Bethlehem

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA fired metal bullets at garbage truck. (Wafa & RB2000 1 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired tear gas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (RB2000 1 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The targeted house owned by the family of the Palestinian Martyr "Ramadan Mohammad Thawabta (8 months)". (RB2000 1 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several areas in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 1 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Khirbet Al Tuqu in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and tear gas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 1 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to confiscate 102 dunums of Palestinian lands in the cities of Bethlehem, Beit Sahour and Beit Jala. According to the Israeli resources, the Israeli Authorities will confiscate 4 dunums of land near the Giloo 3000 military checkpoint, 70 dunums
of land from Jabal Abu Ghneim area in Beit Sahour town, and 28
dunums of land in Beit Jala town. (Al-Quds 1 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army
  (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of
  Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at
  Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 2 November
  2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army
  (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired
  teargas and stun grenades, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (2
  November 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Neve Danyial settlement hurled stones at a
  Palestinian vehicle traveling at Jerusalem-Hebron road. The targeted
  vehicle is owned by Sami Mura. (RB2000 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Al Container military
  checkpoint. (RB2000 2 November 2015)

• A Palestinian house was torched in Ayda refugee camp, north of
  Bethlehem city, after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas
  grenades at the house, during the clashes that erupted between
  Palestinians and the IOA in the camp. The targeted house is owned by
  Mahmoud Abu Sha’irah. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)

• An Israeli settler lets go a number of wild dogs at the eastern entrance
  of Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. noted that the dogs
  attacked a number of Palestinians. (NBPRS 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the
  entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA
  stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards.
  (Wattan 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas and stun grenades at
  Palestinian students in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city,
  causing tens of suffocation cases. Noted that at the early morning the
  IOA stormed Said Al Ass school in the village. (Wafa 4 November
  2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army
  (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired
  teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 4
  November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Al
  Mainya village, southeast of Bethlehem city, and transformed it to a
  military base, and fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at
  Palestinians. (RB20000 4 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 5 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Malek Talal Ash-Sharef (22 years) from Hebron city, while he was at Gush Etzion junctions, south of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 5 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 7 Palestinians; one of them was seriously injured. During the clashes, undercover Israeli Army kidnapped Hisham As-Safaq. (Al-Quds & Raya 6 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) set up a number of security cameras at the northern entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 6 November 2015)

• Al Haj Jamal An-Nashah died from wounds he sustained few days ago during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (Al Wattan Voice 7 November 2015)

• Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses. (Wafa 7 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ad-Dhuhaisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city, after the IOA invaded the camp. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mohammad Omar Daoud (27 years) after storming his family house and assaulted his mother and sister. (Wafa & Sama News 8 November 2015)

• Hilwa Aluan Hamamrah (22 years) from Husan village, west of Bethlehem city, was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at her while she was at the entrance of the Israeli settlement of Betar Illit. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of four Palestinians. (Al-Quds & Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers assaulted and injured Ala Khalil Musalam while he was near Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. (Wattan 8 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the main entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided five Palestinian houses in Husan village, west of Bethlehem city, and threatened the residents. The targeted houses are owned by: Imad Doud Ash-Sha’ir, Yousif Mohammad Za’oul, Musa Mohammad Za’oul, Hassan Mustafah Hamamrah and Mnawar Abdalla Ash-Sha’ir. (NBPRS 10 November 2015)

• Ahmed Qassem Al Azraq (17 years) was seriously injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinian, causing the injury of three Palestinians and dozens of suffocation cases (Al-Quds 10 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surrounded and stormed Tuqu High School for Boys in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA detained the headmaster of the School; Majed Ash-Sha’ir and threatened him to close the school if the students hurled stones at the IOA. (Al-Quds & RB2000 11 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 11 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. (Orient FM 11 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 12 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected cement bloc at the main entrance of Um Rukba area in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 12 November 2015)

• Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber and live bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians, vehicles and a Palestinian Ambulance. (Wafa & Orient FM 13 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) pumped wastewater at Palestinian agricultural land planted with olive trees, located at the western
entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired metal bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city, and stationed at the southern entrance of the village. (Orient FM 14 November 2015)

• 6 Palestinians were injured and 18 others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wattan 14 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 16 November 2015)

• Four Palestinians were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Ad-Duheisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city, and clashed with the Palestinians. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. During the operation, the IOA arrested Dina Ali Musleh (19 years). (RB2000 16 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Jurat Ash-Sham’a village, south of Bethlehem city, and forced Palestinians to close two stone factories and threatened the workers and the owners. (Maannews 17 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Wafa 17 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military training in Ush Ghrab area in Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 17 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrances of Al Masarah and Jurat Ash-Sham’a villages, south of Bethlehem governorate, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the aforementioned villages. The IOA stormed commercial structures and confiscated the security cameras. (RB2000 17 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the DCO military checkpoint, west of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 17 November 2015)
A Palestinian was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and tear gas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 18 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired tear gas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Mushahed area at the western entrance of Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA stormed commercial structures and confiscated the cameras. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Ad-Duhaisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber and metal bullets, causing the injury of five Palestinians. During the operation, the IOA arrested Mohammad Nedal Abu Akir (0 years) and Salah Mohammad Salah Al Ja’di, and summoned Abdalla Nayef Doud Salem and his brother Mohammad, Wisam Al Hasanat, Ameer Sami Hajajrah (33 years), Anas Azzat Abu Daya and Wael Khalil Attala, to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Gush Etzion settlement bloc. (Wafa & RB2000 19 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the northern entrance of Za’tara village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Maannews 19 November 2015)

A Palestinian was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Um Rukba area, south of Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

Seven Palestinians were injured and 16 others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and tear gas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

Four Palestinians were injured and 16 others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and tear gas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the entrance of Janata village, east of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc a road reach to Um Rukba area, south of Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA also, demolished a retaining wall. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers gathered at Gush Etzion junctions, chanted anti Palestinian slogans, and closed the main road links between Hebron and Bethlehem governorate. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinian students in Khallit Sakariya village, southwest of Bethlehem city, from reaching their schools after stopping their bus at the entrance of the aforementioned village. The IOA also prevented 9 Palestinian teachers from reaching the school. Noted that Palestinian students in Khallaet Sakariya studied in the schools in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. (Wattan 22 November 2015)
- A Palestinian was injured in the head after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was at Wad Al Humos area near Dar Salah village, east of Bethlehem city. (PNN 22 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Issam Ahmed Suliman Thawabta (21 years) from Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city, while he was at Gush Etzion junction. After the operation, the IOA invaded the house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr in Beit Fajjar village and arrested his four brothers; Mohammad, Mahmoud, Ibrahim and ‘Awni. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. The IOA also, closed all the entrance of the village and detained tens of Palestinians. (Al-Quds & RB2000 22 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers living in Betar Illit settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles at the main entrance of Nahhalin village, west of Bethlehem city. a number of vehicles were damaged. (NBPRS 22 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers gathered at Gush Etzion junction, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans and carried out provocative actions. (PNN 22 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mound the southern entrance of Marah Rabah village, south of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 22 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied An-Natsha building at the eastern entrance of Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city, and transformed it to a military base. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA in the camp, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and
teargas grenades, causing the injury of a Palestinian and dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds & RB2000 23 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar town, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Wafa 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at Gush Etzion junction. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 24 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military tower at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. During the operation, The IOA stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses. (RB2000 25 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 245 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized a number of tools and machines used for the extraction of stone in Khallit Hajja area in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA stormed and closed the aforementioned area and fired stun grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 25 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) razed Palestinian agricultural land in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. Noted that the targeted land located near Gush Etzion settlement bloc. (Al-Quds 25 November 2015)

- Israel settlers demonstrated at Gush Etzion junction, south of Bethlehem city, and closed it. (Wafa 26 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers stormed Al Mashihad area at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city and demolished two commercial structures. The targeted structures are owned by: Ishaq Odeh Shosha and Bajes Odeh Shosha. (RB2000 26 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing about 30 suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Wafa 27 November 2015)
Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing the seriously injury of a Palestinian. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stole NIS 60 thousand after storming a Palestinian house in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. During the operation, the IOA arrested the owner of the house, Fathi Abu Srour. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

Mahmoud Ghinemat (35 years) from Surif village, northwest of Hebron city, was injured after an Israel settler stabbed him while he was near Beta Illit settlement. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the western entrance of Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks several road in Ein Al Qasis and Aqabat Hassna areas in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The Israeli closures will prevent Palestinian farmers from reaching their agricultural lands. The IOA also, closed the southern entrance of Al Khader village. (Al-Quds & Orient FM 27 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Ad-Duhaisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of 15 years old Palestinian. (RB2000 29 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA erected a number of sudden checkpoint in the town. (PNN 29 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Marah Rabah village, south of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian (Al-Quds 30 November 2015)

Israeli settlers wrote anti-Palestinian slogans on a Palestinian vehicle in Khallet Sakariya village, southwest of Bethlehem city and punctured its tires. The targeted vehicle is owned by Ahmed Hatim Said. The Israeli settlers also, raised the Israeli flags on Palestinian trees owned by Shaheen and Abu Sawi families. (Wafa 30 November 2015)

Jenin
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stopped and questioned a number of Palestinians at Dotan military checkpoint near the entrance of Yabad town, west of Jenin city. (Safa 1 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city, prevented the families of the Palestinian prisoners from visiting their sons in the Israeli Jails (Wafa 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded a Palestinian house in Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, questioned the residents, took photos for the house and confiscated a number of cellphones. The targeted house is owned by the family of a Palestinian martyr; Ahmed Mohammad Kamil. (Wafa 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ahmed Awad Abu Al Rub (16 years) and injured other while they were at Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city. Noted that Palestinian martyr from Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city. (Wafa 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas in Qabatiya village in Jenin governorate. (Safa 3 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silat Al Harithiya village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 3 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Zububa village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) decided to close Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city. (Al-Quds 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house in Bir Al Basha village in Jenin governorate, questioned the residents and detained them in a small room for hours. The targeted house is owned by Amir Nedal Ghawawda. (Wafa 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. During the clashes, the IOA arrested three Palestinians, identified as: Salah Naji Kamel, Majd Kamel and Feras Kamel. (Maannews & Al-Quds 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) decided to close Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city, where they prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Maannews 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched five Palestinian houses in Jenin refugee camp, west of Jenin city, and questioned the
Residents. The targeted house is owned by Bassam As-Sa’di and his sons Rabee and Abed Ar-Rahman and his two brothers; Ghassan and Qassem and (Al-Quds 5 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint near Arraba village, southwest of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 5 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Tura village in Jenin governorate. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Silat Ad-Dhahr village, southwest of Jenin city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired stun grenades at Palestinians. **Noted that the Israeli settlers escorted by the IOA stormed the evacuation site of “Homesh”**. (Orient FM 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched areas in Zabuba, Wadi Birqin and Yabad town in Jenin governorate. (PNN 6 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers lets go a number of cows at Palestinian agricultural land planted with olive trees located at the southern part of Jalbun village, east of Jenin city. Noted that the targeted surrounded by two Israeli settlements. The Israeli settlers also, prevented Palestinians from entering their land to harvesting olive trees. (Wafa & ARN 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Sadeq Ziyad Gharbiya (16 years) from Sanur village in Jenin governorate, while he was crossing Al Container military checkpoint, northeast of Bethlehem governorate. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA at the aforementioned checkpoint, where the IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 10 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished three artesian wells, water tank and a room in Sahel Marj Bani Ameer area, in Ti’innik village and northwest of Jenin city. The targeted wells, tank and room are owned by: Imad Mohammad Ismail Jaradat, Suliman Salman Zayoud and Nu’man Jaradat. (RB2000 10 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched two Palestinian houses in Beir Al Basha village in Jenin governorate, and questioned the residents. (Wafa 12 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Nazlat Ash-Sheikh Zeid, west of Jenin city. The targeted house is owned by Khalid Mustafah Zeid, where the IOA arrested two
Palestinians, one of them was identified as: Hadi Abed Ar-Rahma Zeid (18 years). During operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, here the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al ‘Araqa village in Jenin governorate. The IOA fire teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Safa 14 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Nazlat Ash-Sheikh Zeid village, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Safa 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Kufeirit village, southwest of Jenin city, and erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the village. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Silat Ad-Dhahr village, southwest of Jenin city, and erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the village. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Misilya village, south of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (ARN 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Tura village in Jenin governorate. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA arrested Anas Jehad Qabha (20 years) and Riad Hilal Qabha (18 years). (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed an area in Kafr Ra’I village, northwest of Jenin city, carried out provocative actions and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Arraba village, southwest of Jenin city. (RB2000 21 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Nablus-Jenin road, near the evacuation site of Tarsalah, and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (RB2000 21 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Yabad town, west of Jenin city, after the IOA erected two
military checkpoint at the entrance of Yabad town and near Tura village, where the IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. During the clashes, the IOA used metal bullets and stun grenades to attack Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA handed out the residents of Yabad town flyers threatened them if they attack the IOA or the Israeli settlers. Noted that on the night of 21st of November 2015, the IOA invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses, questioned the residents and forced them to evacuate their houses during the operation. (Al-Quds & Orient FM & RB2000 22 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed an area in Kafr Ra’I village in Jenin governorate, carried out provocative actions, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans and performed Talmudic rituals. (NBPRS 22 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrance of At-Tarem village, west of Jenin city, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the aforementioned village, where they detained a number of vehicles. (RB2000 22 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military trainings around Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The IOA also, stormed the town and closed its entrance. (RB2000 23 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the evacuation site of Homesh near Silat Ad-Dhahr village, southwest of Jenin city, set up a number of tents in the aforementioned site, and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (RB2000 23 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Zububa village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 24 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Az-Zahra’ neighborhood in Jenin city. The IOA detained and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner; Azzmi Suhail Nafa’. (RB2000 25 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched four Palestinian houses in ‘Arraba village in Jenin governorate, and questioned the residents. The targeted houses are owned by: Khader Adnan, Tareq Qadan, Mohammad Shebani and Said Lahluh. (RB2000 26 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced Palestinian farmers from Al ‘Araqa village, west of Jenin city, to leave their land while they were working in it, which located near the Israeli segregation wall and the

- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to close “Nass” Radio station in Jenin city, and to confiscated the equipment. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

