

## Applied Research Institute – Jerusalem

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### Report on the Israeli Colonization Activities in the West Bank & the Gaza Strip

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#### Bethlehem

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 1 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Abdalla Hamad (15 years). (Wattan 2 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Ad-Dhuheisheh refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. Two of the targeted houses are owned by: Mohammad Al-'Ajouri and Ashraf Taisir Al-'Ajouri. (Al-Quds 3 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Ubidiya town, east of Bethlehem city and stationed near Ben Abed monastery. (RB2000 3 April 2014)
- Dozens of Palestinians were suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians while they were praying at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 4 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Al-Masara village, south of Bethlehem city. (Maanews 4 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers living in Sde Boaz outpost uprooted 300 grapes trees and demolished a part of an agricultural room in Al-Khader village, west of

Bethlehem city. The targeted trees are owned by Sobeh family. After the settlers leave the area, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed it and detained the ID cards for dozens of Palestinians and decaded the area as “close military zone”. (Al-Quds 4 April 2014)

- Israeli settlers uprooted 350 grapes trees in Daher Az-Zayah area in Al-Khader village, west of Bethlehem city. The targeted trees are owned by Salah family. (Maannews 5 April 2104)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Anas Ibrahim Al-Azza (16 years). (Wafa 6 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian medical center in Bethlehem city and confiscated three computers. (Al-Quds 8 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued military orders to demolish two Palestinian houses (one of the houses consist of 2-floors), water well and a retaining wall in Al-Walaja village, west of Bethlehem city. The targeted house is owned by Nedal Shqirat and Muhannad Hussen Hajajlah. (RB2000 8 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Solomon pool area in Artas village, south of Bethlehem city. (Wattan 9 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in Nahhalin village, west of Bethlehem city. (Wattan 9 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers hurled stones at a Palestinian vehicle while it was traveling near Nahhalin village, west of Bethlehem city. As a result, Asid Shawqi Fanoun (4 years) was injured. (NBPRS 9 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued a military order to confiscate 984 dunums of Palestinian land in Khallit Al-Fahma, Al-Issiya, Az-Zaytouna and Al-Karmi areas in Al-Khader village and Nahhalin village, west of Bethlehem city. (NBPRS 10 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation bulldozers razed 100 dunums of Palestinian land in Khallit Al-Qutton area, south of Bethlehem city, and uprooted a number of olive trees. The targeted land is owned by Iyad Sanad and Abu Khalid Sanad. (PNN 10 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city, after the IOA stormed the camp. During the clashes, the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation

- cases. The IOA arrested Mahmoud Batah (19 years), after he was injured. (Al-Quds 11 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers torched 27 of olive trees in land in Nahhalin and Husan villages, west of Bethlehem city. The targeted trees located near Beitar Illit settlement. The Israeli settlers also, attacked Palestinian vehicles and destroyed its windows. (Al-Quds 11 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) set up machine guns with cameras at the segregation wall near Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, north of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 13 April 2014)
  - Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three people, and the torch of a Palestinian house owned by Ahmed Salamah Al-Amir. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Said Mohammad Al-Jabri (16 years) after storming his family house. (Wafa & Wattan 13 April 2014)
  - Israel set to legalize West Bank outpost, taking over private Palestinian land. The decision to grant retroactive approval to Netiv Ha'avot, approved by Defense Minister Ya'alon, marks the largest appropriation of West Bank land in years. Defense Minister Moshe Ya'alon has given the state the green light to retroactively legalize the Netiv Ha'avot outpost in Gush Etzion, declaring 984 dunams around the outpost state land in what is the largest appropriation of territory in the West Bank in many years. The Netiv Ha'avot outpost, adjacent to the settlements of Elazar and Alon Shvut, was built without proper authorization in 2001 and was the subject of two High Court of Justice petitions. In the first, in 2002, Palestinians sought the demolition of the outpost, which they said was built on their privately-owned land. The court ordered the formation of a government committee to examine the ownership issue, but the government did not do so. In 2008, Peace Now filed a second petition seeking demolition of the outpost. The state then claimed that a new committee would be formed to examine the land ownership issue. In October 2010, Justice Edmond Levy rejected the Peace Now petition because the land survey had not yet been completed. However, the survey, which was carried out a month later - and which the Civil Administration tried to hide - indicated that 60 percent of the outpost was built on privately-owned Palestinian farmland. Last week, heads of nearby Palestinian villages were informed of the state's plans to appropriate the land, and given 45 days to appeal the decision. The Netiv Ha'avot outpost is home to some 50 families, including Ze'ev Hever (Zambish), secretary of Amana, the

organization that is the driving force behind all the illegal outposts. The state's planned appropriation of land far exceeds the size of the Netiv Ha'avot, which is built on just a few dozen dunams. The decision to convert nearly 1,000 dunams (1 square kilometer) into state land will enable hundreds of housing units to be built in neighboring Elazar and Alon Shvut, turning them into towns with thousands of residents, and will pave the way for settlers in Netiv Ha'avot to submit their own building plans. Within this area lie enclaves of private Palestinian land which will become trapped within the settler real estate. "Declarations of state land became rare after the army declared close to a million dunams state land in the 1980s and 1990s, enough to expand the settlements for the coming century," said Dror Etkes, who monitors settlement policy. "The present declaration is a faithful reflection of the Netanyahu government's policy and meant to extinguish the last embers of the negotiations with the Palestinians." ([Haaretz](#) 13 April 2014)

- Nuha Mohammad Qatmash (40 years) was died after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenade at her house in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city, during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA in the camp. (RB2000 15 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers living in Neve Danyyal assaulted and injured Islam Ali Jaber while he was working in his land (10 dunams of land) in Al-Khader village, west of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in Al-'Abiyat Wadi Shaheen and Jabal Hindaza areas in Bethlehem governorate. (RB2000 16 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles while they were traveling between Nahhalin and Jabah villages, southwest of Bethlehem city, causing the damage for a number of Palestinian vehicles. (RB2000 16 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tequ village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 17 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the Segregation wall and settlements in Al-Masara village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA arrested Mahmoud Zawahra and transferred it to unknown location. (Al-Ayyam 18 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 19 April 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Tequ village, southeast of Bethlehem city, and transformed it to a military base. (RB2000 20 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at Qabir Hilwah area, east of Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. The IOA detained two Palestinians (Al-Quds 20 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers living in Betar Illit settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles while they were traveling near Nahhalin village, southwest of Bethlehem city. A number of Palestinian vehicles were destroyed. (NBPRS 21 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian playground in Wadi Fukin village, southwest of Bethlehem city and performed Talmudic rituals. The IOA forced Palestinian children to leave the playground. (NBPRS 21 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a stone company in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The targeted company is owned by Ahmed Khalil Thawabtih. (Wafa 22 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Tequ village, southeast of Bethlehem city, and fired teargas grenade inside the house; as a result, part of the house was torched. The targeted house is owned by Samer Ali Al-Badan. (Al-Quds 22 April 2014)
- B'Tselem origination declared that the Settlement Council in West Bank, hold a meeting to present a request to change the route of the segregation wall in section "A1 and C" near Beit Jala town. The settlement Council called the Israeli government to annex Husan, Nahhalin, Al-Walaja and Al-Jab'a villages inside the Segregation wall. (RB2000 22 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers living in Efrat settlement tried to open a road on Palestinian land in Khallit An-Nahla area, near Wadi Rahal village, south of Bethlehem city. The new road will lead to new tent erected by the settlers on Palestinian land. (RB2000 23 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Ibrahim Thawabti. (Raya 24 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Al-Masara village, south of Bethlehem city. The targeted house is owned by Hassan Brijiya. (Al-Quds 25 April 2014)
- Isma'il Musa Abu Sheikh (70 years) was injured after an Israeli settler hit him by his vehicle at the southern entrance of Al-Khader village, west of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 27 April 2014)

- Israeli settlers attacked and injured Mohammad Yahya Ayash (55 years) while he was working in his land in Khallit An-Nahlla area in Wadi Rahal village, south of Bethlehem city. (NBPRS 27 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated the construction tools owned by At-Tarifi Company, while they were working in Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 29 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) build a room on Palestinian land in Khallit An-Nahlla area, in Wadi Rahal village, south of Bethlehem city. The targeted land is owned by Mohammad Yahya Aiash (55 years). (RB2000 29 April 2014)
- Sha'ban Abdalla Qandel (32 years) was injured after an Israeli settler hit him by his vehicle near Beitar Illit settlement, west of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 29 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al-Khader village, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 30 April 2014)

