which was previously constructed. He added that expansion operations were also conducted in the nearby settlement of Mikhula built on lands seized from Palestinian citizens. Wafa (July 17, 2011).

Gaza

• The Israeli occupation forces fired at Palestinian houses in Al Faraheen area east of Khan Yonis city in the Gaza strip, where 3 Israeli bulldozers with 5 Israeli tanks penetrated 300 meters into the area from the eastern borders of the strip. Al Quds (July 8, 2011).

• The Israeli Air Force has carried out six airstrikes in Gaza strip where the IAF fighter jets struck a smuggling tunnel under the border between southern Gaza and Egypt, where five people were wounded.
The Israel Defense Forces spokesman's office said the strikes were in response to response to six homemade missiles fired by militants from Gaza toward towns in southern Israel. Al Quds (July 15, 2011).

- The Israeli vehicles moved approximately hundreds of meters into Al Briej camp, center of Gaza strip and seizure lands planted with crops in the area. Al Quds (July 18, 2011).

- The Israeli military vehicles with 2 bulldozers penetrated 400 meters in the Palestinian lands located east of Al Maghazi camp in Gaza strip. Where the Israeli bulldozers started to seize the lands in the area. Al Ayyam (July 26, 2011).

Others

- 60 years after the confiscation of land owned by Abed Al Rahman Abu Ghosh family under the absentee property law they succeeded to retrieval the land in Abu Gush area in Jerusalem city. Ihab Abu Gosh the attorny of Abu Gush family indicated that the family engaged in a judicial conflict with the Israeli authorities for more than 15 years before they get a ministerial decesion from many israeli ministries in addition to the Israeli Land Authority stating that they have the right to use their lands according to their ownership. Al Quds (July 7, 2011).

- Haaretz newspaper disclosed an Israeli plan to annex more Palestinian lands in the occupied West Bank aimed at dismembering it further and thus eliminating any chance to establish an independent Palestinian state. According to the document, the civil administration controlled by the Israeli occupation forces is taking steps to increase Israel’s ownership of West Bank lands. The plan enables increased construction not only around settlement blocs like Ariel, Ma’aleh Adumim, and Gush Etzion, but also in strategic areas like the Jordan Valley and the Dead Sea. The senior Israeli officer Zvi Cohen, head of the civil administration’s infrastructure department, prepared this plan in which he claimed that the Israeli government has a right to seize the Palestinian lands whose ownership is undefined. Al Ayyam (July 23, 2011).
Monthly Violations Statistics – July 2011

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<td>Hebron</td>
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<td>Tubas</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>2240</strong></td>
<td><strong>1052</strong></td>
<td><strong>5215</strong></td>
<td><strong>15</strong></td>
<td><strong>19</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Monthly overview report gives a list of the Israeli Violations in the Occupied Palestinian Territory which are based on reports provided by field workers and/or by one or more of the following news sources: Al-Ayyam daily newspaper, Al-Al Quds daily newspaper, Haaretz Daily Newspaper, Israel National News, The Jerusalem Post - English-language daily newspaper, Paltoday news-website, Palpress news website, Palestine News Agency-Wafa, Palestine News Network, Ma’an News Agency, Al Jazeera News Channel, Israel National News, and Yediot Ahronot – English website.

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for size and clarity. The monthly report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ’s opinion.