**Jerusalem**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city and fired rubber bullets at Palestinian houses. As a result, Mazen Ahmed Abu Al Humos (42 years) was injured in his face while he was in front of his house. (SilwanIC 1 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the celebration of the freedom of Ala Sarhan Al Qamari (22 years) in Beir Ayoun neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired stun grenades at Palestinians and arrested Qauis Al Qamari. (SilwanIC 1 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Pal Today 1 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded At-Tur town in Jerusalem city, and fired stun grenades at Palestinians and their houses, causing the injury of a Palestinian. During the operation, the IOA arrested Yousif Abu Al Hawa. (SilwanIC 1 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers destroyed the fence surrounded Palestinian land in An-Nabi Samwil village, north of Jerusalem city. The targeted land is owned by Eid Barakat. (RB2000 1 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 1 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired stun grenades at Palestinian students in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 2 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qatanna village, northwest of Jerusalem city, after the funeral of two Palestinian martyrs; Mohammad Shamasnah (23 years) and Omar Al Faqih (25 years). The IOA used live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 people. (Maaannews 2 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the campus of Al Quds University in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, and fired rubber
bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian students, causing tend of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 2 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city from Al Magharba gate and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 2 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a 80 square meters house in Khallit Al Abed area in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house inhabited by 7 family members and owned by Sami Idres. (Wafa 2 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a Palestinian buildings consist of 3 floors (each floor consist of 120 square meters apartment) in Beit Hanina town, north of Jerusalem city. One of the targeted apartment owned by Khaldoun Nijem. (Maannews 2 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Beir Ayoub and Ein Al Louza neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at the houses, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Wattan 3 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (ARN 3 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed a main street in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 3 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Bustan neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and stun grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA invaded two Palestinian houses owned by Nuha Odeh and Ahmed Jalal Al ’Awar. (SilwanIC 4 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, after the IOA invaded the neighborhood, and erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the neighborhood, where they stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. During the clashes, the IOA fired stun grenades at rubber bullets at Palestinians and houses. (SilwanIC 4 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched Balandan Heath center in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 4 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the
same time, the IOA still prevented about 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Wafa 4 November 2015)

- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem handed out orders to demolish Al Qa’qa’ mosque (120 square meters) and a commercial structure in Hush At-Tayeh in Ein Al Louza neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 4 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Mohammad Abu Wahdan (23 years) while he was at Al Wad street in the old city of Jerusalem. (Wattan 5 November 2015)

- Ibrahim Maher As-Salaimah (14 years) was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired stun grenades at the courtyard of a Palestinian school in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 6 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Pal Today 5 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a 30 square meters residential room, an iron gate and a fence in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city, and razed 4 olive trees. The targeted room is owned by Yassir Bashir. (SilwanIC 5 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at Bab Al Asbat area in the old city of Jerusalem. The IOA stopped and questioned Palestinians and checked their ID cards. (Pal Today 5 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Ein Al Louza, Al ‘Abbasiya, Al Bustan and Al Ein neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, and questioned the residents. The IOA fired rubber bullets at Palestinian houses. Eight of the targeted houses are owned by: Abu Diyab family, Al ‘Awar family, Kayed Abu Sara, Omar Al Qatnawi, Al Qimiri family, Sarhan Family, Al Abu Tayha and Mohammad Odeh. (SilwanIC 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Jaba military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. (Orient FM 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Abeid neighborhood in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 7 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted a Palestinian after stopping him at a sudden checkpoint erected by the IOA At As-Sawana neighborhood in Jerusalem city, and also assaulted a Palestinian volunteer work with the Palestine Red Crescent Society. (Orient FM 7 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured a Palestinian in Ath-Thawri neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (RB2000 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Wael Mahmoud. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched four a Palestinian houses in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. One of the targeted houses is owned by: Ziedani family. The IOA also, stationed in the neighborhood, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. And in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town, the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian students. (SilwanIC & Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA still prevent more than 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out administrative orders to demolish 9 Palestinian houses in Al-Bustan and Ein Al Louza neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Jaba military checkpoint, northeast of Jerusalem city. (ARN 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the eastern entrance of Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the town. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Makassed Hospital in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city, and checked the files. (SilwanIC 9 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard, and tried to perform Talmudic rituals. During the operation, the IOA prevented about 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (NBPRS 9 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in areas in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city and took photos for the streets. The IOA also stationed at the entrance of the town. (SilwanIC 10 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Ein Al Louza and Beir Ayoub neighborhoods in Silwan town. The IOA took photos for houses and commercial structures. And in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town, the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinian
students. The IOA also closed Ras Al Amoud checkpoint for 30 min. (ARN & SilwanIC 10 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mohammad Abed Ali Nimir (37 years) from Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city, while he was at Bab Al Amoud area in Jerusalem city. after the operation, the IOA stormed the house of the Palestinian martyr and arrested his Father Mohammad Abed Nimir and his three brothers. The IOA closed all the entrances of the town, and prevented Palestinians from leaving it, and fired teargas grenades at them. (Wafa & RB2000 10 November 2015)

- A 12 years old Palestinian (Ali Ihab Hassan Ali) was seriously injured and a 13 years old Palestinian (Mu‘awiya Ahmed Ali) was arrested after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked and opened fire at them while they were at the light train in Pisgat Ze‘ev settlement. (Maannews 10 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest to support the Palestinian prisoner, Ahmed Manasrah, in front of the Supreme Court of Israel in Jerusalem city. The IOA assaulted the participants and tried to arrest number of them. (Safa 10 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA prevented 40 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (NBPRS 10 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) intensified its presence around Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and in several areas and streets in the old city of Jerusalem. The IOA erected checkpoints at the entrance of the city, stopped Palestinians and checked their ID cars. (Safa 11 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. The IOA prevented the Palestinian women named in the “Black list” from entering the mosque. (Safa 11 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinian students while they were crossing Shufat military checkpoint, at the entrance of Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city, causing dozens of suffocation cases. The IOA also, closed the checkpoint and prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Wafa & Wattan 12 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out a protest in the old city of Jerusalem and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Wafa 12 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA still prevented about 60 Palestinian women (named in the Israeli black list) from entering the mosque. (Wafa 12 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued an order to demolish and confiscate a Palestinian house in Jabal Al Mukabir town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Baha Mohammad Alayan. Noted that the targeted house area reach to 130 square meters, inhabited by 8 family members and within a building consist of three floors. (SilwanIC & Wattan 12 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at participants, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses in Qadi Al Jouz neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 14 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched four Palestinian houses in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, and fired teargas grenades in the area. The targeted houses are owned by: Atalla Al ‘Awar, Fouad Al ‘Awar, Bilal Al ‘Awar and Ahmed Al Awar. During the operation, the IOA arrested Youins Maraghi (17 years). (SilwanIC 14 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Muhesen. (Wafa 14 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched two Palestinian houses in Al Bustan neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted houses are owned by Zidani family and Yousif Shriteh. (Wafa 14 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to close a Palestinian house in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Abu Al Jamal family but inhabited by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Bilal Abu Ghanim. Noted that the targeted houses located in the second floor in a building consist of three floors. (SilwanIC 15 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city, took photos for the house and measured it. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Esra’ Ja’abees. (SilwanIC 15 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided a Palestinian house in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted houses is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ahmed Abu Sha’ban. During the operation, the IOA assaulted the residents. (SilwanIC 15 November 2015)

- An Israeli jeep ran over a Palestinian child, Adel Khader Shaheen (2 years), while he was in Bir Nabala village, northwest of Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 15 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers kidnapped a Palestinian child from At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The settlers assaulted the Palestinian child and throw him in an area in Jerusalem city. (Al Quds 15 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA still prevent about 60 Palestinian women (listed in the Israeli black list) from entering the mosque. The IOA also, prevented Akram Dana (50 years) and his son (5 years) from entering the mosque. (Wattan 15 November 2015)

- Housing and construction Ministry plans to establish a new Israeli settlement neighborhood in Bab As-Sahera (Herod’s gate) area in the old city of Jerusalem, in a dangerous attempt to expand settlements and judaization of the city, and to impose full control over city. According to the proposed scheme, it will build 21 housing units in the area, in addition to the synagogue and Jewish school, according to the Israeli army radio reported. Herod’s Gate is one of the eight gates of the old town and is located on the north side of the city, and is connected to the As-Sahera neighborhood, which inhabited by Palestinians, and enters the town via the Herod’s gate up to Bab hutta and Bab Alguanmh, and all the gates in the north wall of Al-Aqsa Mosque. (RB2000 15 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Pal Today 16 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected cement bloc at the entrance of Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. (Maannews 16 November 2015)

- Undercover Israeli Army stormed Al Madares street in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city and attacked Palestinian students while they were in the way to their schools. During the operation, the Israeli Army arrested three Palestinians. (SilwanIC 17 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (ARN 17 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (SilwanIC 18 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, an Israeli settler tried to performed Talmudic rituals in the mosque. Noted that the IOA prevented 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (NBPRS & Wafa 18 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Nasralla Munir Assi (14 years) while he was in his way back home from the school in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 19 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the Israeli closure in As-Sawana neighborhood in Jerusalem city. The IOA arrested Nour Jamel Ghaith (11 years). (Orient FM 19 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian commercial structures in Ein Al Louza and Beir Ayoub neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 19 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets, causing the seriously injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews 19 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabal Al Mukabir town in Jerusalem city. (Safa 19 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard, and performed Talmudic rituals at Bab Ar-Rahma at the eastern part of the mosque. During the operation, the IOA tightened its procedures in the old city of Jerusalem. (Wattan 19 November 2015)
- Mohammad Mahir Jamus (17 years) was seriously injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed in a military base in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, opened fire at him while he was near the military base. (Wattan 20 November 2015)
- Mahmoud Alayan (22 years) from Anata town, east of Jerusalem city, died of wounds he sustained during clashes that erupted between
Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Bireh city, before 8 days ago. (ARN 20 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Anata town, northeast of Jerusalem city, after the funeral of the Palestinian martyr; Mahmoud Alayan. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the courtyard of Silwan School for boys in Ras Al Amod neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, after clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA at the entrance of the aforementioned neighborhood. The IOA arrested Jubrail Al ‘Awar (15 years). (Al-Quds 21 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 21 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and stun grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 21 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted a number of Palestinians while they were at Aqabet Al Khalidiya area in the old city of Jerusalem, and arrested two of them. (Al-Quds 21 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers tried to attack a number of Palestinians in the old city of Jerusalem. (Al-Quds 21 November 2015)

- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem staffs escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian commercial structures in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, issued breach and fines to the owners, and reprieved them a week to pay the fines, or they will close their structures. (Pal Info 22 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house owned by Musa Daoud Darbas, in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (ARN 22 November 2015)

- Undercover Israeli Army assaulted and injured Mohammad Daoud Abed Ar-Rahman Al Abbasi (90 years) while he was at Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (NBPRS 22 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city from Bab Al Magharbah, toured in its courtyard, and tried to perform Talmudic rituals. During the operation, the IOA stationed at the entrance of the mosque arrested a
Palestinian. Noted that the IOA prevented about 60 Palestinian women (listed in the Israeli black list) from entering the mosque. (Safa 22 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard, During the operation, An Israeli settler preformed Talmudic rituals near Bab Ar-Rahma area. The IOA also, tightened its procedures at the entrances of the mosque, where they stopped Palestinians and detained their ID cards. (Wafa 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued instructions about the entering of the Israeli settlers to Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. According to the instructions only 60 settlers allowed to visit the mosque per a day. And they allowed to enter the mosque during three periods per day: in the morning between 7:30–10:00, afternoon 12:30-13:30 and in the evening from 15:00-19:00. Noted that in the evening tours the settlers must organized the visit with the Israeli Occupation Police. (Al-Quds 23 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 24 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched the headquarters of Jabal Az-Zaytoun club in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city and confiscated the recordings of security cameras. (Maannews 25 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. The IOA prevented about 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Wattan 25 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed a blockade on Qatanna village, northwest of Jerusalem city, where they closed all the entrances and arrested a number of Palestinians, after raiding their houses. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. The IOA also, killed a Palestinian, identified as: Yahya Yusri Taha (21 years), during the clashes. (Wafa & Maannews 26 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qalandiya military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Safa 26 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the
same time, the IOA prevented Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Wafa 26 November 2015)

- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out a number of evacuation orders that targeted commercial structures and stores in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 26 November 2015)

- Staff from the Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued administrative orders to demolish 7 Palestinian houses, a gas station, a cement factory and a fence, in Al Bustan and Beir Ayoub neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted houses and structures are owned by Odeh, Ar-Rajabi, Abu Shafe‘, Badran and Zaytoun families. (SilwanIC & Orient FM 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the entrance of Bir Nabala village, northwest of Jerusalem city, and a road reach to Al Judeira, Bir Nabala, Beit Ikza, Qatanna and Biddu villages, northwest of Jerusalem city. (Pal Today & Orient FM 28 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prepared to demolish two Palestinian houses owned by the families of two Palestinian martyrs; Fadi Al Khaseb (in Bir Nabala town) and Omar Az-Za‘aqiqi (in Beit Ummer town). (NBPRS 29 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Basem Abed Ar-Rahman Salah (38 years) from Nablus city, while he was at Al Wad street in the old city of Jerusalem. (SilwanIC & NBPRS 29 November 2015)

- Ayman Sameh Al Abbas (17 years) was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. As a result, the IOA stormed Ein Al Louza heath center in Ein Al Louza neighborhood in Silwan town, detained the doctor, and the nurse and a number of Palestinians, and prevented them from leaving the center. Noted the IOA was searched for the body of the Palestinian martyr; Ayman Al Abbas. The IOA also, invaded and searched a number of houses in Ein Al Louza neighborhood, where clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (SilwanIC 29 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surrounded the headquarter of Al Makasid hospital in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city, and searched the Palestinian vehicles before entre the hospital. (SilwanIC 29 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During
the operation, and Israeli settler performed Talmudic rituals in front of Bab As-Silsila. (NBPRS 29 November 2015)

- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem court issued orders to demolish two Palestinian apartments in Bir Ayoub neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted apartments are located in the third and fourth floors within a building consist of 5 floors, each apartment area reach to 130 square meters, and owned by Ayoub Siyan and his brother Maher. Noted that the two apartments inhabited by 13 Palestinian family members. (SilwanIC 29 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. The IOA prevented tens of Palestinian women (listed on the Israeli Black list) from entering the mosque. (Pal Today & RB2000 30 November 2015)

Hebron

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented the Palestinian teachers and students from leaving their School; Kurtuba School, which located at Ash-Shuhada street in the central of Hebron city. The IOA claimed that the teachers and the student do not have the permit to enter or leave the school. (Pal Info 1 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian ambulance while it was transferred a Palestinian from Ash-Shuyyukh medical central to a hospital in the central of Hebron city. (Pal Today 1 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city, after clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 1 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) launched a blimp in Hebron city. (NBPES 1 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Fadi Hassn Faroukh (29 years) while he was at the entrance of Beit Einun village, north of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 1 November 2015)

- Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Sair town in Hebron governorate. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. Noted that after the clashes, the IOA closed all the entrances of the town and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the town. The IOA also, stormed and searched houses and the medical center. (Al-Quds & RB2000 1 November 2015)
• An Israeli settler living in Karmi Zur settlement stormed two Palestinian houses at Wadi Ash-Sheikh area in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, and threatened the residents. The targeted houses are owned by Amer and Azay Khalil Saber Sabarnah. (Maannews 1 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house at Wad Al Ghrous area in Hebron city, and threatened to demolish it. The targeted house is owned by the family of a Palestinian martyr; Bayan ‘Asila. (Pal Today 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian building owned by An-Natsha family in Hebron city. One of the targeted houses is owned by the family of the martyr Tareq An-Natsha. (Raya 2 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Abu Ar-Rish neighborhood, near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. The IOA fired teargas grenades and wastewater at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Iyad Al ‘Awawda, in Al Muwarraq village, west of Hebron city, and surveyed the house. The IOA also, notified the owner of the house, that they will demolish his house. (Wattan 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the office of Al Huriya Radio in Hebron city, destroyed its consists and confiscated the tools. The IOA also, handed out the workers in the radio an order to closed the office. (Maannews 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Surif village, northwest of Hebron city and fired teargas grenades at a Palestinian school. The IOA stormed and surveyed two Palestinian houses, one of them owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Khalid Ghneimat, and the other owned by Meqdad Al Hih. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Marwan Mohammad Abu Farah (35 years) and Mohammad Hazem Ehdoush (18 years). (Maannews & Wattan 3 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenade, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews 3 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house owned by Salamah Mohammad Al Muqawasi in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. (ARN 3 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house in Beit ‘Awa town in Hebron governorate. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Adi Hisham Al Masalmah (24 years). (ARN 3 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Maannews 3 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrance of Frish Al Hawa village, Al Fahes area, Zif area, and Muthalath Al Fawra area in Hebron governorate. (Maannews 3 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Mohammad Younis Bahar (77 years) and Ahmed Musa Mohammad Bahar (17 years) after stopping them at a sudden checkpoint erected by the IOA at the main entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (RB2000 4 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ibrahim Samir Ibrahim Skafi (22 years) while he was at the entrance of Halhul town, north of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoint at the southern entrance of Hebron city, and at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp. (RB2000 4 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the iron gate at the entrance of Dura town, west of Hebron city. (RB2000 4 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Al Qantara gate in the old city of Hebron, and closed the military checkpoint at the entrance of As-Souq area, and prevented the Palestinians from reaching the Ibrahimi mosque. (Maannews 4 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, and at Sadat Al Fahes area, and near An-Nabi Younis area, north of Halhul town, in Hebron governorate. (Al-Quds 5 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases and the injury of two people. (Maannews 6 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Joura area, in Hebron city. The IOA fired live and
rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Maannews 6 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern part of Hebron city, after the IOA stormed the area and surrounded a mosque. The IOA fired tear gas and stun grenades, and rubber bullets, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Maannews 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Tharwat Ash-Sha’rawi (72 years) after opened fire at her vehicle while she was at Ras Al Joura area in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 6 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 9 Palestinians. (Maannews 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle while it was traveling at the Israeli Bypass road No.60, near Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The targeted vehicle is owned by Sha’ban Mahmoud Abed Al Men’em Basal from Yatta town. (Wafa 6 November 2015)

- Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Bani Na’im town in Hebron governorate, after the IOA stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses. During the operation, the IOA arrested two Palestinians after raiding their houses. The arrestees were identified as: Muaz Daoud Abed Hassan Manasrah and his brother Ma’an Manasrah. (Al-Quds 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas in Beit Einun village, north of Hebron city. (Raya 6 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement attacked and hurled stones at Palestinian houses in Wadi Hassen, Jabara and Wadi An Nasara areas, east of Hebron city. Noted that the Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out a demonstration near the Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city. (Raya 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the northern entrance of Hebron city. (Orient FM 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched the office of Youth against Settlements in Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city, and confiscated cameras and files. The IOA also, stormed an d searched a house owned by Nedal Taha, and detained the residents inside the house and prevented them from leaving it, (Al-Quds 7 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded a number of Palestinian houses near Al Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by Rajab family. The IOA occupied the roofs and transformed it to military bases. (Maannews 7 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Madara area in the central of Hebron city and fired teargas and stub grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. The IOA also, stormed Bab Az-Zawiya area in Hebron city and attacked Palestinians, where clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Wafa & RB2000 7 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian houses in As-Salaimah neighborhood, around the Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city, carried out provocative actions and chanted anti Palestinian slogans. (Maannews 7 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a Palestinian house in Tal Ar-Rumeida neighborhood in Hebron city, stormed the house, occupied its roof, and chanted anti Palestinian slogans. The targeted house is owned by: Imad Abu Shamsiya. During the operation, the IOA attacked Palestinian journalists and fire teargas and stun grenades at them. (Wafa & RB2000 7 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) decided to close the Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city. (Wafa 7 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Safa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement assaulted and injured Thair Fadil Ismail Dana (15 years) while he was near the settlement. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern and southern entrances of Hebron city, and at the main entrance of Halhul town. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Beit Ula town in Hebron governorate. The targeted house is owned by the family of a Palestinian martyr Hamza Musa Al ‘Amla (25 years). (Al-Quds 9 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched the office of Islamic Society in Ash-Shuyukh village, north of Hebron city, and confiscated files and computer devices. (Wafa 9 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern and southern entrance of Hebron city, and at the main
entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 9 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiya area in the central of Hebron city, The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 10 November 2015)

- the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surrounded three Palestinian schools in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city, and fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at the students, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. As a result, clashed erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Al-Quds & Maannews 10 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized 1000 piece of Adobe from an under construction house in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. the targeted house is owned by Ziyad Mohammad Yousif Abu ‘Ayash. (RB2000 10 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 11 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest at the entrance of Dura town, southwest of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (RB2000 11 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets and stun grenades at participants. The IOA also erected a number of cement bloc at the entrance of the town, where the IOA stopped and assaulted Palestinians. (Maannews 11 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched two Palestinian houses in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by: Sami Hassan Mansour Sabarnah and Ahmed Hamed Ahmidan Abu Mariya. (Wafa & Maannews 11 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern and southern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 11 November 2015)

- For the seven days in a row, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of Bani Naim town, east of Hebron city. (Wafa 11 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the entrance of Sair town, north of Hebron city, opened fire and injured a Palestinian. (Wafa 12 November 2015)
• Undercover Israeli Army stormed Al Ahli hospital in Hebron city and killed Abdalla Azzam Ash-Shalalda (27 years) and arrested Azam Ash-Shalalda (22 years) from Sair town in Hebron governorate. Noted that Azam Ash-Shalalda was injured on the 25th of October 2015, during the clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA in Sair town. (Wafa 12 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished two cows farms (one of its area reach to 1 dunums and inhabited by 45 cows and the other area reach to 500 square meters and inhabited by 20 cows), and a water well at Wadi Al Baqar area, east of Hebron city, and confiscated a milk tank. The targeted structures are owned by : Mahmoud Mohammad Ar-Rajabi, Yasser Idres Barqan and Doud Hamouda Aby Qwider. (LRC Field workers 12 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at the Israeli Bypass road located between Yatta and As-Samu towns, south of Hebron governorate. The IOA stormed and searched several areas in near the Israeli Bypass road. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. As a result, Hassan Jehad Hassan Al Bou (21 years) was killed after the IOA fired live bullets at him. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Joura area, at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
• Mahmoud Mohammad Issa Ash-Shalalda (22 years) from Sair town, north of Hebron city, was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Einun junction, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, which located near the Israeli settlement of Beit Ayin, northwest of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA forced the farmers to leave their land. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
• An Israeli settler tried to hit by his vehicle three Palestinians while they were crossing the Israeli Bypass road No.60, at the entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the entrances of As-Samu’, Ad-Dhahiriya, Sair, As-Simiya, Rabud, Abu Al ‘Asja, Abu Urqan, Sarra and Al Fawar refugee camp, in Hebron governorate. Noted that the targeted entrances links to the Israeli Bypass road No. 60. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Tarouss area, which located between Dura and Deir Samit towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA also stationed at the western entrance of Dura town, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 14 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Hawawir area in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. During the clashes, the IOA arrested two Palestinians. (Wattan 14 November 2015)

- Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabal Ar-Rahma area in Hebron city. The IOA used stun and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA stormed a Palestinian house owned by Ahmed Mutawi At-Tamimi and arrested his son Shadi and summoned Majdi to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Gush Etzion settlement bloc. The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (Wattan 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Palestinian houses and commercial structures in Hebron city, and confiscated security cameras. (Wafa 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched the Headquarters of the General Prosecutor’s Office and the Court in Dura town, west of Hebron city. (Wafa 14 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Halhul bridge, at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Wafa 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of Ad-Dhahiriya town, south of Hebron city, and the western entrance which link between Ar-Ramadin and Be’ir As-Same’ terminal, south of the aforementioned town. (Wattan 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed a main road reached to Khallit Al May and Ad-Dirat areas, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Wafa 14 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed a road links to Beit ‘Awa and Al Majd towns in Hebron governorate. (Wattan 14 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced a Palestinian family to evacuate their land, which located near the Israeli settlement of Beit Ayin, northwest of Beit Ummer town in Hebron governorate, while they were harvesting olive trees. (Wattan 15 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the western entrance of As-Samu town, south of Hebron city, and prevented Palestinians from using it. (Al-Quds 15 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses in several areas in Hebron city, and questioned the residents. (Maannews 16 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched two Palestinian houses in Sair town in Hebron governorate. The targeted houses are owned by the families of the Palestinian martyrs; Raied Jaradat and Azam Ash-Shalalda. (Maannews 16 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Halhul bridge, north of Hebron city. (Maannews 16 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished 5 tents and 4 animal sheds in Jourut Al Khail and Al Qanoub areas, east of Sair town in Hebron governorate. The targeted structures are owned by: Na’im Ash-Shalalda and Mohammad Abed Al Fatah Ash-Shalalda. (Wattan 16 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the office of Islamic Charitable Association in Beit Ula town, west of Hebron city, and confiscated files. (Wattan 16 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Otni’el settlement set up a number of tents on Palestinian land at the western entrance of As-Samu town, south of Hebron city (PNN 17 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out provocative actions in Al Kasara area at the southern part of Hebron city. The IOA closed a number of commercial structures, detained school bus and seized ID cards. The IOA also, prevented Palestinians living in the aforementioned area from leaving their houses. (Wafa 18 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several Palestinian houses in Jabal Ar-Rahma neighborhood in Hebron city. (Maannews 18 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of tents in Janba village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Wafa 18 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Jabl Johar neighborhood and Al Kasara area in Hebron city. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Al Ibrahimiya, Tareq Ben Ziyad and Az-Zahra’ Schools in the old city of Hebron, causing tens of suffocation cases among the Palestinian students and teachers. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Abed Ar-Rahman Karjah from Halhul town in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained 11 Palestinian teachers and three students, and prevented them from reaching to Susiya School in Susiya village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, after stopping him at a military checkpoint. (RB2000 19 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the office of the Emergence center in Hebron city and prevented the workers from leaving it. (Safa 19 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with an iron gate the eastern entrance of Dura town in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses and structures in Al Markez area in Masaref Yatta, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Wattan 20 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Deir Samit village in Hebron governorate and notified the family of Raid Masalmah to evacuate their house within the next hour. (ARN 20 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras al Jouza area, at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of more than 15 Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Shadi Zuhdi Arafah (26 years) from Hebron city while he was at Gush Etzion junction. (Al-Quds 20 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing a number of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA invaded a house owned by Samir
Mohammad Al ‘Alli and detained his son Abada and notified him and his father to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police. The IOA also, closed the northern entrance of the town. (Maannews 20 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullet, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. The IOA closed the entrance of camp and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving it. (Maannews 20 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arab settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles and houses at Al Baq’a area, at the eastern part of Hebron city. (ARN 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrance of Dura town, west of Hebron city, and prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Maannews 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mound a number of main roads links four Palestinian villages; Khallit Al May, Ad-Dirat, Ma’on and Al Barak villages, in Hebron governorate, with each other. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several Palestinian houses in Al Yasariya village, west of Hebron city, and destroyed the houses consists. The IOA closed all the entrance of the town with earth mound and declared the town as “closed military area”. During the operation, an agricultural barracks was torched after the IOA fired a teargas grenade at it, the Palestinian Civil defense tried to put out the fire when the IOA fired rubber bullets at them, causing the injury one of the firemen. The IOA also, detained the Palestinian civil defense crew, 5 volunteers and the mayor of Al Yassariya village, in the fire location. (Wafa & Maannews 21 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Deir Samit town, west of Hebron city, after the IOA invaded the town and closed all its entrances and main road link to Beit ‘Awa, Al Kum and Al Maraqa villages, west of Hebron city. The IOA stormed and searched tens of Palestinian houses and questioned the residents. The IOA also arrested Adam Arafat Al Hroub (21 years). (Pal Today 21 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued an order for the closure of a Hebron radio station, the second news outlet to be shut by Israel this month in the occupied West Bank city. Director of Al-Khalil Radio (Hebron Radio), Amjad Shawar, told Ma’an that Israeli forces stormed the station, confiscating equipment and damaging offices. Intelligence
officers then delivered a military warrant ordering the station to close for six months due “incitement against Israel.” Shawar said the Palestinian Authority -- namely the Ministry of Information -- should work alongside human rights organizations to “stop ongoing Israeli piracy.” The Israeli army confirmed that military forces, in operation with Israel’s internal security service, Shin Bet, and civil administration, confiscated broadcasting equipment from the station. (Maannews 21 November 2015)

- **Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city.** The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA stormed Irq Al Latun area in the aforementioned town, and invaded and a Palestinian house, destroyed the main door, and confiscated a laptop and three cellphones. The targeted house is owned by Musa Hassan Za’aqiq. (Wafa 21 November 2015)

- **Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mound a number of sub-entrances nearby the main entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city.** (Maannews 21 November 2015)

- **For three days respectively, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city, and transferred it to a military base.** The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Jawabrah. (Pal Info 22 November 2015)

- **Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out a military operation in Beit ‘Awa town in Hebron governorate.** The IOA stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses, and closed the main entrance of the town with earth mound. (Safa 22 November 2015)

- **Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city.** The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 22 November 2015)

- **Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Zif junctions, north of Yatta town on Hebron governorate.** The IOA prevented the movement of the Palestinians in the area. (Al-Quds 22 November 2015)

- **Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at the entrance of Beit Hagai settlement, south of Hebron city.** The IOA prevented the movement of the Palestinians in the area. (Al-Quds 22 November 2015)