## Jenin

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) started military training near Dotan military base, southwest of Jenin city, and searched Palestinian agricultural land. During the operation, the IOA erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Arraba village. (Paltoday 1 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched several areas in Sanur and Meithalun villages, south of Jenin city. (Paltoday 1 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Yabed town, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 2 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers lets go a number of dogs and pigs at Palestinian sheep farmer in Al-Yamun village, northwest of Jenin city, and killed 8 sheep. (NBPRS 2 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several areas and houses in Al-Yamun, Rummana and Zububa towns in Jenin governorate. (Safa 3 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched several areas in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. During the operation, the IOA fired stun grenades at houses and closed the main entrance of the town. (Wattan 5 April 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Yabad town, west of Jenin city and fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 6 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house, and a number of commercial stores in Industrial area in Jenin city. The targeted house is owned by Ighbariya family. (Wattan 6 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated 2000 ton of woods in Coal Company in Zabda village, west of Jenin city. The targeted company is owned by Nour and Khaled Ibrahim Amarnah. (Maannews 7 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a barracks in Barta'a Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. The targeted barracks is owned by Mohammad Ibrahim Qassem Kabha. During the operation the IOA stormed a garage and destroyed its contents. The targeted garage is owned by Waled Wakeed. (Maannews 7 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. (Wattan 10 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers seized and razed one dunums of Palestinian land near Al-Jalamah terminal, north of Jenin city. The targeted land is owned by Abu Farha family. (Wattan 10 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to close Al-Jalamah terminal, north of Jenin city, on the 14<sup>th</sup>, 15<sup>th</sup>, 20<sup>th</sup>, and 21<sup>st</sup> of April 2014, under the claim of Jewish Holidays. (Wafa 11 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in At-Tarem village, west of Jenin city, and questioned Marwan Sameh Atatrah (19 years). The targeted house is owned by Atatrah family. (Safa 13 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint at the entrance of Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 14 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas in Qabatyia and Az-Zababida villages in Jenin governorate. (Safa 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in Al-Jabriyat neighborhood in Jenin city and erected a military checkpoint at the southern entrance of the city. (Paltoday 17 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Az-Zababida, Meithlun, and Sanur villages in Jenin governorate. (Paltoday 17 April 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several neighborhoods in Yabad town, west of Jenin city, and took photos for Palestinian houses. (Wafa 18 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in At- Tayba village, northwest of Jenin city. The targeted house is owned by: Ziyad Ali Jabareen. (Wafa 19 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Silat Al-Harithiya village, northwest of Jenin city, and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by Thamin Abu Diyak. (Wafa 20 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded searched several areas in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. (Wafa 20 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) decided to close Al-Jalamah checkpoint, north of Jenin city on the 20<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> of April 2014. (Wattan 20 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ash-Shuhada village, south of Jenin city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA closed the southern entrance of the village and detained a number of Palestinians. (Al-Quds 22 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched several areas in Jaba village, south of Jenin city. (Wafa 24 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in Jalbun village, east of Jenin city and took photos for a number of houses. (Wafa 24 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the eastern neighborhood in Al-Yamun village, northwest of Jenin city, and took photos for several Palestinian houses. (Wafa 25 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Silat Al-Harithiya and Zububa villages in Jenin governorate, and fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 25 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers toured in Palestinian land near Mevo Dotan settlement, west of Jenin city. (Safa 27 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint near Yabed town, west of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 27 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted Palestinian workers at Al-Jalama terminal, north of Jenin city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (RB2000 28 April 2014)



- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the eastern neighborhoods in Qabatyia village, south of Jenin city, and searched several areas. (Paltoday 29 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in the old city of Jerusalem. During the operation, the IOA arrested two Palestinians; were identified as: Ayman Ghrouf and Waleed Firawi. (Raya 30 April 2014)

## Jerusalem

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the midnight, the Israeli settlers demonstrated in the old city of Jerusalem city and assaulted Palestinians. At the end of the demonstration, the Israeli settlers gathered at the Western Wall and performed Talmudic rituals. (Al-Quds & NBPRS 1 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Raya 2 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) destroyed a car wash in An-Nabi Samwil village, north of Jerusalem city. The targeted car wash is owned by Eid Barakat. (Wattan 2 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation and at the entrance of the mosque, the IOA detained the ID cards for dozens of Palestinians. (NBPRS 2 April 2014)
- Israel reissued a call for tenders for homes in East Jerusalem, in a move that could hike tensions as Washington struggles to salvage crisis-hit peace talks The Israel Lands Authority issued the tenders for living units in the Gilo neighborhood of the capital, which is located beyond the 1967 lines and was annexed by Israel. Peace Now's Hagit Ofran confirmed the tenders were for 708 homes in Gilo, saying "the Housing Ministry is trying to forcefully undermine the peace process... and [US Secretary of State] John Kerry's efforts to promote it. "This morning, the Israel Land Authority announced this project, which is actually a renewed tender which was published (in two parts) last year but found no bidders," she told AFP. Army Radio, which first reported the news, said the tenders had been reissued under conditions significantly better than last year, making it more likely they would be taken up. The tenders were first issued six months ago but had no takers from contractors. Israeli NGO Ir Amim, which supports an "equitable"

sharing of Jerusalem between Jews and Arabs, described the tenders as “a poke in the eye of both the Palestinians and the Americans,” the radio said. The development came amid intensive efforts to keep afloat the foundering talks between Israel, the Palestinians. Among the chief demands by Palestinians is a halt to construction in the West Bank and East Jerusalem. ([Time of Israel](#) 2 April 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian building consist of three storey in Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted building is owned by Atwan family. The IOA destroyed the doors of the apartments. (Al-Quds 3 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, toured in its court yard, and Talmudic rituals. (Safa 3 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished 4 residential barracks (120-150 square meters), a tent and three animal sheds in Jabal Al-Baba area, east of Al-Eaziriya town, east of Jerusalem city. The targeted structures are owned by Mahmoud Ibrahim Jahaleen and Salem Kaed Jahaleen. (SilwanIC 3 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers invaded Ash-Sheikh Jarrah neighborhood in Jerusalem city and assaulted Palestinians, causing the injury of 4 people. The Israeli settlers hurled stones at houses and vehicles and sprayed pepper gas at Palestinians. (Maannews 4 April 2014)
- Jerusalem panel approves controversial City of David visitors’ center. Right-wing Elad group proposes 16,600-square meter building as gateway to City of David. The Jerusalem Regional Planning and Building Committee approved the construction of a controversial visitors’ center for the City of David just outside the Old City walls. The committee heard objections to the huge project for eight hours before approving it Thursday evening. Residents of Silwan, where the center will be located, claimed the large structure, which is intended for serving tourism and educational services for the City of David National Park, does not take the needs of local residents into consideration. Architects and public figures claimed the plan violates the principle of not building tall buildings near the walls of the Old City. Archeologists complained of the expected harm to important archeological finds at the site. But after a short discussion, the committee decided to approve the proposal, though it did set a number of conditions. The proposal was submitted by the Elad association, the right-wing group that administers the City of David National Park, and the Israel Nature and Parks Authority, and has the support of the

Jerusalem municipality. The plan calls for the construction of a museum, visitors' center and auditorium in the area known as the Givati parking lot, some 20 meters from the Old City wall and 100 meters from the Western Wall. It will also constitute a new gateway to the City of David National Park. The building is to be 7 meters tall and cover 16,600 square meters. Beneath a planned parking lot, finds discovered at the site in recent years are to be preserved and made accessible. "The Jerusalem Regional [Planning] Committee heard the objections to the Kedem Center plan in Jerusalem and thought that the plan to build the visitors' center will aid in exposing the important archeological finds to the broader public and serve as a focus for tourism that will help in developing the city of Jerusalem," read the Interior Ministry's announcement of the approval. The committee decided to reduce the size of the built-up sections of the project and to require the height of the building not exceed the level of the street above it near the Old City wall, to fit in better with its surroundings. The roof of the building, as well as the passages to the lower level, will be open to the public and the preservation of the archeological finds must be guaranteed – all before a building permit can be issued. ([Haaretz](#) 4 April 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinians while they were near Az-Zaitouna checkpoint between Al-Eizariya town and At-Tur neighborhood in Jerusalem. Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation. (Wafa 6 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Maannews 7 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA detained the ID cards for dozens of Palestinians. (Paltoday 8 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its court yard. During the operation, Israeli settlers assaulted Palestinians and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (RB2000 9 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out 18 demolition orders to demolish 18 residential structures and 4 stop construction order for 4 residential barracks in Jabal Al-Baba area in Al-Eizariya town, east of Jerusalem city/. (Al-Quds & NBPRS 9 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured two Palestinians while they were working in a restaurant in Beit Hanina town in

- Jerusalem city. The Palestinians were identified as: Ali Musa At-Talhami and Majde Madboh. (SilwanIC 10 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Safa 10 April 2014)
  - Two Palestinians were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at them while they were near Al-Jalama terminal, north of Jenin city. The injuries Palestinians were identified as: Mohammad Abdalla Jalamnih and Abdalla Akram Abu Ghalee. (RB2000 11 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several neighborhoods in Ash-Shuhada' village and Jenin city. (RB2000 11 April 2014)
  - Three Palestinians were injured after the Israeli settlers living in Pisgat Ze'ev settlement assaulted them in Beit Hanina town, north of Jerusalem city. The targeted Palestinians were identified as: Abdalla and Ihab Al-J'ibrini and Ghaleeb Al-Wa'ra (19 years). (RB2000 12 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Amjad Al-Almai. At the entrance of the mosque, the IOA detained Palestinian ID cards and prevented dozens from entering the mosque. (NBPRS & Maannews 13 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tried to storm Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. During the operation, the IOA arrested Musbah Abu Soboh. The IOA tightened its procedures at the entrance of the mosque. (Maannews 14 April 2014)
  - Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Bab Hutta neighborhood in the old city of Jerusalem. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (NBPRS 15 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers attacked Hush Sabra neighborhood in the old city of Jerusalem, and occupied a Palestinian commercial store. (NBPRS 15 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Authorities closed Al-Maghribah gate, one of Al-Aqsa mosque gates, in Jerusalem city. (NBPRS 15 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed a blockade on Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, and prevented Palestinians from entering the mosque. During the operation, the IOA stormed the courtyard of Al-Aqsa mosque. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing

- dozens of suffocation cases, and the injury of 30 people. (Wafa 16 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed a blockade on the old city of Jerusalem and closed several road led to Al-Aqsa mosque. The IOA prevented Palestinian under the age of 50 year from entering Al-Aqsa mosque. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA assaulted two Palestinians and sprayed gas at Palestinians, causing the injury of 9 Palestinians. (SilwanIC 18 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the gates of Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and prevented Palestinian under the age of 50 year from entering Al-Aqsa mosque. (SilwanIC 19 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the courtyard of Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and stun grenades at Palestinians and the mosque, causing dozens of suffocation cases, the injury of 5 people and damaged in the mosque windows. During the clashes, the IOA arrested 9 Palestinians while they were at the courtyard of Al-Aqsa mosque. The arrestees were identified as: Ihab Aghbariha, Mahmoud Aqil, Mohammad Hob Rumman, Iyad Abu Rumoz, Az-Zadiyn Ash-Shalodi (16 years), Amjad Mohammad Tahir Arafh (34 years), Mohmmad Arafh, Murad Shalhab and Rawhi Kilghas. The IOA imposed blockage on Al-Aqsa mosque and prevented Palestinians under the age of 50 years from entering Al-Aqsa mosque. (SilwanIC 20 April 2014)
  - Jerusalem officials seize Jaffa Gate bread carts. Municipal authorities say stalls were unlicensed; others contend they were enforcing ban on leavened products on Passover. Jerusalem municipal workers confiscated dozens of bread stalls belonging to Arab merchants near the Old City's Jaffa Gate on Saturday. According to Arie King, a city councilman and head of the right-wing United Jerusalem party, the move had to do with the *hametz*, Hebrew for leavened products Jews traditionally forgo over Passover, being sold in public at the stalls on the holiday. "We promised to deal with the Judaization of Jerusalem, and we are trying to meet our obligations to our voters," he wrote in a Facebook statement. However, a municipality official told Haaretz that the measures were unrelated to the bread products, but rather were due to a lack of licensing. Other vendors complained against those who were operated unlawfully, and prior to the confiscation, the stalls had

received ample warning and fines, the municipality maintained. “The evacuation was done according to the procedure performed multiple times each year, after they [the vendors] remained in place despite warnings and fines. It should be noted that over 50 licensed sellers in the Old City in particular and East Jerusalem in general continued to operate freely,” a statement from the municipality said. Under a 1986 law, no breads can publicly be sold during the week-long holiday of Passover. As of 2008, the law can no longer be enforced with regard to supermarkets or pizza shops, but rather exclusively open stalls. The restriction does not apply, however, to areas that have a non-Jewish majority, and Jaffa Gate, which straddles the Christian and Armenian quarters, would likely fall into that category. ([Time of Israel](#) 20 April 2014)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 21 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and assaulted Palestinians. (Maannews 22 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Al-Quds 22 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinians in As-Sawana neighborhood in Jerusalem city, while they were celebrating the freedom of Iyad Omer Ash-Shalabi; a former Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail. During the operation, the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. The IOA arrested a number of Palestinians; one of them was identified as Ahmed Abu Lafi. (Wafa 23 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Al-Quds 23 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers stormed Al-Yousifiya cemetery, near Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and wrote anti-Palestinian slogans on the gravestones. (NBPRS 23 April 2014)
- Israeli organizations send a document to the Israeli Prime Minister “Benjamin Netanyahu” asked him to pay NIS 10,000 to each Israeli Jew, prevented to storm Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem to celebrate “Passover holidays”, and called him to open all the entrances of Al-Aqsa mosque in the face of the Israeli. (NBPRS 24 April 2014)
- Al-Aqsa foundation for Al-Wqaf and Heritage declared that the Israeli bulldozers started the construction of a Synagogue for women nearby

the western wall of Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. (ARN 24 April 2014)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis and Al-Eizariya towns, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three people. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mohammad Halabi (28 years). (Maannews 25 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented tens of Palestinians from entering Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. The IOA detained the ID cards for dozens of Palestinians at the entrance of the mosque. At the same time, the IOA allowed the Israeli settlers to storm and toured in the courtyard of Al-Aqsa mosque. (Safa 27 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al-Eiziriya town, east of Jerusalem city, after the IOA attacked a non-violent protest in the town by firing rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants. (Maannews 27 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented dozens of Palestinians from entering Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. The IOA erected several checkpoints in the old city of Jerusalem, stopped Palestinians and detained their ID cards. (Maannews 28 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian house and retaining wall in Rafat village, northwest of Jerusalem city, and uprooted a number of grape trees. The targeted wall is owned by Samer Abu Ghazalah. (Maannews 28 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished an agricultural room, a barracks and a retaining wall and uprooted more than 40 olive seedlings in Wadi Hass area in Al- Judera village, north of Jerusalem city (NBPRS 28 April 2014)
- Israeli bulldozers started the construction of the Israeli Bypass road No.21 by razing Palestinian land and uprooted trees in Shufat town in Jerusalem city. The targeted land is owned by Abi Khdir family. (ARN 28 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a 60 square meters residential barracks in Al-Hardoub neighborhood in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The targeted barracks is owned by Abu Omar Al-Maslamani. During the operation, the IOA arrested Omar Al-Maslamani and Ibrahim Shwiki. (SilwanIC 29 April 2014)
- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem forced Iyad Bashir to demolish his 2 – storey house in Al-Bashir neighborhood in Jabal Al-Mukkabir town in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 29 April 2014)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA prevented Palestinians from entering the mosque and detained their ID cards. (Al-Quds 30 April 2014)
- Rightist groups seek Jewish sovereignty over Aqsa mosque. Right-wing Jewish organizations distributed a leaflet across Jerusalem urging Jews to join an emergency conference to discuss means to secure a Jewish presence inside the al-Aqsa compound. The conference, according to the leaflet, held on 29<sup>th</sup> of April 2014, at the Menachem Begin Heritage Center in Jerusalem to address how to guarantee a Jewish presence inside the holy place and to force Israeli police to open all gates to Jews and allow them to perform Jewish rites freely. The leaflet reads that workshops and panels will be held to listen to suggestions on how to impose “complete Jewish sovereignty on the Temple Mount.” The leaflet claims that Jews, when they enter the compound, are being humiliated, detained, harassed and subjected to physical harm. Panelists in the conference include rabbis, Israeli ministers and Knesset members such as Moshe Feiglin, Orit Strook and Moti Yogeve of the Jewish Home party as well as Miri Regev of Likud and Shlomi Moallem, according to the pamphlet. It adds that the “Temple Mount is open to Jews from 7:30 to 11:00 a.m. and from 1:30 to 2:30 p.m.” ([FOA](#) 30 April 2014)
- Al-Aqsa foundation for Al-Waqf and heritage" declared that the Israeli occupation authorities have recently approved a project to build a suspension bridge link between Tal Abu Thour and Wadi Ar-Rababa areas, southwest of the city of Jerusalem and to turn it into a Talmudic path and park with budget of 6 million NIS. The Foundation said in a statement that the project aims to convert the entire perimeter of the Al-Aqsa Mosque and Jerusalem to biblical gardens and the settlement belt, cutting communication between Palestinian neighborhoods, cut off communication with the Al-Aqsa Mosque, and changing the geographic and demographic realities about the maximum and the old city of Jerusalem. ([Quds-AI](#) 30 April 2014)

## Hebron

- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to demolish three houses in Khallit Al-Maya area, northeast of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by: Badir Ahmed Ali Az-



Zina, Odeh Kaid Ahmed Az-Zina and Ibrahim Isma'il Musalam Awad.  
(NBPRS 1 April 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Mahmoud Fouad Qar'I while he was near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. (Wattan 2 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers assaulted two Palestinian children were identified as: Mohammad Abu Isninah (6 years) and his brother Ayed (13 years) while they were at the central of Hebron city. (Wattan 2 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished 7 agricultural and residential rooms in At-Tawani village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Al-Quds & Wafa 2 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoint at the entrance of Hebron, Sa'ir, and Hahul towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 2 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several neighborhoods in Hebron and Beit Kahil towns in Hebron governorate. (Safa 3 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Dura town, west of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by Akram Amran. (Safa 4 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated a Palestinian vehicle owned by Rateb Jabour, while he was at Al-Fahes area, east of Hebron city. (Wafa 4 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al-Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 5 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoint at the entrance of Hebron, Sa'ir, and Ash-Sheiokh towns and Al-Fawar refugee camp in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 5 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinian schools in the southern part of Hebron city. Dozens of Palestinian students suffered gas inhalation(Wattan 6 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) toured in several neighborhoods in the old city of Hebron. (Safa 6 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers living in Susiya settlement stormed with their sheep a 5 dunums of Palestinian land in Wadi Ar-Rakhim area, southeast of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and destroyed the crops. (Maannews 6 April 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched several Palestinian houses in Raq'a area in Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Raya 7 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in areas and neighborhoods in Hebron city. (Safa 7 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, and destroyed its main gate. The targeted house is owned by Ahmed Khadir Abu Hisham. (RB2000 8 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Beit 'Awa village, west of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by Samer Issa Abu Al-Ghalasi. (RB2000 8 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished two water cisterns and two agricultural structures in Frush Al-Hawa area in Hebron governorate. (DWG 8 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers attacked and hurled stones at group of Palestinian students in At-Tawani village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. Kifah Omar Abu Jundiya and Dalal Awad Zain were injured. (NBPRS 9 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish two commercial stores in Deir Samit village, west of Hebron city. (Wattan 9 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation bulldozers razed Palestinian land in Abu Az-Zulof area, in Tarqumiya village, west of Hebron city. (RB2000 9 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Sa'ir, Hahul, Ad-Dhahiriya, and Dura towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 9 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the establishment of an illegal outpost in Al-Rajabe building in Ar-Ras area in the central of Hebron city. During the operation, the IOA arrested four international activists and assaulted participants. (Wafa 11 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiya area in the central of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 11 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities closed an agricultural road led to Palestinian land in Iriq Safi, Khallit Kamuna and Barkut areas, east of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (NBPRS 11 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured four Palestinian children while they were at Jabir neighborhood in the old city of