- **Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement attacked Palestinians and their houses in Wadi Al Hassen, Wadi An-Nasarah and Al Kasara**
neighborhoods in Hebron city. (Maannews & Al Quds 22 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out a demonstrate at the Israeli bypass road No. 60 in Hebron governorate. During the operation, the IOA closed the northern entrance of Hebron city (Ras Al Joura, Halhul “Al Hawawra” and Ani Nabi Youis areas), and the entrance of Sair town, also Frush Al Hawa road No. 35. (Al-Quds 22 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Idhna town in Hebron governorate. The targeted houses are owned by the family of a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Naem Salimiya. During the operation, the IOA destroyed the houses consists and detained all the family members outside their houses for more than 4 hours. The IOA also, stole about NIS 21 thousand. (Safa 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses at Arqan and Awad areas, at the western entrance of Dura town, west of Hebron city. (Safa 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. (RB2000 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main road link between Dura and Deir Samit towns in Hebron governorate. (RB2000 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) threatened to confiscate a number of tools after they stormed the Al Yasariya municipality headquarter in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. The IOA informed the municipality that they have to close all the roads and entrances opened by the municipality in Deir Samit and Beit ‘Awa towns. (Safa 24 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained and assaulted two Palestinian journalists after stopping them at an Israeli military checkpoint erected near Al Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. The Palestinian journalists were identified as: Jwed At-Tamimi, work with the Palestinian News and Info Agency (Wafa), and Manal Dana work with B’Tselem organization. (Wafa 24 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Surif and Idhna towns, Al Fawar refugee camp, and Hebron city. (Wafa 24 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a number of Palestinians while they were at As-Sahel area near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. (Wattan 24 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the eastern entrance of Al Karmil village, east of Yatta town in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 24 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron city and at the entrance of Sair and Halhul towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 24 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed a Palestinian, identified as: Mohammad Isma'il Ash-Shubaki (19 years), while he was at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. As a result, the IOA closed Al Fawar junction, and raided the camp. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa & Maannews 25 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched the headquarters of the Veterinary Department in Hebron city. The IOA detained and questioned the workers and checked their ID cards. (Maannews 25 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued a military orders to confiscate Palestinian land surrounded Al Container military checkpoint, at the entrance of Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 25 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Hebron city and Al Fawar refugee camp. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 25 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched several Palestinian houses in Beit Ula town, northwest of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 26 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city and fired teargas grenades and live bullets at Palestinian houses. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the injury of three Palestinians. (Maannews 26 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of a Palestinian martyr Bahjat Al ‘Alami. (RB2000 26 November 2015)
- Khalid Mahmoud Jawabrah (20 years) was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA)
in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. (Orient FM 26 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished an agricultural pool (capacity of 80 cube) at Al Hawawra area in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The targeted pool is owned by Jehad Abdalla Karja. (Wafa 26 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the southern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 26 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at Wad Al Jouz area in Hebron city. (Wafa 26 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint at the entrance of Idhna town, west of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 26 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with an iron gate the eastern entrance of Dura town, west of Hebron city. (Wafa 26 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the northern entrance of Hebron city, and prevented Palestinians from leaving the city. (RB2000 26 November 2015)

- Ya’alon: Israel intends to build security fence between Hebron, Kiryat Gat. Defense minister says security establishment plans to erect massive security barrier similar to that between the Israel-Egypt border. Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon informed the Knesset on Wednesday evening that the security establishment intends to construct a security fence, separating the West Bank city of Hebron and the southern Israeli city of Kiryat Gat. "We are aware of the issue of the fence, and now with the budgetary approval for the massive fence we plan to build one similar to the border fence with Egypt - it will take some time but it will happen," the defense minister vowed. (JPOST 26 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA occupied the roofs of houses located at the entrance of the camp. (Safa 27 November 2015)

- Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mohamamd Iyad As-Switi (12 years) after storming his
family house. The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (Safa 27 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Fawar refugee camp and Deir Samit village in Hebron governorate. The IOA used live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in ‘Asida, Khallit Al Ein an Ad-Dhahir areas in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA destroyed the houses consists and questioned the residents. Two of the targeted houses are owned by: Zuhair Mahmoud Al ‘Alami and Mohammad Kamel Hamad Abu Mariya. (RB2000 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house owned by the family of a Palestinian martyr; Said Al Atrash, at the southern part of Hebron city. (RB2000 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Omar Arafat Issa AL-Za’aqiq (19 years) while he was at the entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. after the operation, the IOA summoned and questioned Arafat Az-Za’aqiq. (Al-Quds 2 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Joura area in Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing 26 suffocation cases and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surrounded and stormed the headquarter of Youth against settlements in Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. During the operation the IOA arrested Issa ‘Amro and Ahmed Al Azza (two Palestinian activists worked with Youth against Settlements). The IOA transferred the arrestees to unknown location. (RB2000 & PNN 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out a military orders to close “One” Radio station in Hebron city, and to confiscate the equipment. (RB2000 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a number of Palestinian houses owned the family of a Palestinian martyr; Omar Arafat Az-Za’aqiq, and a mosque in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA took photos for the house, detained and questioned the residents. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. Noted that the IOA closed all the entrances of the town and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving it. (Wafa & RB2000 28 November 2015)
Israel Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at Al Hawawir area, north of Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 28 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (RB2000 29 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures around Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, after closing all the entrances of the town. The IOA stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses, five of the targeted houses are owned by: Ahmed Hamed Abu Mariya, Samir Sadeq Abu Mariya, Sami Hassan Mansour Sabarnah, Yousif Abed Al Hamed Abu Mariya and Ahmed Mahmoud Musa. During the operation, the IOA arrested Mohammad Murshid Awad (19 years) and his brother Muhammad (17 years), and Turki Mohammad Mahmoud Al ‘Alami (37 years). (RB2000 29 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ad-Dhahr area, near Karmi Zur settlement, in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 29 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian kindergarten (Future Hope) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA destroyed the main door, the windows, and the children toys. (RB2000 29 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prepared to demolish two Palestinian houses owned by the families of two Palestinian martyrs; Fadi Al Khaseb (in Bir Nabala town) and Omar Az-Za’aqiqi (in Beit Ummer town). (NBPRS 29 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at all the entrances of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 29 November 2015)

Israeli forces close 3rd Hebron radio station this month. Israeli forces issued an order for the closure of a Hebron radio station on Sunday morning, the third news outlet to be shut by Israel this month in the occupied West Bank city. Director of Dream Radio station, Talab Al-Jaabri, told Ma’an that Israeli forces stormed the station, destroying equipment and damaging offices. Al-Jaabri said Israeli forces told him the radio station would be closed for six months due to “incitement against Israel.” Following the closure, Al-Jaabri called on the Palestinian Authority to take action against “the violations.” An Israeli
army spokesperson did not immediately respond for comment. Last week Israeli forces shut down Al-Khalil Radio (Hebron Radio), also in Hebron, on the same grounds of incitement. The Palestinian government, at the time, denounced the Israeli military raid on the station, describing it as violation of international law. Secretary-general of the Palestinian cabinet, Ali Abu Diak, had said in a statement that the attack was part of Israel’s policy to "oppress the voice of Palestinian rights" and to prevent publication of the truth about "the ongoing ugly crimes Israel is committing against the Palestinian people. "The closures of the two stations marks the latest violation of press freedoms in the occupied Palestinian Territory. Earlier this month, Israeli forces ordered the closure and ban on broadcasting from Manbar al-Hurriyya (Freedom Tribune) radio station, also located in Hebron and reportedly affiliated with Fatah. The Israeli army accused the radio station of encouraging "stabbing attacks" and "violent riots," and reporting "false and malicious claims of security forces executing and kidnapping Palestinians in order to provoke violence." The incident came a day after a Palestinian press freedoms watchdog condemned more than 450 violations of media freedoms since the beginning of the year. The watchdog, MADA, has repeatedly reported violations against the press -- both international and Palestinian -- while reporting from the occupied Palestinian territories. Such violations are carried out by both Israeli and Palestinian security forces, according to MADA documentation. MADA said that while press violations had not reached last year’s proportions, when 17 Palestinian journalists were killed by Israeli forces in Gaza, violations in 2015 had "witnessed an enormous escalation." (Maannews 29 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the main entrance and a sub entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 29 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided a Palestinian house in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Mohammad Ash-Shubaki. The IOA threatened to demolish the house. (Wafa 30 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched two Palestinian houses in Taffuh village, west of Hebron city, and threatened to demolish one of them which owned by the family of a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Taha Hussen At-Tarda. (Wafa 30 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish a Palestinian house and an under construction cooperative society in
Al Baq’a area, east of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by Bilal Azmi Jaber. (Wafa 30 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron, and at the entrances of Sair, Halhul towns and Al Fawar refugee camp in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 30 November 2015)

Qalqilyah

- Ala Hassan Al Khateb (25 years) was injured after an Israeli settler hit him by his vehicle at the main road near Azzun village, east of Qalqilyah city. (Al-Quds 1 November 2015)

- Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the main entrance of Azzun village, east of Qalqilyah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements on Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqilyah city. The IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (PNN 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlement in Jayyus village, northeast of Qalqilyah city. The IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 4 Palestinians. During the operation, the IOA arrested Ahmed Ma’zouz Qadumi, Qassam Nufal (14 years) and Yazan Abed Al Hafed As-Salem (13 years). (Raya 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses and commercial structures in An-Nabi Elias village, east of Qalqilyah city. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers hurled stones at Palestinians and their vehicles while they were traveling at Nablus- Qalqilyah road. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the eastern entrance of Qalqilyah city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from leaving or entering the city. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained the crew of Palestinian Television while they were in An-Nabi Elias village, west of Qalqilyah city. (Wafa 9 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at “Eliyahu” military checkpoint, south of Qalqiliyah city, shoot and killed Rasha Ahmed Hamed ‘Awisat (23 years) while she was crossing the checkpoint. (Wattan & Maannews 9 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Al-Quds 9 November 2015)

• Three Palestinians were injured and dozens sufffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Nuqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 10 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Nuqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. (Wafa 11 November 2015)

• Seven Palestinians were injured and more than 30 others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Nuqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wattan 12 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at the participants, causing tens of suffocation cases. (PNN 13 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at An-Naqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 10 Palestinians. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Naqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing 25 suffocation cases and the injury of 10 Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mu’en Mahmoud Qubtan (30 years). (Wattan 14 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at An-Naqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 15 November 2015)
Five Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in An-Naqara neighborhood in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 18 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at An-Naqar neighborhood in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing 182 suffocation cases and the injury of 37 Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing about 29 suffocation cases. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city, after the IOA invaded the village. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 22 November 2015)

A Palestinian was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Oranit military checkpoint, south of Qalqiliyah city, opened fire at him while he was crossing the checkpoint. (Orient FM 22 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Azun, Jayus-Azun, Izbit At-Tabib roads in Qalqiliyah governorate. The IOA also, stationed at the entrances of Azzun and Izbit At-Tabib villages in Qalqiliyah governorate, and attacked Palestinians. (Maannews 22 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Qalqiliyah city. (Pal Info 23 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Pal Info 23 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinians from using a road near Al Funduq village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Wafa 23 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the Al Jeser area at the southern entrance of Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah.
city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the eastern and northern entrances of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 23 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jayyus village, northeast of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Pal Info 24 November 2015)

- Seven Palestinians were injured and more than 37 others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in An-Naqar neighborhood in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 26 November 2015)

- Two Palestinians were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used live bullets to attack the participants. (RB2000 27 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in An-Naqar neighborhood in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliya city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a 50 years old Palestinian. (Wafa 28 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in An-Naqar neighborhood in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Raya 29 November 2015)

**Tubas**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced 13 Palestinian families to leave their houses and the areas in Humsa Al Fuqa village in the northern of Jordan valley, under the claim of “Israeli military trainings”. Noted that the IOA informed the residents, that they have to evacuated their houses on the 5th and 12th of November 2015. (RB2000 2 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced 13 Palestinian families to evacuate their houses in Humsa area in the northern of Jordan valley.
under the claim of the Israeli Military trainings. (Raya 9 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced 13 Palestinian families living in Humsa area in the northern of Jordan valley, to evacuate their houses from 6:00 a.m. unit the 12 p.m., under the claim of military trainings. (Wafa 12 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to demolish two residential tents, two animal sheds and two barracks in Al Hadidiya area, southeast of Tubas city. (LRC 19 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian agricultural land in Khirbet ‘Atuf village, southeast of Tubas city, and confiscated two trucks and a bulldozer. (NBPRS 22 November 2015)
- Israeli bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Hadidiya area, southeast of Tubas city, razed and destroyed a road used by the residents. (Wafa 25 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers demolish 22 structures (residents, agricultural and animal sheds) in Al Hadidiya area, southeast of Tubas city. The targeted structures are owned by 3 Palestinian families. (Raya & Wafa 26 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Army stormed Khallit Makhoul in the northern of Jordan valley and demolished a number of tents owned by Burhan Hussan Asmar. (Pal Info 29 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished two residential tents in Al Hadidiya area, southeast of Tubas city. The targeted tents are owned by Abed Ar-Rahman Bisharat. (Pal Info 29 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated a number of water pumps from Khirbet Ad-Deir in the northern of Jordan valley. Noted that the targeted water pumps benefits about 1000 dunums of agricultural land. (RB2000 30 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished and confiscated 10 residential tents from Al Hadidiya area, southeast of Tubas city. Noted that the Palestinian Red Crescent Society and the Palestinian Ministry of Local Government donated the tents for the residents of Al Hadidiya area after the IOA demolished their houses a week ago. (RB2000 & Pal Today 30 November 2015)

**Ramallah**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses and shops in Ein Yabrud and Dura Al Qar’ village in Ramallah governorate. (Safa 2 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest near the Israeli Jail of Ofar in Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Budrus village, west of Ramallah city and fired teargas grenades and wastewater at Palestinian houses. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Maannews 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the eastern entrance of Ein Yabrud village, northeast of Ramallah city, and prevented the Palestinians from leaving or entering the village. The IOA also, stormed the village and fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Maannews 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Saffa village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, and rubber bullets at Palestinian houses, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 4 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Raya 5 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the eastern and western entrances of Silwad town in Ramallah governorate, and prevented Palestinians from leaving or entering the village. (RB20000 5 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched four Palestinian houses in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, destroyed the houses contents and questioned the residents. The targeted houses are owned by: Firas Ahmed, Khadir Alla Hamed, Sami Warda and Salah Hamed. (Orient FM & RB2000 5 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Pal Today 6 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired sponge bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of Hamdi Abu Rahma, a Palestinian journalist. (PNN 6 November 2015)

• About 10 Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Jabal At-Tawel and Al Balo’
neighborhoods, at the eastern and northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Sateh Marhaba neighborhood in Al Bireh city and fired teargas grenades at Palestinian houses. The IOA erected a military checkpoint in the neighborhood, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. (ARN 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Jifna village, north of Ramallah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. The IOA also, stormed a number of commercial structures, destroyed the contents and confiscated a number of security cameras. (RB2000 9 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a group of Palestinians while they were near the segregation wall in Budrus village, northwest of Ramallah city. (Safa 10 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at statue in the yard of a Palestinian house in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The targeted house is owned by Abdalla At-Tamimi. (Maannews 11 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Qalandiya refugee camp, north of Ramallah city, and opened fire at a Palestinian, identified as: Faris Abu Al ‘Aesha (16 years), he was injured and then the IOA arrested him. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 11 Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA stormed a Palestinian house owned by Mohammad Abed Raboh, and detained his three sons; Nibal, Yasser and Wissam. (Maannews 11 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Atara military checkpoint, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 11 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Balo’ neighborhood, near the DSO military checkpoint, north of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing the injury of 20 Palestinians, one of them was seriously injured, and dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews & Al-Quds 11 November 2015)

• Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA used tear gas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 11 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several Palestinian houses and structures in Beit Rima village in Ramallah governorate. (Wafa 12 November 2015)

• Israeli court approved the demolition of a Palestinian house owned by Muaz Hamad in Silwad town in Ramallah governorate. (Wattan 12 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed ‘Atara military checkpoint, north of Ramallah city, and prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Wattan 12 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Jabal At-Tawel neighborhood, east of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 7 Palestinians. (RB2000 13 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Budrus village, west of Ramallah city, where the IOA shoot and killed Lafi Yousif Awad (22 years). (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades, causing the injury of 4 participants. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Balou’ neighborhood at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA used tear gas grenades and live bullets to attack Palestinians, as a result 5 Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation. (Wattan & Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Budrus village, west of Ramallah city, after the funeral of the Palestinian martyr Lafi Awad. The IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Orient FM 14 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian house in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The targeted house owned by Muaz Hamid. The IOA invaded the town, and forced the residents to evacuate the house and the nearby houses. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 14 November 2015)

• An Israeli jeep ran over a Palestinian family while they were at Surda junction, north of Ramallah city. (Wattan 15 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Balo’ neighborhood, north of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 4 Palestinians (Maannews 15 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians, included a Palestinian journalist. (Raya 16 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city after closed all of its entrances, and demolished a Palestinian house owned by Mohammad Abu Shaheen, a prisoner in the Israeli Jail. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians and killed Laith As’ad Manasrah (21 years) and Ahmed Abu Al ‘ayesh (28 years). The IOA also, arrested Yousif Abu Latifah (17 years) after he was injured and the Ambulance tried to carry him to the hospital. (Maannews 16 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrance of An Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city, from several weeks ago. (Raya 16 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Sateh Marhaba neighborhood in Ramallah city and fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian houses. (Safa 17 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mohammad Munir Hassan Saleh (24 years) from ‘Aroura village, north of Ramallah city, while he was at the entrance of Turmus’ayya village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA also, prevented the ambulance from reaching him and fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 18 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Ein Yabrud village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Pal Today 18 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Sateh Marhaba neighborhood in Al Bireh city, after the IAO stormed the aforementioned neighborhood. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 19 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched 4 Palestinian houses in Silwad town in Ramallah governorate. The targeted houses are owned by: Abed Al Majed Ta’imah Hamad, the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail Firas Sami Abu Warda, Mahmoud Mohamamd Hamad and Zyad Abed Al Jalil Hamad. (Raya 19 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city, after the IOA attacked a non-violent protest started from ‘Arura village. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians and the nearby houses. (Maannews 19 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozens of suffocating cases and the injury of four Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in An Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases (Wafa 20 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Silwad town in Ramallah governorate. The IOA used live bullets, teargas and stun grenades to attack Palestinians, where dozens suffered gas inhalation. During the clashes, the IOA stormed a house owned by Mu’amar Ayad and occupied its roof. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers hurled stones and Molotov cocktail at a Palestinian house in Al Mazra’a Al Qibliya village in Ramallah governorate, and wrote anti-Palestinian slogans on the walls. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Balu’ area in Al Bireh city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Raya 21 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Shadi Mohammad Mahmoud Khaseb from Al Bireh city, while he was at Al Khan Al Ahmar area, near the Israeli settlement of Kfar Adumim, east of Jerusalem city. (RB2000 & NBPRS 22 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed a Palestinian girl, identified as Hadil Awad (16 years) from Qalandiya refugee camp, and seriously injured other while they were in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 23 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot an killed a Palestinian while he was near a gas station at road No. 443, west of Ramallah city. The Palestinian martyr is Ahmed Jamal Ahmed Taha from Qatanna village, northwest of Jerusalem city. (Maannews 23 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Mughayyir village, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of three Palestinians. After the clashes, the IOA closed all the entrances of the aforementioned village, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving it. (Maannews & Wattan 24 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Deir Nidham village, north of Ramallah city, and fired teargas grenades at houses. The IOA also, closed the entrances of the village. (Raya 24 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the Israeli violations in the occupied West Bank, at the northern entrances of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at participants, causing a number of suffocation cases. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Wafa 24 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Beit Ur junction, west of Ramallah city. The IOA detained and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (ARN 24 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) started to construct a wall at the Israeli road No. 443, west of Ramallah city. (Maannews 25 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the southern entrance of Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city. (Wafa 25 November 2015)

• Ibrahim Abed Al Halim Daoud (16 years) from Deir Ghassana village in Ramallah governorate, died of wounds he sustained two weeks ago during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ramallah city. (Al-Quds 26 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Hussen Ash-Sheikh Shabanah. (Al-Quds 26 November 2015)

• Five Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Deir Jarir village, northeast of Ramallah city after an Israeli jeep hit a Palestinian vehicle while 4 passengers in it. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. Noted that the IOA after they hit the vehicle, prevented the ambulance from reaching the injuries. (RB2000 26 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Budrus village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA invaded and searched a house and questioned the residents. (Wattan & Safa 27 November 2015)

• A Palestinian journalist, identified as: Hamdi Aby Rahma, was injured and dozens Palestinians and international activists suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at participants. (Raya 27 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around the Israeli jail of Ofar, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at the participants. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched the industrial area in Al Bireh city, stormed a number of stories and factories and confiscated the security cameras. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Fadi Al Khaseb (30 years) while he was near Kfar Adumim settlement, east of Jerusalem city. Noted that the martyr from Bir Nabala town, and he is the brother of Shadi Al Khaseb, a Palestinian martyr, the IOA killed him five days ago in the same place. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah
city. The IOA used live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 27 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city, near Beit El settlement. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a 70 years old Palestinian. During the clashes, the IOA opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle, causing the injury of the driver; identified as: Abdalla Rustom Issa (27 years) from Burin village in Nablus governorate. (Maannews & RB2000 29 November 2015)

- Three Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA used live bullets, teargas and stun grenades to attack Palestinians. (Maannews 29 November 2015)

**Jericho**

- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out 8 Palestinian families military orders to demolish their houses and animal sheds in Al Fasayil village, north of Jericho city. (ARN & PNN 18 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out five military orders to demolish a number of residential tents and animal sheds in Al Fasayil village, north of Jericho city. The targeted structures are owned by: Ibrahim Suliman Abu Khabesh and Ali Suliman Al Malihat. (RB2000 22 November 2015)

**Salfit**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the gate at the entrance of Kafl Haris village, north of Salfit city. (Wattan 9 November 2015)

**Tulkarem**

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Dahiyt Shwaika, northwest of Tulkarm city, after the IOA attacked a non-violent protest against the confiscation of Palestinian land in the area. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases, and the injury of two people. (Maannews 3 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western part of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and
rubber bullets, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Al-Quds & Pal Today 4 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadour University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired metal and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wattan 6 November 2015)

- Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA used metal bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Khadouri University campus in Tulkaram city, and fired live bullets and teargas grenades at the students, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Pal Today 9 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. (Wafa 11 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, during the clashes, an Israeli jeep ran over Qassem Sadouq (19 years), and then the IOA arrested him. (Wattan & Wafa 12 November 2015)

- Four Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 23 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 10 Palestinians. (Al-Quds & PNN 24 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus in Tulkarm city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Wafa 25 November 2015)
Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 26 November 2015)

Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tulkarm city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of five Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA invaded the university campus, and forced the students to evacuate it. (Quds 29 November 2015)

Nablus

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle while it was crossing the checkpoint. (Safa 2 November 2015)

Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Joseph tomb, east of Nablus city, and carried out restoration work inside the tomb. The IOA closed the area. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Al-Quds 3 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Nablus city, and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by Al Aghbar family. (Pal Info 4 November 2015)

Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tried to storm the eastern part of Qusra village in Nablus governorate. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Authorities informed Shawkat Ahmed Abed Al Jaber Khdeir from Beita village, south of Nablus city, that the IOA will demolish his house within the next 2 months. The Israeli Army invaded the house and took photos for it. (Maannews 4 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out four military orders to demolish 10 Palestinian houses in Jalud village in Nablus governorate. According the IOA, the targeted houses are located near an Israeli outpost called “Ahiya”. (ARIJ Field workers 4 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched tens of Palestinian commercial structures and house in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. The IOA also, tightened its procedures at Huwarra checkpoint, stopped and questioned Palestinians, and checked ID cards. (Wattan 5 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint near Deir Sharaf village, northwest of Nablus city. The IOA stopped, searched and detained Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 5 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA invaded and searched a Palestinian house owned by Jala Bassam Salman Nasasrah. (RB2000 7 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city, opened fire and killed Suliman Adel Shaheen (22 years) from Al Bireh city, while he was crossing the checkpoint. (Wafa & Al-Quds 8 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demonstration near Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city, and their reach to the entrance of Huwara and Beita villages in Nablus governorate. (NBPRS 8 November 2015)

• An Israeli settlers tried to ran over three Palestinian journalists while they were at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The three journalists were identified as: Issam Ar-Rimawi, Shadi Hatim and Majdi Ishtiya. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

• An Israeli settler living in Ma’ale Levona settlement opened fire at a number of Palestinian farmers while they were harvesting olive trees in Al Lubban Ash-Sharqiya village, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 9 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected 30 cement bloc at Za’tara military checkpoints, south of Nablus city. (Wattan 9 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers razed Palestinian land in Khirbet Saloun in Qaryut village, south of Nablus city, to establish the Tourism project in Shilo settlement. (Al-Quds 10 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Joseph tomb in Nablus city and performed Talmudic rituals. (Wattan 12 November 2015)

• Mohammad Raid Khames Hinni (15 years) was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the Israeli
military checkpoint erected by the IOA at the entrance of Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers gathered near Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicle, causing the damaged in a number of them. (Safa 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian house owned by the family of a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Karam Al Masri, in Nablus city. The IOA forced the residents in the nearby houses to evacuate the area and fired teargas grenades at them, causing the injury of a Palestinian old woman. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Iskan Ar-Rujeb and Ad-Dahiya areas in Nablus city and demolished two Palestinian houses owned by the Palestinian prisoners in the Israeli Jails; Yahya Al Haj and Samir Kusa. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 10 Palestinians. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Muhdi Nedam Mahmoud Mahareb (19 years) from Huwara village, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 16 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched several areas and neighborhoods in Qaryut village, south of Nablus city. (Safa 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Nablus city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner; Rasem Khateb. (Wattan 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at the entrances of Aqraba and Osarin villages in Nablus governorate. The IOA erected military checkpoints, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. The IOA also issued flyers threatened the residents in the aforementioned villages. (Wafa 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Tell village, west of Nablus city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury two Palestinians and dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA arrested 9 Palestinians, identified as: Hazem Tawfeq ‘Asida, Issam Hassan ‘Asida, Ahmed Yacoub ‘Asida, Ayoub Ahmed ‘Asida, Mahmoud Mustafah ‘Asida, Imad Yousif Rihan, Muaz Yousif Rihan, Musa Ahmed Yameen, Yaser Mohammad Ramadan. The IOA also, summoned Ja’far Yousif Rihan, Mohammad Saqir ‘Asida, Muthana
Jamil Ishtiya, Issam Jamel Ishtiya, Anas Jamil Istiya and Osama Khalid Yameen, to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Huwara military base. (RB2000 19 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Yetzhar settlement demonstrated at Huwara mean road, near Yetzhar junction, south of Nablus city and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles, causing the damage in number of the vehicles. During the operation, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Huwara military checkpoint, and prevented Palestinians from leaving or entering Nablus city. (Safa 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mound the entrance of Aqraba village, southeast of Nablus city. The Palestinian tried to re-open it, but the IOA prevented them. (Pal Today 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrances of Awarta, Osarin and Burin villages in Nablus governorate. (Pal Today 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed curfew on Huwara village, south of Nablus city. The IOA forced the Palestinians to close their commercial stores. The IOA also closed Huwara military checkpoint for more than an hour (Maannews 22 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers attacked Burin High School in Burin village, south of Nablus city and tried to storm it. After the operation, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the village, and clashes with the Palestinians, where the IOA used rubber and live bullets to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 22 November 2015)

- An Israeli settler hit by his vehicle Ashraqat Qatnane (16 years) from Askar refugee camp in Nablus city, while he was at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. after the accident, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the checkpoint shoot and killed Mrs. Qatnane. (Al-Quds 22 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Beit Furik military checkpoint, southeast of Nablus city, for more than an hour. (Maannews 22 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the entrance of Aqraba village, southeast of Nablus city. (RB2000 22 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed ‘Ala Khalil Hashash (16 years) from Askar refugee camp in Nablus city, and injured Samah Abed Al Men’em Abdalla while they were crossing Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a number of cement blocks at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Wattan 24 November 2015)
Azmi Suhail Nafa’ (21 years) from Jenin city, was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Za’tara military checkpoint opened fire at him while he was crossing the checkpoint. After the operation, the IOA summoned his Father; Suhail Nafa’, to interview the Israeli intelligence Police in Salem military base. (Maannews 24 November 2015)

Israeli settlers living in Yetzher settlement attacked a number of Palestinian farmers while they were harvesting olive trees in Al Mayadeen area in Burin village, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 24 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Beit Furik military checkpoint, east of Nablus city, and prevented Palestinians from entering the village. (Maannews 24 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city, shoot and killed Samer Hassan Sirisi (51 years) from Jenin city, while he was crossing the checkpoint. The IOA closed the checkpoint, and prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Maannews 26 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the headquarter of At-Tamimi transporter company in Krum ‘Ashour area in Nablus city and confiscated 8 buses. The IOA also, raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses at the eastern part of Nablus city. (Maannews 26 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invade and searched tens Palestinian houses in Rujeib village, southeast of Nablus city. (Maannews 26 November 2015)

Israeli settlers living in Elon Moreh settlement tried to attack Palestinian houses at the eastern part of Salim village, east of Nablus city. (NBPRS 26 November 2015)