- Hebron. The injuries Palestinians were identified as: Bara' Arif Jaber (13 years), Mohammad Arif Jaber (11 years), Amir Arif Jaber (10 years) and Bassel Ayman Jaber (11 years). (RB2000 12 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers stormed Palestinian land in Khirbet Jamreen in Surif village, northwest of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 12 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers raided and toured in Mar'iya area in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 12 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers living in Maon settlement attacked Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land in Khirbet Al-Kharouba and Al-Arqoub, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 12 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the southern and northern entrance of Hebron city, and at the entrance of Sa'ir, Halhul, Dura and Idhna towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Al-Quds 12 April 2014)
  - Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, after the IOA stormed the town. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA arrested two Palestinians after storming and searching their houses. The arrestees were identified as: Mohammad Zuhair Al-'Alami (18 years) and Ahmed Mohammad Hussen Al-'Alami (35 years). (Wattan 13 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers living in Adora and Telem settlement drew new borders for the two settlements by confiscating land owned by Palestinians in Tarqumiya village, northwest of Hebron city. (NBPRS 13 April 2014)
  - Ya'alon allows settlers to return to disputed Hebron house. Seven-year dispute ends following Supreme Court ruling Jewish settlers were the lawful owners of the building. Defense Minister Moshe Ya'alon on Sunday approved the return of Jewish settlers to a contested house known as "The House of Peace" in the West Bank city of Hebron, a statement from his office said. The Supreme Court ruled last month that settlers were the lawful owners of the building in the heart of the city, ending a legal dispute lasting nearly seven years. "Following the court decision... Defense Minister Moshe Ya'alon today approved habitation of the house," the statement said, adding that the area military instructor had been told to allow "a limited number of families to the house." The Palestinian Rajabi family has for years said its four-storey building had been taken over fraudulently by Israeli settlers. A lower court in 2012 accepted their claim, ruling that the settlers'

assertion that they had legally purchased the property "does not hold water." The Supreme Court overturned that judgment on appeal. The building is near a contested holy site known to Muslims as the Ibrahimi Mosque and to Jews as the Cave of the Patriarchs in a tightly controlled Israeli enclave where many streets are off-limits to Palestinian cars. The settlers were evacuated in 2008, and the Supreme Court ruling said they would not be allowed to move back in without defense ministry approval. The flashpoint city of Hebron, home to nearly 200,000 Palestinians, also comprises some 80 settler homes in the centre of town housing about 700 Jews who live under Israeli army protection. ([Ynetnews](#) 13 April 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to close the Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city on the 16<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> of April 2014, on the face of Palestinians under the claim of Jewish holiday. (Maannews 14 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several Palestinian houses and stores in Idhna town, west of Hebron city. During the operation, the IOA imposed blockage on the town. (Maannews & Al-Quds 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Bab Az-Zawiya area in the central of Hebron city. (Wafa 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced Palestinians to demolish their barracks in Deir Samit village, west of Hebron city. The targeted barracks is owned by Ibrahim Khalil Odeh Al-Hroub and Naiyf Ahmed Odeh Al-Hroub. (Al-Quds 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected sudden checkpoints at the entrances of Halhul town, north of Hebron city . The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the entrance of Hebron city, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the city. (Wattan 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. During the operation, the IOA stormed and searched a Palestinian house owned by Ahmed Younis Abu Ayash and transformed it to a military base. (Maannews 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian school in Wadi An-Nasar neighborhood, near Kiryat Arba settlement in Hebron city.

- The IOA erected tents in the school and raised the Israeli flags on the roof. (RB2000 16 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Tareq Ben Ziyad School near the Ibrahimi mosque in the central of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa & Al-Quds 16 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in B'ir As-Sabe' Street in the central of Hebron city, visit a Cemetery and performed Talmudic rituals. The IOA forced Palestinians to close their shops. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 16 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Ahmed Mohammad Ahmed Abu As'ad (37 years) after stopping him at Tarqumiya checkpoint, west of Hebron city. (RB2000 17 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al-Karmil village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and occupied the roofs of three houses. The targeted houses are owned by: Iyad Abu Aram, Mohammad Ibrahim Makhamrih and Hatm Mahmoud Makhamrh. (RB2000 17 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Al-Ibrahimiya School in Hebron city and detained the teachers and students. (RB2000 17 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Beit 'Einun village, north of Hebron city and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Jihad Al-Ja'bari. (RB2000 17 April 2014)
  - Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in the southern neighborhood in Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the injury of three people. (Wattan 17 April 2014)
  - Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiya area in the central of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 18 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained and assaulted Amir Ibrahim Jaber (12 years) in Hebron city. (Wattan 18 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched the Headquarter of Idhna Municipality and confiscated a laptop. (Wafa 18 April 2014)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) set up a Memorial at the entrance of Idhna town, west of Hebron city. (Wafa 18 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a number of Palestinian farmers and shepherds, and prevented them from reaching their land in Um Al-Khair village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Wattan 19 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated a Palestinian vehicle near Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. During the operation, the IOA stopped and searched a number of Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 19 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas in Hebron city. (Wattan 19 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Sair, Halhul, Yatta, and Bani Na'im towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 19 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Beit Einun village, north of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 21 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Hebron University in Hebron city. The IOA stationed at the entrance of the University, stopped Palestinian students and checked ID cards. During the clashes, the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 & Safa 22 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied the roof of a Palestinian house in Idhna town, west of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by Abu Munshar family. (Safa 22 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas in Yatta and Idhna towns in Hebron governorate. (RB2000 23 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced Palestinian farmers to leave their land in Khallit Al-Kutla and Al-Boirah areas, northwest of Karne Zur settlement, north of Beit Ummer town in Hebron governorate. During the operation, the IOA started military training in the aforementioned areas. (Maannews 23 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Hebron, Sa'ir, and Halhul towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 23 April 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several areas in Deir Samit village, west of Hebron city. (Safa 25 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers living in Havat Maon outpost attacked Rasha Makhamrih (8 years) from Khirbet Al-Kharouba, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Al-Ayyam 25 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized 5 Palestinian vehicles while they were at Jerusalem- Hebron Street, near Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. One of the targeted vehicles is owned by Abdalla Abd Al-Mutaleb Barghith (51 years). (Wattan 26 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Idhna town, west of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 27 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al-Fakhit School in Masafer Yatta area, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city and took photos for the school. (Wafa 28 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) holds military trainings at the entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA erected a military checkpoint, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (ARN 29 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to demolish a residential barracks and an animal shed in Khirbet Al-Fakhit, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted structures are owned by Ibrahim Awad Zein. (Raya 29 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in Idhna town, west of Hebron city. (Wafa 30 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Idhna town, west of Hebron city and destroyed the main door. The targeted house owned by Abd Al-Rahem Hassan Atmizah. During the operation, the IOA arrested Mohammad Atmizah. The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (Wattan 30 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished two Palestinian houses (200 square meters each one) and retaining wall and razed tree, in Al-Bassa area in Shuyukh Al-Arrub village, north of Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by: Mohammad Hilmi Abu Ghazi and Hassan Abu Ghazi. During the operation, the IOA closed the area and fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 30 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Hebron, Sa'ir and Halhul towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 30 April 2014)

## Qalqilyah

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqilyah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 4 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqilyah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA arrested two Palestinians; were identified as: Ghaleeb Hilmi Shatawi (23 years) and Ibrahim Bassam Jum'a (21 years). (Wafa 11 April 2014)
- Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqilyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades. (Wattan 18 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqilyah city. (Al-Ayyam 25 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the entrances of Qalqilyah city, and stormed and searched several Palestinian houses. During the operation, the IOA arrested a number of Palestinians. (Wafa 29 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities closed the office of Islam Club in Qalqilyah city, until the 31<sup>st</sup> of December 2014. (Wafa 30 April 2014)

## Tubas

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished 20 Palestinian barracks and tents on Khirbet Humsa in Al-Maleh area in the northern of Jordan valley. The targeted structures are owned by Abu Al-Kabash and Bani Odeh family. (RB2000 1 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to evacuate 20 Palestinian families, on the 3<sup>rd</sup> of April 2014, from 7:00 a.m. until 4:00 p.m., from their houses in Wadi Ibbziq area in the northern of Jordan valley, under the claim of Israeli military trainings. (NBPRS 2 April 2014)



- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military order to evacuate 20 Palestinian families from their houses in Khirbet Ibziq in the northern of Jordan valley, on the 4<sup>th</sup> of April 2014, from 7:00 a.m. until 4:00 p.m., under the claim of military training. (NBPRS 3 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated a water cistern in Al-Maleh area in the northern of Jordan valley. (Wattan 9 April 2014)

## Ramallah

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched two Palestinian houses in Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah. The targeted houses are owned by: Hamza Abu Asab and His brother Nedal. (Al-Quds 3 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers living in Ofra settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized tens dunums of Palestinian land near the settlement by setting up fence around them, and prevented Palestinians from entering the land. During the operation, the Israeli bulldozers razed Palestinian land near an Israeli military base in the aforementioned area. (NBPRS 3 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IAO) closed with cement blocs the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, and prevented Palestinians from using this entrance. (NBPRS 3 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing the injuru of Rami Al-Rimawi. (Wattan 4 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Ofar jail, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 4 people. (Al-Quds 4 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint at the entrance of Ein Yabrud village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. (Wattan 5 April 2014)
- Israel to expropriate Palestinian land in order to build sewage treatment facility. The Civil Administration asked nearby villages to be linked to the sewage plant in order to justify the confiscation, but they refused. The Civil Administration intends to confiscate 180 dunams (44.5 acres) of land belonging to residents of the villages Ein Yabrud and Silwad, in order to build a facility for treating the sewage of the West Bank settlement of Ofra, according to the planning documents that were submitted to the Supreme Planning Council. The saga of