Israeli settlers living in Elon Moreh settlement attacked a Palestinian shepherd while he was at the Israeli Bypass road near the aforementioned settlement, and stole a number of sheep. (NBPRS 26 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern part of Qusra village, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 13 Palestinians. (Maannews 27 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated a Palestinian bulldozer from Beit Dajan village, east of Nablus city. (Maannews 27 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinian and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Qa’da area, west of Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of Ibrahim Khatatba (14 years) and Salah Hanini (14 years). (Maannews 27 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinians in Qusra village, south of Nablus city. (Pal Today 27 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 28 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced Palestinian farmers to leave their land, while they were harvesting olive trees, in Burin village, south of Nablus city. (RB2000 28 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers attacked Palestinians in Madama village, south of Nablus city, and threatened them. (RB2000 28 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed blockade at Nablus city, after closing all the entrances. The IOA closed Huwara, Deir Sharaf, Beit Furik and At-Tanib military checkpoints. (NBPRS 29 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched three Palestinian houses in Askar refugee camp and Nablus city, and threatened to demolish the houses. The targeted houses are owned by the families of three Palestinian martyrs; identified as: Ashraqat Qatani, Basem Salah and Ala Hashah. (Maannews 30 November 2015)

Gaza

• Two Palestinians were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a number of Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Maannews 1 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Raya 2 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews 2 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp, in the
central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians, causing the injury of a 23 years old Palestinian. (Al-Quds 3 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land at Bo’rit Abu Samra area at the northern part of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence at Wadi As-Salqa area, east of Deir Al Balah town in the central of Gaza strip. As a result, a Palestinian was injured. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Al Magahzi and Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers staged 150 meters into Al Faraheen and al Qarara towns, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, and razed Palestinian agricultural land. (Al-Quds & Maannews 5 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Gaza city. (Wattan 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Salamah Musa Abu Jam’a (23 years) during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were near the border fence, east of Khan Younis and Deir Al Balah cities in Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 7 November 2015)

- A Palestinian was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 7 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Khan Younis shore. (Wattan 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers staged 90 meters into the Palestinian land, north of Beit Lahiya town in Gaza strip, razed the land and opened fire at houses. (Al-Quds 9 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, near the border fence, east of Juhr Ad-Dik and Al Malaka areas, southeast of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 9 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shores, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 9 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation warplanes launched missiles at an area located between Rafah and Khan Younis cities, south of Gaza strip. (Maannews 9 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 10 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were near the border fence at Bo’rit Abu Samra and site 16, north of Gaza stip. (Al-Quds 11 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians land and houses, near the border fence, east of Deir Al Balah city in Gaza strip. (Wattan & Wafa 12 November 2015)
• Israeli Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon revealed, on Thursday, that his government would start digging a "groove" around the Gaza Strip. According to Israeli military radio, Ya’alon said that his army is ready to start digging the groove around the coastal enclave very soon. The groove, he said, would be a deep and long hole in the ground to prevent infiltration from Gaza to Israel. Previously, informed and incredible sources told Days of Palestine that the Israeli army had already started working on the groove. “They imported 150 new bulldozers and started working in a deep and long groove around the Gaza Strip, from the north and the east,” the source said. He added: “The Israeli groove to be connected to the Egyptian, which already exists and is filled with seawater, from time to time.” According to the source, who preferred to remain unknown, the Israeli occupation is also to fill their groove with water, in order to damage the tunnels dug by the Palestinians from Gaza to Israel. After the Israeli occupation establishes the groove, the Gaza Strip would technically become an island, as it will be encircled with water from all sides. (IMEMC 12 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Ash-Shuja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Wattan & Wafa 13 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern part of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets, causing the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Wattan 13 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanoun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 7 Palestinians. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
• A Palestinian was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocating cases. (PNN 15 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land in an area located northeast of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, where they forced the Palestinian farmers to evacuate their land. (Al-Quds 15 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Beit Lahiya shore, northwest of Gaza strip, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Wattan 16 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land located near the border fence, east of Gaza city. A number of houses were damaged. (PNN 17 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian land and houses, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, where they forced the Palestinian farmers to leave their lands. (Al-Quds 17 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Beit Lahiya shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Maannews 17 November 2015)
• A Palestinian was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Maannews 17 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, at Juhor Ad-Dik area, south of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 18 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation warplanes launched several missiles at three areas in Gaza city and Al Burij refugee camp in Gaza strip. A number of houses were damaged. (Wafa 18 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, north of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (Safa 19 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. One of the targeted boat was destroyed. (Wattan 19 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land near the border fence, east of Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Maannews 19 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) east of Ash-Shuja’iya neighborhood, near Nahal Ozz area, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired rubber and live bullets, causing the injury of 7 Palestinians. (Pal Today 20 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired rubber bullets, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Pal Today 20 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Pal Today 20 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, at Al Malaka area, south of Gaza city, and at location 16 and Bo’rit Abu Sarmra areas, north of Gaza strip. (Al Quuds 21 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Pal Today 22 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land east of Rafah, Khan Younis and Beiy Hanun towns, and at the northern part of Beit Lahiya town. (ARN & Pal Info 22 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shores, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 23 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 23 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation warplanes launched a missile at an area in Al Maghazí refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 24 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land, located near the border fence, east of Al Khaza’a and Abu Rida
gate, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 24 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 25 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers staged few meters into the eastern part of Ash-Shaja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city, and razed land around Nahal Oz area. (Safa 25 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers staged 300 meters into the eastern part of Jabaliya town, north of Gaza strip, razed land and erected earth mound inside the border of Gaza strip. (Maannews 25 November 2015)

- Two Palestinian fishermen were injured after the Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at their boat while they were sailing at Gaza city shore. (Al-Quds 26 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, north and east of Beit Hanun, north of Beit Lahiya towns in Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 26 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians, causing the injury of two of them. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)

- Two Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Beit Lahiya shore, north of Gaza strip. (Maannews 28 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shores, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 29 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, northeast of Beit Hanun and north of Beit Lahiya towns and at Bo’rit Abu Samra and area 16. (Al-Quds 30 November 2015)

Others

• Israel: New diplomats will be trained to defend settlements. Israeli soldiers shot dead a knife-wielding Palestinian who tried to stab them on Sunday in the West Bank city of Hebron, the military said, in the latest violence of a bloody six-week spell. The military said the shooting took place during a riot and that no Israelis were harmed. Later Sunday, a Palestinian rammed his car into a group of Israelis standing on the side of the road in the West Bank, police spokeswoman Luba Samri said. She said the attacker escaped and security forces were searching the area. Three people were hurt, one seriously, said Eli Bin of Israel’s rescue service. A series of Palestinian attacks began in mid-September over tensions surrounding a sensitive Jerusalem holy site and have since spread across Israel, the West Bank and Gaza. It has been accompanied by widespread unrest, including clashes between Palestinian stone-throwers and Israeli troops. Israel has blamed the Palestinian attacks on what it says is anti-Israel incitement by Palestinian political and religious leaders. Palestinians say the violence is largely driven by the hopelessness many Palestinians feel after nearly half a century of Israeli military rule, with no end in sight. In recent days, Hebron has become a flashpoint of Israeli-Palestinian violence, with near-daily deadly confrontations at Israeli checkpoints that guard ultra-nationalist Jewish settlers in the center of the city. In these incidents, Palestinians have been shot dead after the military said they stabbed or tried to stab soldiers. Hebron has been divided since the late 1990s, as part of what was meant to be an interim agreement ahead of a final peace deal that never materialized. Israel controls the city center, where 850 Jewish settlers live, while the remaining areas of the city are under Palestinian self-rule. Also Sunday, Israel’s deputy foreign minister said diplomats in training will now visit the West Bank and be taught how to defend the status of Jewish settlements there. Tzipi Hotovely told Israel’s Army Radio that she initiated changes in the course curriculum to include a greater emphasis on the Jewish people’s ancient links to the land. "There are systematic Palestinian attempts to rewrite history and cut the deep ties between the Jewish people and its historic capital," she said. She said the course will include compulsory tours to the City of David, a Jewish enclave in
mostly Arab east Jerusalem, seized by Israel in the 1967 war from Jordan and claimed by the Palestinians as part of their future state. Hotovely says it is important to stress that Jewish settlements are legal "by law and custom." The international community generally considers settlement in lands captured in the 1967 war to be illegal and illegitimate. With Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu also serving as foreign minister, Hotovely oversees the office’s day-to-day operations. (Business Insider 1 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities established a new information Centre called 'Journey from Jerusalem to Jerusalem", in an area adjacent to the Western Wall tunnels of the Al-Aqsa Mosque. The Centre has sponsored by a religious settlement associations, and consist of computers and display screens for posting pictures and false and forged about the occupied Jerusalem. (Wafa 1 November 2015)

- The Judaization of an East Jerusalem Neighborhood Gains Steam. The NGO Ateret Cohanim is cooperating with the government to establish a whole Jewish quarter inside the Silwan neighborhood. Earlier this month, Jerusalem police chief Moshe Edri submitted an affidavit to the Supreme Court, explaining why the police couldn’t help remove a synagogue built illegally on privately owned Palestinian land in the settlement Givat Ze’ev. According to Edri, because of the current terror wave, the police couldn’t divert forces for such a task. As the government stated to the Supreme Court, “the assessment by the Jerusalem district commander is that the security situation requires a further postponement of the demolition of the building”. But the next day, the day of the planned demolition, the police found hundreds of officers for a different assignment: blocking all entrances to East Jerusalem neighborhood Silwan to protect officials implementing an eviction order. The police let a mover’s truck reach the home of the Abu Nab family, who were moving out so Jews could move in. The eviction of the Abu Nab family, after a long legal battle, is the latest success of the NGO Ateret Cohanim – with the police’s close cooperation – in expanding the Jewish presence in the heart of Silwan. Unlike settler group Elad, which buys houses in the City of David near the Old City, Ateret Cohanim aims to establish a Jewish neighborhood in the very center of an Arab one. The takeover of the houses culminates dozens of lawsuits against Palestinian families to persuade them to move in exchange for money, and extreme financial and legal pressure against the families that refuse. In this, Ateret Cohanim enjoys the remarkably close cooperation of the authorities. Ateret Cohanim portrays itself as an NGO that goes beyond the letter of the law; one that in its benevolence pays Palestinian families to move despite the
eviction order they already face. In any case, the Judaization of Silwan, with all its consequences, is orchestrated by one man, referred to here as M. The Supreme Court has prohibited the publishing of his name or those of Palestinian residents with whom he has signed agreements. Justice Isaac Amit granted M.’s claim, supported by the attorney general, that his life would be in jeopardy if his name were published. Haaretz argued, through attorney Tal Lieblich of the law firm Lieblich-Moser, that the principle is not protecting a life but defending Ateret Cohanim’s right to do property deals, with all the security and political ramifications, far from the public eye. And in any case, this argument goes, M. is already well known in Silwan. M. lives in a West Bank settlement and has been involved in property deals in Hebron. Silwan residents say he has almost unlimited funds at his disposal and enjoys close relations with the police, the Custodian of Absentee Property and other authorities. In the early 2000s, he began his activities in the Batn al-Hawa neighborhood, later to be named the Yemenite Village by Ateret Cohanim. The project would substantially change the character of the small neighborhood. (Haaretz 2 November 2015)

- **EU to publish guidelines on the consumer labeling of settlement products** The European Union is expected to publish in the next few weeks its long anticipated guidelines on the consumer labeling of Israeli products produced over the pre-1967 lines – in east Jerusalem, the West Bank and the Golan Heights. The impending EU labeling of what it calls “settlement products” has been a contentious issue between Brussels and Jerusalem since 2012. Monday night an Israeli diplomat said, “We expect the guidelines to be published soon, possibly within days.” The official added, “We’re trying to convince the European Union and its member states that this is a mistake. It has an element of discrimination to it and does not in any way help the diplomatic process.” Israel took issue with the publication of the guidelines at time when the Palestinian leadership refuses to hold direct talks with Israel and during a period in which, since October 1, Palestinian assailants have killed 11 Israelis and wounded more than 100 in a series of some 60 attacks. “If anything, the publication of these guidelines now gives the Palestinians a prize for their terrorism and obstinacy. It also supports the overall atmosphere of Israeli boycotts,” the official said. The guidelines, to be published out of Brussels under the guidance of the EU foreign policy chief Federica Mogherini, do not need to be put to a vote. The document simply puts together already existing guidelines and legislation with regard to “settlement products.” It is designed to help EU member states understand what the law is with regard to the labeling of such products. The EU
considers Jewish communities over the pre-1967 lines in east Jerusalem, the Golan Heights and the West Bank to be illegal under international law. For over a decade, Israeli products produced over the pre-1967 lines have been exempt from Israel’s free trade agreement with the EU. Codes have been placed on the products to allow EU custom officials to properly determine if the products were produced within the Green Line or over it. These guidelines would provide European consumers in stores with that same information. Under pressure from the United States, the EU backed away from its push to publish the settlement guidelines during the nine-month negotiations period brokered by US Secretary of State John Kerry that ended without any results in April 2014. Since then the peace process has been frozen. All attempts to bring the two sides together have failed. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu has called on Palestinian Authority President Mahmoud Abbas to resume direct talks immediately without any preconditions. Abbas has refused to hold such talks unless Israel agrees to withdraw to the pre-1967 lines and to stop all Jewish building in east Jerusalem and the West Bank. In the absence of any peace process member states have pushed Mogherini to move forward with the publication of the guidelines. Last week Palestinian Authority President Mahmoud Abbas’ visit to Mogherini in Brussels and spoke to her about the danger settlement building poses any possibly of a two-state solution. Israel has longed claimed that settlement building is not a stumbling block to peace and that the main issue is the Palestinian refusal to recognize that Israel is the homeland for the Jewish people. When Netanyahu met with Mogherini on the sidelines of the United Nations General Assembly in New York at the start of October, he said, that for many Israelis product labeling recalls dark days in Europe. He warned that such action also hardens Israeli domestic opinion. On Tuesday, Deputy Foreign Minister Tzipi Hotovely is expected to head to the Barkan Industrial Park in the Samaria region of the West Bank to speak against settlement product labeling. On Sunday, Knesset Speaker Yuli Edelstein attacked the overall issue of boycotting settlement products at a Knesset meeting with Samaria Regional Council head Yossi Dagan and a visiting delegation of Italian Jews. (JPOST 3 November 2015)

- Israel Moves to Green Light 2,200 New Settlement Units, Recognizes Outposts. Regional master plan approved last week will see two outposts retroactively approved, and existing settlements get thousands of more homes. Israel’s civilian planning committee for construction in the West Bank moved last week to green light some
2,200 new housing units within existing settlements and retroactively recognize two outposts, most likely in a bid to preempt legal attempts by Palestinians and rights groups to see the sites evacuated. The move is only preliminary and is still subject to changes before the new units break ground. The Higher Planning Council of the Civil Administration agreed to advance a master plan for the Ma’aleh Michmash area east of Ramallah that will retroactively approve two outposts and add thousands of homes to the settlements in the region. The plan includes the settlements of Ma’aleh Michmash, Rimonim, Kochav Hashahar, Tel Zion and Psagot, and the area south of the settlement of Ofra. The plan was originally submitted in 2014, and last month Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon gave the green light for the council to discuss it. A hearing was held on October 21 and a decision was reached on November 3 and published on Thursday. Ya’alon’s adviser on settlement issues, Koby Eliraz, attended the council hearing, which is considered unusual. The approval was apparently given in anticipation of a High Court of Justice hearing scheduled for Wednesday on a petition by the Yesh Din organization and Palestinians from the area who want to evacuate the Mitzpeh Danny outpost, which the plan seeks to recognize. Under the plan, by 2030 there will be 800 homes in Ma’aleh Michmash, which serves as the central land reserve in the region, while 300 more homes will be added to Kochav Hashahar. All told, some 2,200 homes will be added to the area’s settlements. To reach that ambitious goal, the plan seeks to regularize the Mitzpeh Danny and Neveh Erez outposts. The plan also includes tourism sites and an education complex. The Higher Planning Council agreed to submit the plan for public comment, subject to augmentations the council is demanding. This is only a very preliminary stage in the process on the route to construction; after the comment period there will be hearings on the objections, after which the plan will be submitted for validation. Later on, it will be possible to draw up more limited plans that will lead to actual construction. (Haaretz 9 November 2015)

• While the prime minister is in the US, Jerusalem’s committee for planning and construction is expected to approve on Wednesday the building of 891 new housing units in the neighborhood of Gilo, which is located beyond the Green Line. The plan will see the construction of new homes in an empty area between Gilo and the Palestinian village of Beit Jala. The area is under ownership of several bodies, including the Israel Land Administration and KKL-JNF. In order to issue a building permit, all plots will have to come under one ownership, and then be re-divided. The plan was submitted and approved in 2013, but
the planning was stopped as a result of the unofficial construction freeze in Jerusalem. After the committee approves the re-division of the plots, it will essentially green light the project, allowing it to move forward. The Jerusalem municipality said in response: "This is not an approval of construction plans, as the plans have been approved two years ago in a district committee. This is a strictly technical process of correcting the internal borders of the plots." (Ynetnews 11 November 2015)

- Defense Ministry, Treasury Agree on $15.6 Billion Defense Budget for 2016. Both claim victory after deal, but army seems to have held ground on major issues. Next year’s defense budget will be about 60.5 billion shekels ($15.6 million), according to a decision reached Sunday by Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon and Finance Minister Moshe Kahlon, and approved by a Knesset defense committee. The official budget will be less, 56.1 billion shekels, but the two ministers have already agreed on an extra 4.4 billion shekels in funding the defense establishment will receive in 2016. The defense budget committee, headed by MK Tzachi Hanegbi (Likud), approved the budget by 8 votes to 4. A good atmosphere has reportedly prevailed in the talks between the Finance Ministry, Defense Ministry and Israel Defense Forces this year, and in recent days both sides made major efforts to present the budget deal as a historic breakthrough. However, it seems the changes are less dramatic than the two ministries made them out to be. The defense establishment will receive extra funding beyond the official budget next year, and agreements on other matters do not particularly conform to the recommendations of last summer’s Locker Committee on the defense budget, which Ya’alon and the IDF brass opposed. The defense establishment compromised on some points, but was able to block changes that it did not want. The result is that the treasury has agreed to the multiyear plan formulated by IDF Chief of Staff Gadi Eisenkot, with some minor amendments. The agreement does not place real pressure on the defense establishment to streamline, except for some improvements to defense-establishment transparency that will help the treasury. The defense establishment is especially proud of the fact it was able to quash the treasury’s demands that certain items – including the move of IDF military bases to the Negev; security for oil rigs at sea, to be provided by the navy; and the privatization of Israel’s military industries – be funded completely from within. Funding for these projects will still remain external to the defense budget. However, it seems the Finance Ministry understands these agreements differently than defense officials, because if the Finance Ministry believes the defense establishment is not meeting its
obligations to streamline, it is expecting to go back to demanding internal defense funding for some of these projects. Security sources say the sides have agreed that the defense budget could exceed 60.5 billion shekels in future years. However, this question is also open to interpretation and the details have yet to be hammered out. The treasury and Defense Ministry have also agreed in principle to further shorten service for men, by two months to 30 months (beginning in 2020). It also decided on partial implementation of the Goren Committee’s recommendation to restrict the numbers of disabled veterans receiving full benefits, although this will not affect disabled soldiers already receiving benefits. The sides also reached agreement on pension conditions – in favor of the Defense Ministry’s position. The IDF and Defense Ministry were strongly opposed to the Locker Committee’s recommendation that very few officers should receive bridging pensions when they retire from the army at age 42, instead receiving a retirement bonus. In the end, the sides agreed on a model proposed by another committee and different from the Locker idea: The number of career officers reaching full pension age will be reduced by establishing another exit point from the career army at age 35. In addition, the army will hand over about 40 of its functions every year to civilians, in units like the Military Advocate General and the chief of staff’s financial adviser, thereby also reducing the number of officers reaching full or partial pension age. This will mean only a few hundred officers will receive bridging pensions. However, implementation will depend mainly on the good intentions of the army; there is no real external oversight on the matter. The bottom line is that the ability of the treasury to oversee or enforce the agreements is limited, with Kahlon relying mainly on Chief of Staff Eisenkot’s reforms. The latter has already shown he is willing to compromise and take risks to improve the readiness of the army. These are important steps, but they remain the responsibility of the IDF, without the treasury or other entities being able to exert real influence. (Haaretz 15 November 2015)

- Netanyahu to ask High Court of Justice to allow state to relocate Givat Ze’ev synagogue. The community of worshipers who have used the synagogue for the last two decades were not involved in the purchase of the property and have spent the last year fighting to save the synagogue. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu on Sunday night agreed to appeal to the High Court of Justice to delay, for one last time, the demolition of the Ayelet HaShachar in the Givat Ze’ev settlement to allow for the structure to be relocated to a nearby plot of land. The High Court of Justice had ordered the synagogue to be demolished.
by November 18th, after it was discovered that documents with regard to the purchase of the property from its Palestinian owners had been forged. The community of worshipers who have used the synagogue for the last two decades were not involved in the purchase of the property and have spent the last year fighting to save the synagogue. Netanyahu held a number of consultations in his office on Sunday, including with Education Minister Naftali Bennett who heads the Bayit Yehudi party, Minister of the Development of the Negev and Galilee and Periphery Aryeh Deri who heads the Shas party and Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon. Late at night, after further meetings that included Justice Minister Ayelet Shaked (Bayit Yehudi) and Public Security Minister Gilad Erdan (Likud), Netanyahu decided to act on a proposal by Deri to relocate the synagogue. If the structure cannot be moved, than much of the interior would be relocated. The High Court of Justice, must approve the deal, for it to go into effect. The justices have already accepted a number of delay since the initial High Court ruling to raze the synagogue last summer. First the demolition deadline was delayed because of the High Holiday season. Then it was put off again so as not to divert the attention security forces who were combating a wave of Palestinian terror that began on October 1. The High Court of Justice granted an addition extension after police said they feared right-wing extremists would respond to the demolition by executing “price-tag” attacks of revenge against innocent Palestinians, thereby further inflaming the already existing violence. The battle over the small one-story stone synagogue began seven years ago the nongovernmental group Yesh Din petitioned the court against the synagogue after it was discovered that documents relating to the purchase of its property from Palestinian land owners were forged. In 2014, a court ordered the synagogue destroyed. Located just outside of Jerusalem, Givat Ze’ev has a population of almost 15,000 and is the fifth-largest West Bank settlement. (JPOST 16 November 2015)

- Illegally Built Synagogue in West Bank Settlement to Be Replaced in Compromise Deal. The synagogue, built on private Palestinian land, was supposed to be demolished Tuesday, but state says its demolition by force would 'lead to bloodshed'. A settlement synagogue that is due to be demolished Tuesday will be replaced by a state-funded structure, according to an agreement reached Monday. The Ayelet Hashahar synagogue in Givat Ze’ev, just north of Jerusalem, was built on privately-owned Palestinian land and without building permits. It is due to be demolished Tuesday by order of the High Court of Justice. The State Prosecutor’s Office petitioned the High Court last night to postpone the demolition, after the state reached a compromise
agreement with the synagogue's rabbi and worshippers. Under the agreement, the dismantling of the synagogue will be begin tomorrow and it will be replaced by a legal structure on a nearby site. “The demolition of the synagogue using force will lead to bloodshed,” the state argued in its petition. The court has not yet ruled on the petition. The estimated 5.2 million shekels ($1.34 million) cost of the new synagogue will be covered by the state. The synagogue was originally scheduled for demolition in July 2012, but the deadline has been postponed several times. Rabbi Azriel Cohen and local council head Yossi Avrhami agreed that the various auxiliary buildings around the synagogue will be demolished Tuesday, while dismantling of the synagogue will start tomorrow and take no more than 21 days. The compromise was reached in a meeting convened by the prime minister with ministers, Dery, Bennett and Ya'alon. Rabbi Cohen said that once the new building was arranged they would evacuate the synagogue and allow it to be dismantled. He added that according to Jewish law a synagogue cannot be destroyed or abandoned before a new and better one exists to replace it. The IDF’s Civil Administration is responsible for demolishing the buildings, while the Jerusalem police are responsible for providing security. Dozens, if not hundreds, of people who oppose the demolition are staying in the synagogue for now, in an attempt to prevent the demolition. (Haaretz 17 November 2015)

• Netanyahu Approves 454 New Housing Units Beyond Green Line. Projects in Jerusalem settlement Ramat Shlomo and neighborhood Ramot had long been frozen for fear of international backlash. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu approved Monday the immediate marketing of land for the construction of 436 housing units in the Jerusalem settlement of Ramat Shlomo and 18 new housing units in the Jerusalem neighborhood of Ramot, which is also beyond the Green Line. Construction of these housing units had long been frozen by the prime minister, out of fear of international backlash. The Jerusalem Municipality’s Planning and Building Committee had planned to discuss the construction of 88 housing units in Ramat Shlomo two weeks ago, but the meeting was postponed due to orders from the prime minister’s office, according to a senior city official. The prime minister, the source explained, hoped to avoid a diplomatic embarrassment during his trip to Washington, where he met with U.S. President Barack Obama last week. The U.S. administration is particularly sensitive to the construction plans in the neighborhood, as they were first announced during U.S. Vice President Joe Biden’s visit to Israel in 2010, and led to a diplomatic crisis. MK Omer Bar-Lev (Zionist Union) said in response to Netanyahu’s decision that the prime
minister is "acting like a child who waits for his parents to go to bed to sneak out and watch television. As usual, he is cynically taking advantage of the situation to pass his provocative and defiant decision under the radar. Why thaw the construction in Ramat Shlomo now? Because all the world powers are preoccupied with the murderous attack in France and won’t be paying attention to denounce the move?"

In May of this year, less than 24 hours after the new Israeli government was formed, the United States objected to the controversial plan to build new Jewish homes in East Jerusalem. U.S. State Department spokesman Jeff Rathke told reporters the administration was “disappointed” and “concerned” over government approval of the construction plans for Ramat Shlomo in East Jerusalem. “This is a disappointing development as the new Israeli government has been announced – and we are concerned about it. We need to see commitment for the two-state solution in the actions of the new government,” he said. “Building in East Jerusalem is damaging and inconsistent with the commitment to the two-state solution.” The criticism came in response to the Jerusalem District Planning and Building Committee’s decision to go ahead with the construction. The plan gained recognition in 2010, when it was announced during a visit to Israel by United States Vice President Joe Biden, leading to a diplomatic crisis between the two countries. Though the plan was approved in November 2013, construction was put on hold until the completion of a new traffic interchange at the entrance to the neighborhood. (Haaretz 17 November 2015)

- Ex-minister, Former Israeli Officers Propose Plan to Unilaterally Divide Jerusalem. All sides slam a new plan calling to erect a fence and transfer civil control over the capital’s Arab neighborhoods to the Palestinian Authority. Former minister Haim Ramon and the Peace and Security Association intend to present a new and unilateral plan for the division of Jerusalem this week. The plan is scheduled to be launched in a festive ceremony that includes the laying of what is supposed to be the symbolic cornerstone for the new fence that will divide Jerusalem and transfer most of its Arab neighborhoods to the Palestinian Authority. Even before the plan’s official launch, it has drawn heavy criticism from both the Israeli right and left - and the Palestinians too. The plan, which was written by Col. (res.) Shaul Arieli, is based on the principles of a one-sided separation of most of the Arab neighborhoods of the city and transferring them to the PA with the status of "Area B," territory where the PA has full civil control and shares security responsibility with Israel. The new border under the proposal would leave the Old City and the "historic basin" - which
includes large parts of the neighborhoods of Silwan, the Mount of Olives and other Arab neighborhoods - inside Israeli territory. The plan does not include removing settlers living inside Palestinian neighborhoods. The sponsors of the plan speak of the need to protect "Jewish Jerusalem," both demographically and also in security terms. The plan would gradually eliminate the residency rights inside Israel of the Palestinians from East Jerusalem, but they would still be allowed to continue to pass through the border fence and work in western Jerusalem. The crossing points and checkpoints that divide East and western Jerusalem today would remain open permanently, too. The plan would require the Knesset changing the Basic Law on Jerusalem, which would require a special majority of 61 Knesset members to pass. Even before the plan's official launch later this week, it has become a target for serious attacks. Adnan Ghaith, secretary of the Jerusalem branch of the Palestinian Fatah party and the head Tanzim in the city, said the plan will not receive the agreement of any official Palestinian body. If the agreement has "a state next to a state in the 1967 borders, then that is something different. But if it is in such a fashion, without al-Aqsa [mosque] and without Silwan, what does it give?" said Ghaith. The fact that the left offers it is even worse, it tells you there is no hope and when there is no hope we have seen what happens. No one can agree to such a thing, whoever agrees will be a collaborator," he added.