Ofra's sewage plant has been going on since 2007. In Ofra's original building plan from the 1980s, which was never approved, an area was allocated for oxygenation pools, which were never built due to their proximity to the homes. As a substitute, in 2007 the Mateh Binyamin Regional Council began building the plant on land belonging to Palestinians from Ein Yabrud and Silwad – without any construction permit. In 2008 the landowners and Yesh Din – Volunteers for Human Rights, petitioned the High Court of Justice through attorneys Michael Sfard and Shlomi Zacharia, demanding that the facility be demolished. In reply to the petition, the state declared that it intended to issue a retroactive construction permit for it. The High Court ruled that the facility would not operate until it was approved. In order to prepare the site, the land must be confiscated. But according to the law, Palestinian land cannot be taken for the sole benefit of settlers. In order to confiscate the land it must also serve the Palestinian population. The Civil Administration turned to the nearby villages and suggested that they be linked to the sewage plant, but they refused. As a substitute the Civil Administration decided to build an cesspool with a pipe that would reach the sewage plant, and in which the Palestinians would theoretically spill the sewage from their homes. At the same time a criminal investigation was begun against regional council head Pinchas Wallerstein and his then-deputy and at present his successor, Avi Roeh. The investigation focuses among other things on the fictitious construction permit issued by the council that was given to the company that actually built the plant, as proof of the legality of the construction. The investigation file is on the table of the attorney general, who is supposed to make a decision. "The state repeatedly promised not to confiscate private Palestinian lands for the settlements, and here we are once again witnessing a massive confiscation plan of private lands for the benefit of the settlement of Ofra," said attorney Shlomi Zacharia of the Yesh Din legal staff, regarding the revelation of the plan. After Passover the Civil Administration was supposed to conduct a discussion about legalizing the facility. This discussion has been postponed for now. In advance of the discussion the relevant documents were submitted, and they indicate that the Civil Administration intends to confiscate 180 dunams, although the actual facility covers an area of about 20 dunams. The plan also reveals that the aforementioned cesspool is not included in the plan, and therefore the sewage plant cannot serve the Palestinians, even theoretically. (Haaretz 10 April 2014)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwad village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas

and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Raya 11 April 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 11 April 2014)
- Dozens of Palestinian and international activists suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades. During the operation, the IOA arrested two Palestinians and three international journalists. The IOA transferred the arrestees to unknown location. (Wafa 11 April 2014)
- For the second days on the row, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed blockade at An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city, after storming the two gates at the entrances of the village. The IOA prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village, and fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian vehicles and houses. (Wafa 13 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the Segregation wall and settlements in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injured of others. (Wafa 18 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Ahmed Birnat (19 years). (Wafa 18 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers uprooted 100 olive trees in Ras Karkar village, northwest of Ramallah city. The targeted trees are owned by Azmi Samhan. (NBPRS 20 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) intensified its presence at the southern entrance of Ramallah city, at the main entrance of Ar-Ram town and at Qalandyia and Jaba checkpoints. (Al-Quds 24 April 2014)
- Dozens of Palestinian and international activists suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians (Wafa 25 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in An-Nabi Saleh village,

north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian journalist; Muaz Mush'all. (Maannews 25 April 2014)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Silwad village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired metal bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing the injury of Amir Da'as. (Al-Quds 25 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers stormed Al-Janiya village, west of Ramallah city and wrote anti-Palestinian slogans on the wall of houses. (ARN 25 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) along with Israeli bulldozers razed Palestinian land and destroyed retaining wall in Khallit Khalaf in Saffa village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA claim that the targeted land is classified by the Israeli Authorities as "State land". (Al-Quds 29 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities ordered "Wattan" News Agency Television in Ramallah city, to stop the broadcast immediate. (Wattan 30 April 2014)

## Jericho

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished an animal shed in Ein Karzaliya area in Al-Jiftlik village, north of Jericho city. The targeted shed is owned by Zuhair Al-Qassem. (Wafa 1 April 2014)

## Salfit

- For the third time, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a car wash in Haris village, north of Salfit city, and seized all its contents. The targeted car wash is owned by Fadi Hassan Saleh Suliman. (NBPRS 1 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in Salfit city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wattan 6 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Al-Quds Open University in Salfit city, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 9 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers living in Ariel settlement pumped wastewater at Wadi Al-Bieer area, north of Salfit city (NBPRS 9 April 2014)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Deir Isitya village, north of Salfit city. (Safa 25 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Kafal Haris village, north of Salfit city, and set up 4 military tents at the entrance of the village. The IOA provided the tents with electricity network. (Safa 25 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in Kafal Haris village, north of Salfit city, and performed Talmudic rituals. During the operation, the IOA closed the entrances of the village and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. (Al-Ayyam 26 April 2014)

## **Tulkarem**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a residential room in Dahiyat Shwieka area, north of Tulkarm city. The targeted room is owned by Khalid Mehdawi. (Raya 7 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Tulkarm city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. During the operation, the IOA detained Adham Taisir Mahmoud Al-Jamal (27 years) and handed him a notification to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Salem military base. (Safa 27 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers set up a tent and raised the Israeli flags at the northern entrance of Khirbet Jabara, south of Tulkarm city. (Raya 29 April 2014)

## **Nablus**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished 8 residential tents and 4 animal sheds in Ja'wana area in Khirbet Tana, east of Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city. (NBPRS & Maannews 1 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued a new master plan for Qaryut village, south of Nablus city, which included the confiscation of 600 dunums of the land in Qaryut village, to construct infrastructure and parking for Shilo and Eli settlements. The targeted land located in pool 4 and 1 in Saliyom, Al-Bataeen, Ras Moues and As-Sarra areas. (RB2000 1 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers living in Ytzher settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles traveling near Huwara military checkpoint. A number of vehicles were damaged. (Safa 2 April 2014)

- Israeli settlers living in Iyha outpost destroyed a Palestinian vehicle in Jalud village, south of Nablus city. The targeted vehicle is owned Jihad Riyad Ahmed Hamod. (NBPRS 2 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Joseph Tomb in the eastern part of Nablus city and performed Talmudic rituals. During the operation, the IOA closed the area. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (NBPRS 3 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers living in Eli settlement opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working at land located between Al-Lubban Ash-Sharqiya and As-Sawiya village, south of Nablus city, and causing the injury of Mohammad Riyad Jazi (35 years). The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) came to the scene and arrested three Palestinians included the injury one. (NBPRS 3 April 2014)
- An Israeli settler tried to kidnap two Palestinians from Huwara village, south of Nablus city. (Wattan 3 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Deir Al-Hatab village, east of Nablus city, and fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. Two Palestinian vehicles were damaged. (Maannews 4 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers attacked and injured Mohammad Ahmed Radi Ibrahim (33 years) while he was working in his land at the eastern part of Urif village, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 4 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a Palestinian while he was in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. The Palestinian was identified as: Ashraf Abu Al-Huda (35 years) from Nablus city, and he was and seriously injured. (Maannews 6 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas in Madama village, south of Nablus city. The IOA erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the village, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked their ID cards. (Safa 6 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several areas in Beita village, south of Nablus city. (Panorama FM 8 April 2014)
- Israeli settlers living in Yetzher settlement attacked Palestinians and houses in Burin village, south of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 8 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around a Palestinian school in Burin village, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 10 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated a number of tents in Al-J'awana area, east of Khirbet Tana in Beit Furik village, east of Nablus

- city. The tents funded by *Palestine Red Crescent Society* to the residents after the IOA demolished their houses few days ago. During the operation, the IOA issued a number of military orders and confiscated a number of agricultural tractors. (NBPRS 10 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided a non-violent protest in Qaryut village, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 25 Palestinians. (NBPRS 11 April 2014)
  - Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Salem village, east of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at participants. (NBPRS 11 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military order Khan Al-Lubban (which builds on 30 dunums of land) in Al-Lubban Ash-Sharqiya village, south of Nablus city. The targeted structure is owned by Khalid Daraghma. (Wattan 13 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers living in Bracha settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land in Burin village, south of Nablus city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA and Israeli settlers, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 14 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers living in Yetzher settlement torched a Palestinian Bird farm in Madama village, south of Nablus city, causing the death of 3 thousand birds. The targeted farm is owned by Yasir Tahir Al-Qat. (Panorama FM 17 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided a non-violent protest against the Segregation wall and settlements in Qaryut village, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 18 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Joseph tomb in Balata refugee camp, east of Nablus city, and performed Talmudic rituals. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 20 April 2014)
  - Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Awarta village, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 21 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers living in Yetzher settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) hurled stones at Palestinian students in Burin

- village, south of Nablus city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the settlers. (Safa 21 April 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al-Far'a refugee camp, north of Nablus city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing the injury of Jihad Idris Hassan (23 years). During the clashes, the IOA arrested Yousif Jaber Abu Siyam (23 years) after storming his house in the camp. (Maannews 24 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched Palestinian houses in Qabalan village, south of Nablus city. The IOA erected military checkpoints in the village, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 25 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Yatma village, south of Nablus city. The IOA erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the village, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 25 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Za'tar checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The IOA detained several Palestinian vehicles. (Safa 25 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers living in Ytzher settlement uprooted 60 olive trees in Al-Luhof area in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. The targeted trees are owned by: Murad Tawfiq Odeh, Bashir Odeh and Nayif Az-Zifa. (NBPRS 27 April 2014)
  - Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in several neighborhoods in Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. (RB2000 28 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in Beita and Burin villages in Nablus governorate. The IOA fired stun grenades at Palestinian houses. (RB2000 28 April 2014)
  - Israeli settlers living in Ytzher settlement uprooted 150 olive trees in Al-Jorf area in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 28 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the western entrance of Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 28 April 2014)
  - Israeli Occupation Bulldozers demolished a mosque, three houses, two agricultural barracks and a water tank in Khirbet At-Tawel in Aqraba village, south of Nablus city. The targeted houses and barracks are owned by: Osama Anas, Anwar Sidqi Hani and Mohammad Sidqi Hani. During the operation, the IOA declared the area as "close military zone". (Maannews 29 April 2014)



- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian family inside their house in Awarta village, south of Nablus city. The IOA stormed the house and prevented the residents from leaving it under security reasons as the IOA claimed. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Said Sharab. (Maannews 30 April 2014)

## Gaza

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Wattan 3 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Jeeps and bulldozers staged 200 meters into the eastern part of Rafah city, south of Gaza strip, razed land and opened fire at houses and land. (Rb2000 3 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation warplanes launched a missile at a Palestinian land, east of Gaza city. Two Palestinians were injured. (Wafa 4 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation warplanes launched a missile at an open area in Jabaliya town, north of Gaza strip, causing the damaged in a Palestinian shop. (Wafa 4 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Khan-Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Paltoday 4 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Warplanes launched several missiles at land and empty locations in Gaza city, Khan Younis, Dier Al-Balah and Beit Hanoun towns in Gaza strip. (Wattan 6 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation jeeps and bulldozers staged 150 meters into the eastern part of Deir Al-Balah town in the central of Gaza strip, and launched missiles at a group of Palestinians. (Maannews 7 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation jeeps staged few meters into the eastern part of Al-Qarara town, south of Gaza strip. (Maannews 8 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city, causing the damage in a number of boats. (RB2000 8 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fired at Palestinian houses and land in Al-Khaza'a and Abssan villages, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. During the operation, the Israeli bulldozes razed land. (Wattan 9 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Khan Younis and Rafah shore, south of Gaza strip. (Wattan 9 April 2014)

- Three Palestinian workers were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at them while they were near Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. (Maannews 10 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) launched two missiles at an agricultural land, east of Deir Al-Balah town in Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 10 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land, east of Al-Qarar village, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Raya 10 April 2014)
- A Palestinian was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was near the border fence, east of Al-Faraheen neighborhood, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Safa 11 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a group of Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Jabaliya town, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 15 people. (Wafa 11 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, east of Al-Khaza'a town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Safa 12 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation jeeps staged 200 meters at agricultural land, east of Al-Qarara town, northeast of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, and opened fire at houses. (Wafa 13 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses, east of Al-Qrara town, northeast of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 14 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land at the eastern part of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Paltoday 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Rafah Shore, south of Gaza strip. (Paltoday 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire and injured a Palestinian worker while he was near Beit Hanoun terminal, north of Gaza strip. (Safa 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) launched missiles at Palestinian houses and land in Juhr Ad-Dik area, southeast of Gaza city. (Wafa 15 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land in Al-Qara and Abbsan towns, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Safa 16 April 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a group of Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Jabaliya town, north of Gaza strip. A 24-year old Palestinian was injured. (Wattan 18 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation warplanes launched several missiles at agricultural land, east of Beit Hanun town, north of Gaza strip. (Safa 21 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Gaza shore. (PNN 22 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Gaza shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 23 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation warplanes launched several missiles at Palestinian houses in Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip, causing the injury of 12 Palestinians. (Maannews 24 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Rafah shores in Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 24 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) staged 200 meters at agricultural land, east of Al-Qrara village, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, and opened fire at Palestinian houses. (Wafa 24 April 2014)
- Two Palestinian workers were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at them while they were near Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 28 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats, while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Beit Lahiya shores in Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 28 April 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al-Mena' shore, west of Gaza city. As a result, a 26 Palestinian fisher from Ash-Sha'ti refugee camp was injured. (Al-Quds 29 April 2014)

## Others

- Court to hear bid to block settler control of Western Wall section. The prosecution argues that transferring control of the site to a subcontractor - the settler organization Elad - will limit the government's freedom to act in the holy site. The Jerusalem Magistrate's Court is to hold a hearing on Tuesday on the attorney general's request to cancel an agreement for the settler organization Elad-the City of David Foundation to manage the entire southern section of the Western Wall. The agreement between the Company for

the Reconstruction and Development of the Jewish Quarter in the Old City of Jerusalem (JQDC), which owns the area, and the right-wing, religious group was meant to go into effect on Tuesday. The area in question includes the Jerusalem Archeological Park and the Davidson Center, as well as Robinson's Arch, where a large wooden deck for egalitarian Jewish prayer was built several months ago. Elad manages the City of David National Park just outside the Old City walls, which is connected to the Southern Wall area via an underground tunnel. The group also works to acquire Arab properties and settle Jews in the nearby village of Silwan. News of the agreement, [first reported in late February by Haaretz](#), generated protests by left-wing groups and pluralistic Jewish groups, the latter expecting the Robinson's Arch area to be developed into a plaza for liberal prayer services. After the agreement was reported, Cabinet Secretary Avichai Mendelblit assured the Reform and Conservative movements, as well as the Women of the Wall, that Elad would not get control of the site. ([Haaretz](#) 1 April 2014)

- Israel refuses to let Gaza athlete run in Bethlehem marathon. Top Palestinian runner set to petition Supreme Court to demand state reverse 'unjustified' decision. The Bethlehem marathon will host hundreds of runners from around the world in the ancient West Bank city next Friday, with one omission: The Palestinian Authority's top runner, who happens to reside in the Gaza Strip. Nader al-Masri, 34, with 14 years of running under his belt, was the only athlete to represent the Palestinian Authority in the 2008 Beijing Olympics. The next year, he took part in a competition in Bahrain. But this time, Israel is refusing to let him out of the Hamas-controlled enclave and into the West Bank. Al-Masri is set to petition the Supreme Court on Thursday, demanding the state reverse its decision and let him participate in the competition. "I don't have any security background or anything. I'm an athlete, I represent my country, go out, come back, and that's it," al-Masri told Army Radio. "I'm 34. I only have two, three more years before I retire," he added. Gisha, a human rights group which will file the petition on al-Masri's behalf, say Israel's denial of his request was issued on a whim, without justification, and claim the state abused its power. The state says it made its decision based on the fact that al-Masri does not fall under any criteria granting exit from the Gaza Strip, Army Radio reported. ([Haaretz](#) 3 April 2014)
- Israel Sanctions PA Following Unilateral Move. Israel suspends high-level contacts with PA, restricts transfer of communications equipment to Gaza. Israel on Thursday informed the Palestinian Authority (PA) of a series of punitive measures against it, following the PA's request to

join 15 international conventions. According to *Kol Yisrael* radio, these measures include a suspension of high-level contacts between ministers and CEOs, and any contacts with the PA will now be led by the Coordinator of Government Activities in Judea and Samaria, Maj. Gen. Yoav Mordechai. It was also decided to freeze the implementation of 3G cellular technology in PA-assigned areas and stop the transfer into Gaza of communications equipment belonging to the PA cellular phone company Watania. Another punitive measure is a freeze on promotion master plans for new communities in Area C. Israel is looking into further sanctions on the PA, according to *Kol Yisrael*. On Wednesday night, the UN's special envoy on Mideast peace had **confirmed he received requests** from PA officials to join international conventions and treaties, including the Vienna Convention on diplomatic relations, the convention on the rights of the child, the convention against torture, and the one against corruption. The PA's ambassador to the UN **later threatened** that the PA could join up to 550 international treaties and conventions, including the International Criminal Court. On Thursday, Justice Minister Tzipi Livni, who has been the Israeli negotiator in the peace talks with PA, announced that the fourth and final batch of terrorist releases **has been officially cancelled** due to the PA's unilateral move. "New conditions have been created, and Israel cannot free the prisoners of the fourth batch," announced Livni. ([Israel National News](#) 4 April 2014)

- A report published on Israel National news website under the name of "Committee on Al-Aqsa Mosque (the Israeli called it Temple Mount) Prayer Convenes for First Session". Will Jews be allowed to pray at their holiest site? Knesset subcommittee will hear Temple activists' arguments, for the first time. A special Knesset subcommittee will convene Monday and hear arguments for allowing Jews to pray on the Mount. It is the first time that the Knesset is conducting an in-depth examination of Jewish demands to be allowed to pray on the Temple Mount, which has been under nominal Israeli control for decades, but is administered by the Muslim Waqf. The committee is a subcommittee of the Internal Affairs and Environment Committee and was appointed by MK Miri Regev (Likud-Beytenu), who heads the Internal Affairs and Environment Committee. Its members are MK David Tzur (Hatnua), MK Zevulun Kalfa (Jewish Home) and MK Nachman Shai (Labor). "I am very excited as the day approaches," wrote Yehuda Glick, Coordinator of the Liba Project for Jewish rights on the Temple Mount, early Monday morning. "The Subcommittee for Examining the Entry of Jews to the Temple Mount is convening for the first time," Glick informed his Facebook followers. "The organizations that deal

with encourage Jews to ascends to the Temple Mount were invited to the discussion."I do not know what will come of this committee but I am overjoyed. My feeling is that until today, no one ever really heard our side. To the best of my knowledge, this is the first time in the 25 years that I have been involved in this matter that someone wants to hear us, to listen to us. "Even if they do not accept everything that is said, my feeling is that until today, no one ever really heard our version of things. They pinned all sorts of stigmas on us – extremists, delusional, lunatics, dangerous – but listen to what we have to say? They never did that. "I hope for the best. I pray to G-d that we will be able to express the frustrations and problems in a truthful way without getting too worked up, that they will let us say what we want to say, that they will truly listen, and not just in a perfunctory way. And who knows, maybe we will succeed in advancing one more step toward human rights, for Jews on the Temple Mount, too? Will you say a prayer for us?" Despite its supreme importance to Jews throughout the world, the Temple Mount - site of the two Holy Temples of Jerusalem and the place where some Jewish traditions say the creation of the world began - is at the center of an ongoing fight for Jewish prayer rights. The Waqf religious trust which administers the site's Al Aqsa Islamic complex refuses to allow any form of non-Muslim worship on the Mount, and Islamist groups have repeatedly threatened - and often carried out - violence over Jewish visits to the site. As a result, Jews who pray - or are even deemed to be praying by the Waqf's security guards - **are often arrested and removed** from the Mount, in what Jewish activists have slammed as police "caving in" to Islamists. But whereas the issue was for a long time considered too much of a religious and political hot potato to be addressed, that now seems to be changing. **MKs, Deputy Ministers** and even **senior government Ministers** all regularly ascend the Mount, often exposing themselves to the same levels of harassment that stalwart Temple Mount activists have been putting up with for decades - each time fueling the debate over the Muslim monopoly over the holy site. In January, **a revolutionary bill** was tabled to secure equal prayer rights for Jews on the Temple Mount - **sparking fury from Muslim MKs.** ([Israel National News](#) 7 April 2014)