Marik Shtern, a researcher at the Jerusalem Institute for Israel Studies, who recently wrote a study on Palestinian employment in the city, also rejects the proposal: "The Palestinians in the eastern part of the city view themselves as Jerusalemites and they are part of the urban framework, like Gilo and French Hill. The city of Jerusalem cannot exist today without the Arab population, and the ties woven here over the past 50 years are very hard to sever," said Shtern. Shtern estimates that at least half of the workforce in East Jerusalem, over 30,000 workers, are employed in the western half of the capital, or elsewhere in Israel. If the new fence makes it difficult for them to get to work, it will create a severe humanitarian crisis in East Jerusalem and a serious shortage of workers in entire industries in the city, such as hotels, industry, transportation, medicine and others, he said. Ramon rejects the criticism. "To correct historic mistakes is always difficult," he says. "The right objects to it because it wants a [unified] Jerusalem. The left objects because it worries about the Palestinians, and we will worry about what is good for Israel. It was a historic mistake to annex these neighborhoods of the city and we must correct this. The Palestinians who live there are not meant to be Israeli residents. They do not recognize our occupation, and it is also impossible not to recognize and
to benefit from it. The basic law will be amended, the map will change and they will return to where they belong - and Jerusalem will be more logical, more Jewish and safer," said Ramon. The Commanders for Israel's Security organization, a non-partisan group of former senior officials in Mossad, IDF, police and Shin Bet security service, denied it had any involvement in the initiative. (Haaretz 17 November 2015)

- **PM approves marketing housing units beyond Green Line. Building of homes in Ramat Shlomo had been frozen, but Jerusalem municipality has demanded another 1,000 units.** Fresh from a successful trip to Washington, Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu on Monday approved the marketing of 436 housing units in the settlement of Ramat Shlomo, next to Shuafat in the north of East Jerusalem. The building of the units had already been approved in 2012, but had been frozen ever since, with Israel loath to create a diplomatic incident. A discussion on the matter was supposed to take place last week but was postponed due to Netanyahu's trip to the US. The ground to be marketed covers around a third of the settlement. Ramat Shlomo was previously the subject of a diplomatic dispute between the US and Israel, when building plans were announced during US Vice President Joe Biden's visit to Israel five years ago. Meanwhile, the Jerusalem municipality requested marketing of a further 1,000 housing units. A further 18 housing units in the Ramot neighborhood, also over the Green Line, will also be marketed. Chairman of the local council for building and planning in Jerusalem, Meir Turgeman, has contacted the Prime Minister, requesting that he push for approval of land development for the other 1,000 housing units in Ramat Shlomo, whose building plans have already been approved, but not yet their marketing. Last July, following the demolition of the Dreinof houses in Beir El, Netanyahu approved the immediate construction of 300 housing units in the settlement, whose constriction was promised three years ago by Israel's government following the moving of the structures from Ulpana Hill. In addition, marketing and building has been approved for housing units in several Jerusalem Neighborhoods: Marketing 91 units in Pisgat Ze'ev, and planning 300 units in Ramot, 70 in Gilo, 24 in Pisgat Ze'ev, and 19 in Har Homa. While PM Netanyahu was visiting the United States last week, the Jerusalem Local Council debated a large 900-unit construction plan in Gilo, which is beyond the Green Line. The council approved the partition plans and gave the green light to go on with construction. The plan in question is the Mordot Gilo South plan, and includes 891 units on empty ground between Gilo and the Palestinian village of Beit Jala. The land on which the houses are set to be built is owned by several different people and
bodies, among them Keren Kayemet Leyisrael and the Israel Land Authority, and thus a construction permit would require the unification of the separate land pieces and their redistribution. A similar case occurred in 2010, when Netanyahu went to the US and the local council approved building 32 housing units in eastern Pisgat Ze’ev, outside the Green Line. A memorably controversial moment occurred eight months before the approval of construction in Pisgat Ze’ev, when a 1,600 unit addition in the Ramat Shlomo neighborhood of Jerusalem was approved during a visit to Israel by American Vice President Joe Biden. (Ynetnews 18 November 2015)

- **Israel Ignoring Construction of Two Unauthorized West Bank Roads, Including One on Palestinian Land.** State says the two new roads have never been challenged in court, so there is no reason they cannot be built. The government is ignoring the construction of two new roads in the West Bank, one of them over private Palestinian land, which are meant to replace two other roads the Supreme Court ordered demolished. The state says the two new roads have never been challenged in court, so there is no reason they cannot be built. This week, the Supreme Court held a hearing on the road leading to the unauthorized outpost of Mitzpe Danny, as part of two different cases. The Yesh Din – Volunteers for Human Rights organization appealed to the court asking to demolish the road, which passes over privately owned Palestinian land, as well as a house in the outpost. In the second case, two private Palestinian petitioners have asked to demolish seven homes in the outpost. In response, the state says that the road was in fact built on private Palestinian land, but will be demolished by February 1, 2016. Attorney Shlomi Zachary, representing Yesh Din, told the court that instead of the existing road, a new road is being built and it also makes use of privately owned land. The government’s response admitted to this fact, but said the new road is not part of the present case. Supreme Court Justice Elyakim Rubinstein accepted the state’s claim and ruled that the issue of the new road was not part of the case, but it would be better to find an interim solution that would not use private land, “and in any case it was a clear justification for speeding up the planning, and the respondents should consider this,” wrote Rubinstein. The other road is being built to connect the outpost of Haroeh near Eli with the nearby settlement of Ma’ale Levona. Here the land is of undetermined ownership, having the status of “survey land,” for which no in-depth examination of the ownership has been conducted. This new road is meant to replace an existing one that the High Court of Justice ordered demolished because it too is partly on privately owned land. The court ordered this carried out by December
In its ruling almost a year ago, the court gave the government a year in order to build an alternative – but the state has done nothing to find a solution and the new road is being constructed without proper permits and planning. The IDF’s Civil Administration in the West Bank will not take any action against this new road because the residents “need a road and there is nothing that can be done,” an official in the Civil Administration told Haaretz. The council heads of two nearby Palestinian villages petitioned the High Court Wednesday against the building of the road, and the state is supposed to respond by Friday. The Civil Administration said the work on the new road was illegal and a stop-work order had been issued against it. (Haaretz 18 November 2015)

- Ministers Authorize West Bank Closures That IDF Was Already Conducting. Security cabinet decision grants military commanders power to put Palestinian villages under lockdown, but army source says the IDF never needed such authorization. The security cabinet has authorized the Israeli army to impose full closures on Palestinian villages in the West Bank while searching for suspected terrorists, a senior official in Jerusalem said Friday. However, it has emerged that the IDF hadn’t needed such approval in the past. The cabinet decision taken on Thursday evening allows military commanders to decide whether to put a village under lockdown without waiting for approval from the government. But a military source confirmed that in effect, the tactical decision to put a village on lockdown is already made by military commanders on the ground. (Haaretz 27 November 2015)

- Israeli weekly newspaper “Kool Ha’ir” revealed that the Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem prepared a plan to construct a new road and a roundabout at the entrance of Har Homa settlement. (Al-Quds 28 November 2015)

- Jewish youths tell Palestinian farmers, ‘You’re all Dawabsha’. Teens from Yitzhar settlement seen on video threatening residents of nearby Madama village in northern West Bank. About a dozen Jewish teenage boys on Saturday shouted racist threats at Palestinian farmers in the northern West Bank in footage released by the Rabbis for Human Rights advocacy group on Sunday. The farmers were “all Abu Khdeir,” the youths yelled, in reference to an East Jerusalem Arab teenager brutally murdered by suspected Jewish terrorists in July 2014. The Abu Khdeir trial is ongoing and a main suspect is awaiting his verdict, which is expected Monday. In the video, 12 people can be seen walking in white Sabbath shirts on the side of a hill in the West Bank. Two of
the people seem to be older than the rest. As the teens yell the slogans, the adults look on and do not try to stop them. According to the NGO, whose members are rabbis who do not use electronic devices on the Jewish Sabbath, the clip was filmed by an activist identified in a statement by his first name, Zakaria. The clip was filmed near the Palestinian village of Madama, adjacent to Route 60 and north of Yitzhar in the northern West Bank. The settlers can also be heard yelling “You are all Muhammad Dawabsha,” “Dawabsha 2” and “Go to Duma,” references to the terror attack in which three members of the Dawabsha family from the northern West Bank village of Duma were killed when their house was firebombed, allegedly by Jewish terrorists, in an attack that took place at the end of July. In a statement, Rabbis for Human Rights said the incident was “another testimony to the regrettable brainwashing of young people for hate and terrorism among the extremists from the settlements. When this is done on the Palestinian side we are outraged and justifiably so, and it is appropriate that those who are outraged will put their money where their mouth is. We hope this phenomenon will be officially condemned by settler leaders.” (Time of Israel 29 November 2015)

- Netanyahu advances Jewish nation-state bill. Team headed by coalition chairman is attempting to dismantle obstacles that may block the proposal, which would enshrine as a Basic Law the definition of Israel as the nation-state of the Jewish people; PM also advances legislation which would extend voting rights to Israelis abroad. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu, fresh from passing the 2015-2016 state budget, is now looking to advance coalition talks that will have dramatic political ramifications. The prime minister announced on Sunday that Coalition Chairman Tzachi Hanegbi will head up a team tasked with dismantling any potential obstacles to the passing of the Nationality Law. Additionally, the team will be responsible for formulating wording for the bill that will be acceptable to all branches of the coalition. In addition to Hanegbi, members of the committee will include Justice Minister Ayelet Shaked and MKs Yifat Shasha-Biton of Kulanu, Uri Maklev of United Torah Judaism and former minister Ariel Atias, who will represent Shas. The nation-state law is a source of considerable division in the government. A few weeks ago, Netanyahu decided to postpone its approval in the Ministerial Committee for Legislation until a team had been established to deal with the proposed law. Although Netanyahu has now decided to push ahead with the legislation, it is still unclear when the bill will be submitted to the coalition and what would be its wording. The first clause in the
Nationality Law would enshrine as a Basic Law the concept that Israel is the nation-state of the Jewish people. The clause also sets out that all Israeli law must be interpreted according to this principle. This imperative has already been set out before in Israel, when it was mandated that Israeli law defer to the principles of human rights as enshrined in the Basic Law: Human Dignity and Liberty. The Basic Law also specifies some of the practical aspects of the State of Israel being the nation-state of the Jewish people. The law addresses state symbols (national anthem, flag, icons), Jerusalem as the capital, the language, the right of return, ingathering of the exiles, Jewish settlement, relations with the Jewish Diaspora, the Hebrew calendar and holy sites. There are fears that the law will provoke civil and political clashes, primarily due to the reactions of Arab Israelis and the fear of being depicted globally as a nationalist state that advances nationalist laws. "It is a sensitive law, because we don't want to hurt the Arab-Israeli public," said a senior coalition figure on Sunday. "We need to solve this in the coalition." "I have recently heard voices from public groups in the country against our decision to outlaw the Northern Branch of the Islamic Movement. This will not change our decision one millimeter," Netanyahu said at the opening of the weekly cabinet meeting on Sunday. "We stand by this decision just as we stand by passing the Nationality Law that will clearly set out Israel’s being a Jewish and democratic state, the national state of the Jewish People."

"Within this framework, the discussions that we promised to hold will start this week led by coalition chairman MK Tzachi Hanegbi. We are starting to advance the legislation of the Nationality Law," Netanyahu added. Netanyahu also appointed MK Yariv Levin (Likud) to deal with issues relating to changing the system of governance in Israel. Levin will head up coalition teams that will deal with these matters as well as with advancing the law for Israelis to vote from abroad. Currently, Israelis who live abroad can only vote if they are in Israel on election day. A proposal to allow Israelis abroad to participate in elections has been put forward in the past and over the years, various assessments throughout Israel’s political system have shown that the majority of overseas voters fall within the right-wing camp. Statistics gathered in 2009 showed that 550,000 Israelis were living abroad at that time, not including children who were born outside Israel. Other proposals under plan to change the system of governance would be to remove the need for the president to declare who will form the government, and that the responsibility for formation would be imposed on the largest party. (Ynetnews 29 November 2015)
• Government Approves Extra Funding for Jerusalem but Not Through Municipality. Mayor Barkat backs down from anti-Kahlon campaign after finance minister approves assistance through Jerusalem Affairs Ministry. The cabinet approved a plan Sunday to strengthen businesses in Jerusalem by increasing funding to the city, through the Jerusalem Affairs Ministry and other bodies rather than through the Jerusalem municipality. At Sunday’s cabinet meeting Mayor Nir Barkat apologized for a campaign he had launched against Finance Minister Moshe Kahlon before the plan was approved, and said he was ending his boycott of the Jerusalem affairs minister, Zeev Elkin. The aggressive campaign Barkat launched a few weeks ago slammed Kahlon for refusing to increase funding to the municipality. The campaign included numerous posters accusing Kahlon of abandoning the city. Barkat had also refused to cooperate with Elkin because he opposed the latter’s appointment as Jerusalem affairs minister. Barkat said the ministry was only an obstacle to the municipality. In response to the campaign, the treasury began to approve assistance to the city, although it bypasses the municipality. However, on Sunday Barkat came to the cabinet meeting and said he welcomed the plan. “Jerusalem is above everything,” the mayor said after the cabinet meeting. “I’m glad we decided to put political disputes aside and cooperate and do the best thing for Jerusalem”. Officials in the municipality said the plan would not have been approved if Barkat had not mounted his campaign against the finance minister, and now the two sides can sit down to negotiate over increased funding for the city. In the official statement released by the ministries of finance, tourism and Jerusalem affairs, the municipality was not even mentioned. The additional funding will be channeled through the government ministries and the Jerusalem Development Authority, not through the municipality. “Today we are strengthening Jerusalem’s citizens and small and medium-size businesses in the city in days that are not simple,” Kahlon said. “And we say to you, we are all here for you … With this decision we ensure that all the funding we transfer will go directly to the residents of Jerusalem and to the city’s most essential needs”. (Haaretz 30 November 2015)

• Israeli Prime minister Benjamin Netanyahu said that no plans to deliver land from Area C in the occupied West Bank to Palestinians, claiming the outraged Israeli ministers. According to Al Ray, in a meeting for Likud ministers on Sunday, Netanyahu stressed that there will be no transfer of land to the Palestinian Authority, “not 40 thousand dunams, not 10 thousand, not one meter,” he said. On
Sunday, the Israeli Cabinet demanded answers after reports surfaced that the Israeli Civil Administration, under orders from Netanyahu, was preparing to deliver 10,000 dunams (2,471 acres) of land from Area C in occupied West Bank to the PA as a confidence-building measure, as reported by Al Ray. The Yesha Council also strongly denounced the plan, accusing Netanyahu of giving “concessions” instead of attacking the PA and its leaders who “encourage terrorism.” (PNN 30 November 2015)

- Monthly Violations Statistics – November 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Governorate</th>
<th>Land Confiscated (Dunums)</th>
<th>Threatened of Confiscation (Dunums)</th>
<th>Lands Uprooted Trees/ Burnt trees</th>
<th>Demolished Houses</th>
<th>Demolished structures</th>
<th>Houses threatened of Demolition</th>
<th>Israeli settlers violence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bethlehem</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jerusalem</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jenin</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tulkarm</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramallah</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nablus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salfit</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jericho</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gaza</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qalqilyah</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hebron</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tubas</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>74</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>