- Thousands of East Jerusalem Arabs without water. Security barrier leaves Shuafat refugee camp in legal no-man's land; population growth, 'pirated' pipes overwhelm water infrastructure. Tens of thousands of Palestinians living in East Jerusalem have been without running water for more than a month, victims of a decrepit and overwhelmed infrastructure and caught in a legal no-man's land

caused by the divisions of the Israeli-Palestinian conflict. The residents of the Shuafat refugee camp are technically part of the Jerusalem municipality. But they live outside the West Bank security barrier that Israel has built, leaving Israeli services there sparse, even as Palestinian authorities are barred from operating there or developing the water system. The local Israeli water authority says the existing system of pipes cannot handle the rapid population growth of the area and it is scrambling to solve the problem. Last week, the Supreme Court gave officials 60 days to find a solution. But with the scorching summer season approaching, residents are growing increasingly desperate. Basic tasks like brushing teeth are a challenge. Showers have become a luxury. Families often send their clothes to relatives elsewhere in the city to wash them. ([Ynetnews](#) 8 April 2014)

- Netanyahu orders cutback in contacts with Palestinian Authority. Prime minister orders a halt to high-level contacts with Palestinians on non-security related issues, but exempts peace negotiator Livni from the ban. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu has ordered a halt to high-level contacts with the Palestinians on non-security related issues, but exempted his chief peace negotiator from the ban, government officials said on Wednesday. One Israeli official called Netanyahu's order a response to "the Palestinians' grave violation of their commitments in the framework of the peace talks" - an apparent reference to their signing of 15 international conventions last week. The edict came a day after [US Secretary of State John Kerry suggested](#) that Israel's announcement on April 1 of plans to build about 700 housing units in East Jerusalem was the immediate cause of peace talks plunging into crisis. Another official said Israeli cabinet members, directors-general of government ministries and other senior bureaucrats would no longer be allowed to meet their counterparts in the Palestinian Authority, which exercises limited self-rule in the West Bank. Justice Minister Tzipi Livni, who heads Israel's negotiating team in the troubled US-brokered peace process, and defense and security officials could continue to engage with the Palestinians, the officials said. Palestinian Labour Minister Ahmad Majdalani, however, downplayed the significance of this decision, noting that "90% of our daily business is dealing with the Israeli military." "In fact, there are no meetings between Israeli and Palestinian ministers, apart from finance ministers," Majdalani told AFP. A Palestinian government source told AFP that it could be the beginning of the freezing of the transfer of taxes collected by Israel on behalf of the Palestinian Authority, because

most of the meetings between the finance ministers addresses these taxes that are used to pay Palestinian officials. Israeli and Palestinian officials have been cooperating for years on civilian issues such as the environment, water and energy. At the weekly meeting of his cabinet on Sunday, Netanyahu pledged to retaliate for Palestinian Authority President Mahmoud Abbas's [signing of the international agreements](#), including the Geneva Conventions covering the conduct of war and occupation. Palestinian officials said Abbas signed the conventions in response to Israel's failure to carry out a promised release of several dozen Palestinian prisoners four days earlier. They were further angered by the subsequent settlement announcement. Israel said the tender to build new houses in East Jerusalem had already been issued last year and was resubmitted because there had been no initial takers. ([Ynetnews](#) 9 April 2014)

- Bennett: Most lawmakers back West Bank annexation plan. Economy Minister tells Ynet that Israel should 'initiate' when it comes to the conflict, US is heading in the wrong direction. Economy Minister Naftali Bennett believes that the majority of lawmakers in Israel support his plan for the annexation of the West Bank settlement blocs, he told Ynet on Thursday, insisting that the US-brokered peace talks have reached their natural conclusion. "Why should we keep banging our heads against the wall?" Bennett asked in an exclusive interview to Ynet. "We've reached the end of the road with the negotiations. They're dead." The Bayit Yehudi party leader slammed Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu for his public support for Palestinian statehood, which, Bennett said, had left Israel in a difficult situation. "(Netanyahu) made an historic and strategic mistake with his declarations on a Palestinian state, and now we find ourselves in this hole," Bennett said. Nonetheless, Bennett said, Netanyahu had expressed confidence in the former's plan for the annexation of the settlement blocs. "If the pressure from Likud-Beiteinu and Bayit Yehudi works out, it will be possible to move ahead and tell the nation that we are taking action. Abu Mazen (Palestinian President Mahmoud Abbas) will see that time is against him." "There is an overwhelming majority of Knesset members and ministers in favor of annexing the settlement blocs," he said. "Hold a referendum and you will see the results. I don't think Netanyahu is in favor (of annexation), and I'm just presenting an alternative. Why keep banging your head against the wall?" Bennett accused Abbas of embarking on unilateral steps, while Israel had remained stuck. "The time has come to initiate," he said. "We are constantly on the defensive, and we should outline Israeli interests and implement Israeli



sovereignty over the (settlement) blocs." The minister said his plan was designed specifically for this purpose, adding that the ultimate goal should be "sovereignty over all of Area C." This, he said, could be achieved in graduated steps. "We need to reduce the scope of the conflict - the Palestinians should govern and rule themselves." Furthermore, he said, Israel "should not give up on the option" of a merger between the Palestinians and the Kingdom of Jordan. This plan, Bennett said, was "a more realistic and practical one than the release of more terrorists and getting in return more missile attacks." Bennett conceded that there had been serious differences of opinion between US Secretary of State John Kerry and himself, and rejected Kerry's accusations that Israel had caused the current crisis in the negotiations. "I have no doubt about his intentions," Bennet said of Kerry. "The United States is serious but is going in the wrong direction. The current process has failed." ([Ynetnews](#) 10 April 2014)

- Israel moves to scale back Palestinian Authority funding. Official says Jerusalem will freeze assistance at Gazan gas fields, limit bank transfers in response to unilateral measures. Despite [reports](#) that progress is being made toward securing an agreement to extend peace talks, an Israeli government official announced Thursday that Israel will significantly cut the tax funds allocated to the Palestinian Authority. Major Gen. Yoav (Poli) Mordechai, the coordinator of Israeli government activities in the territories, informed the Palestinians of the decision, he said. The money kept by Israel will be deducted from outstanding Palestinian debts, he said. "The step was taken in light of continued Palestinian unilateral measures with the UN treaties, which constitute a clear violation of the agreements between Israel and the PA," he said. In addition, Israel will halt development efforts at the Gaza Marine offshore gas field, and will limit money transfers between Israeli and Palestinian bank accounts, Mordechai added. On Wednesday, a senior official warned about the imminent drastic tax cuts, but said the suspended funds were "the money they spend on terrorists and their families." "This step would be less dramatic than cutting entirely our monthly tax payments to the PA, but it would be step that would be in place," he said. Israel considers the Palestinian payments to Palestinian security prisoners and their families as "funding terrorism," the senior official said. According to an Israeli government document, "every Palestinian inmate in an Israeli prison who is convicted of a terrorism-related offense receives a monthly salary, from the beginning of his imprisonment." Israel says financial sanctions against the Palestinians are a response to PA President

Mahmoud Abbas's dramatic signing of 15 international treaties in contravention — Israel says — of previous agreements. The Palestinians, meanwhile, say they signed the treaties in response to Israel's failure to go ahead with a planned release of Palestinian prisoners. (Time of Israel 11 April 2014)

- Israel 'demolishes' EU-funded West Bank housing shelters. European diplomats demand financial compensation for destruction of caravans; Israeli spokesman: Structures were built illegally. Israel has demolished several European Union-funded humanitarian housing shelters in a highly sensitive strip of West Bank land near Jerusalem, which led European diplomats to demand financial compensation. "On April 9, three of some 18 residential structures were demolished... in Jabal al-Baba," an area outside the sprawling settlement of Ma'aleh Adumim, a spokesman for the EU's delegation to the Palestinian territories told AFP. The tin huts, used to house Palestinians made homeless by severe winter weather at the beginning of the year, were "partially funded by EU member states," the official said. The shelters were funded by the EU's humanitarian aid wing, DG ECHO, as well as the French development agency Action Contre la Faim. Angela Godfrey-Goldstein from the Jahalin Association representing Palestinian Bedouin told Palestinian news agency Ma'an that the demolitions were "presumably revenge" for the Palestinian move to join 15 international treaties and conventions. Israel issued demolition orders on all 18 structures in February, the official said, and EU delegates "raised this with the Israeli authorities" both at that time of and after the demolitions. The EU official said simply that there were ongoing discussions with Israeli authorities over the demolitions, but a report by EurActiv, a Brussels-based news service, said diplomats were demanding financial compensation. "We should ask for compensation from Israel whenever EU-funded humanitarian aid projects are destroyed," EurActiv quoted an anonymous diplomat as saying. Palestinian peace negotiator Saeb Erekat called the Israeli move "more than a provocation, it is a crime," and told EurActiv the Palestinians have asked the EU "to apply their laws in relation to Israel." Israel's military administration of the West Bank could not immediately comment on the demolitions. An Israeli spokesman contacted by EurActiv for comment issued a statement saying the shelters had been "assembled illegally." "At least two of the buildings (were) located on state land and within the jurisdiction of the city of Ma'aleh Adumim," the statement went on to say. The structures were located in E1, a highly contentious area in the West Bank east of Jerusalem. Israel has

been planning construction in E1 since the early 1990s but nothing has ever been built there due to heavy international pressure. Plans for building 1,200 units unveiled in December 2012 were quickly put on the back burner after the announcement triggered a major diplomatic backlash. The Palestinians say construction in E1 would effectively cut the West Bank in two and prevent the creation of a contiguous Palestinian state. ([Ynetnews](#) 12 April 2014)

- Netanyahu: Abbas chose Hamas over peace with Israel. Israel nixes negotiators' meet after Fatah, Hamas sign deal; Abbas: Unity does not contradict peace talks; announcement comes amid Israeli attack on Gaza terrorist, rockets fired at south. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu decided Wednesday to cancel the scheduled meeting between Israeli peace negotiators and their Palestinian counterparts in wake of the reconciliation agreement signed hours earlier between rival Hamas and Fatah parties. Netanyahu slammed the agreement and said: "Abu Mazen (Abbas) could have chosen peace with Israel instead of peace with a murderous terror organization. Tonight, while talks are ongoing to extend peace talks, he chose Hamas... He who chooses Hamas does not want peace." Abbas for his part claimed the deal did not contradict the Soon after the unity deal was announced, Israel Air Force jets fired on a suspected Palestinian he rode his motorcycle in the northern Gaza Strip, however they missed their target and wounded at least 12 bystanders in Gaza. ([Ynetnews](#) 24 April 2014)
- High Court to rule whether Palestinians are denied building rights. Villagers and human rights groups say the Civil Administration discriminates against local residents but approves plans to expand settlements. Palestinians in Area C of the West Bank are not discriminated against regarding planning and building rights and the Civil Administration promotes various plans for them, the State Prosecutor's Office will inform the High Court of Justice Monday. The prosecution will be responding to a High Court petition to restore powers of planning and building in Palestinian communities in some 60 percent of the West Bank designated Area C – under Israeli civil and military control. The state will also tell the court that any change to military law (which has taken away the Palestinians' planning powers) changes the status quo in place since the signing of the interim agreements in 1995. Such changes, according to the state prosecutor who wrote the opinion, Tadmor Etzion, are a diplomatic issue and

therefore should only be decided in diplomatic talks between Israel and the Palestinian Authority. The state will therefore ask the court to reject a petition, submitted in July 2011, against the 1971 military law annulling local and district planning and building committees that had existed under Jordanian law. In the place of these committees, the military law placed planning and building powers in the hands of what eventually became the Civil Administration. At the same time, special planning and building committees were established by military order for settlements only. There are currently 16 such committees. According to the petitioners, these committees received the powers and rights that had been taken from Palestinian communities. The petitioners state that the military legislation harms the Palestinians' housing conditions and development rights, and creates intolerable conditions in existing communities and a dearth of land in Area A, the area under full Palestinian control, and B, the area under Palestinian civil control and Israeli military control. This legislation also contravenes regulations in the Hague Convention, which require the occupier to see to the needs of the local population, the petition states. The petitioners are from the village of Dirat-Rafa'aya in the southern Hebron Hills and another eight villages that sought to join the petition later. They are joined by two Palestinian human rights groups (the Jerusalem Legal Aid and Human Rights Center and the Society of St. Yves Catholic Center for Human Rights) and two Israeli groups (Rabbis for Human Rights and the Israeli Committee Against House Demolitions). ([Haaretz](#) 27 April 2014)

- Bennett: Israel should annex 60 percent of West Bank. As deal line for talks nears, Bennett slams Hamas-Fatah unity deal and calls for Israel to annex West Bank areas currently under its control. Bayit Yehudi Chairman and Economy Minister Naftali Bennett said on Sunday that Israel should annex the 60 percent of the West Bank that is under full Israeli control, and that includes all of the Jewish settlements built since acquiring the areas in the 1967 war. "We should apply Israeli law on the Israeli-controlled parts of Judea and Samaria - the West Bank - and offer full citizenship to those Palestinians who live in these areas," Bennett told the Foreign Press Association in Jerusalem. "The idea is to make the conditions as livable as possible for the foreseeable future. It's not as sexy as the perfect, two-state solution, but this is realistic." The controversial right wing minister, who at times appears to be at much at odds with Prime Minister Netanyahu as he is with his left-of-center opponents, said Israel should annex Area C, the 1993 Oslo Accords designation for the portion of the West Bank which is under Israeli

administrative and security control. The 100,000 Palestinians who live there would be given the option to become full Israeli citizens. The rest of the West Bank, where Palestinians exercise full (Area A), or partial control (Area B), would be given “autonomy on steroids,” according to Bennett. His proposal to annex the majority of the West Bank is unlikely to be accepted by the Palestinians or most of the international community, which believes there should be an independent Palestinian state within the borders that existed prior to 1967, with some slight modifications. Bennett, a former head of the Council of Jewish Settlements in Judea and Samaria, spoke as the nine-month period that the parties allotted to US Secretary of State John Kerry to develop a framework agreement runs out, and three days after the Islamist Hamas movement which controls the Gaza Strip signed a unity agreement with the rival Fatah movement which is in charge in the West Bank. “The era of Oslo is at its end,” Bennett said, referring to the 1993 agreement that called for an independent Palestinian state. “We are not going to reach a peace agreement in the foreseeable future. We need to be realistic about what we can achieve and massively invest in infrastructure in the economy, in the quality of life and in self-governance of the Palestinians.” ([Ynetnews](#) 27 April 2014)

- Israel blocking Palestinian permits over UN push, IDF officer says. Testimony contradicts government claim to Supreme Court that professional considerations behind halt in West Bank planning. The Palestinian bid to join international organizations is the reason for the recent halt to construction planning in Palestinian villages, said a senior Israeli army officer on Sunday, contradicting what government officials recently told the Supreme Court. The government had said building permits in Area C, which is the part of the West Bank under direct Israeli control, are issued solely according to planning experts. But testimony by Maj. Gen. Yoav Mordechai, coordinator of government activities in the West Bank, to a Knesset committee on Sunday indicates political motivations are behind the decision to stop planning and building. “Master construction plans for the Palestinian populations have been frozen as a response to Mahmoud Abbas overtures to the UN organizations,” Mordechai said. Mordechai made his remarks before the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Defense Committee’s subcommittee on Judea and Samaria headed by MK Moti Yegorov (Habayit Hayehudi). The committee had been discussing the relative lack of enforcement on Palestinian building violations. As in the past, Palestinian representatives were not invited to take part in the discussions. Representatives from the Regavim organization, which is

funded by the Amana settlement organization and regional councils in the West Bank, were present at the meeting. Earlier this month, in response to a petition from Rabbis for Human Rights against what they claimed was discrimination against Palestinians by the building and planning authorities, the state prosecutor said that “the village councils can formulate building plans and submit them to the authorities. These projects will be examined on the basis of professional planning considerations.” Mordechai also stated that in five different cases, international organizations were found to be participating in illegal construction. In each case the Foreign Ministry was notified, and complaints were filed with the relevant foreign consulates. The cases included funding for playgrounds from the Italian government, renovations on a well paid for by the Swedish government, sheds built with French funding and two cases in which the United Nations provided tents for homeless individuals. According to data compiled in 2013 presented to the committee, there were 1,646 building violations in the West Bank. 1,288 of them were found among Palestinians, of which 373 illegal structures were demolished. 358 violations were found among Jews, of which 147 illegal structures were demolished. At the same time, past experience dictates that most of the structures demolished in the settlements were not dwellings, and the Civil Administration generally refrains from demolishing structures in large, politically-connected outposts. ([Haaretz](#) 27 April 2014)

- Israeli Civil Administration approved sewage treatment material into the river carcinogenic Hebron. Since 2007 banned Administration provide sulfuric acid treatment of heavy pollution in the area, fearing to be used for the production of explosives. One serious problem performers may be solved after the Civil Administration recently agreed to allow re-supply of material used for the treatment of toxic wastewater in the city. Supply of material should be subjected to strict regulation because it can also be used to manufacture explosives. Hebron and the adjacent industrial area are the focus of flow of wastewater pollutes the environment. A large quantity of sewage flowing toward the Green Line, come to the western Negev, causing severe ecological damage. One of the most serious pollution problems associated with the leather processing industry in Hebron its effluent containing high concentrations of the toxic metal chromium. It is a streaming environment creates cancer risk. ([Haaretz](#) 28 April 2014)
- Major General Mordechai refers to demolish the unauthorized building of 500 Palestinians from 1600 buildings. The Coordinator of

government business in the region's major General Yoav Mordechai said that last year was about 1,000 and monitoring 600 unlicensed building built by Palestinians in area c in the West under full Israeli control. Mordechai added that the Civil Administration demolished about 500 of these buildings. This came during a meeting today of the Subcommittee of Foreign Affairs and Security Committee. It was reported that the Chairman of the Committee, Attorney Mordechai Ughif of the Jewish House block the number of unlicensed buildings built by Palestinians in the areas of "SI" thirty-five thousand. (Al-Quds 28 April 2014)

- The Haaretz daily newspaper revealed on their website that the Israeli Government is investing in settlements on Palestinian land in the West Bank 4 times what they invest in some Israeli communities inside the green line. The annual report released by the Central Bureau of statistics in Israel in cooperation with the Ministry of the Interior, all settlers in the Jewish settlement of Maaleh Efraim "established on Palestinian land in the Jordan Valley area received from ministries of the Government budget more than 16 times what it received, who lives in Tel Aviv. The paper said the report emphasizes the gaps and inequalities in all areas, the report showed that the communities receive most budgets compared with the population of the settlements. The report said: "that all local authorities budgetary deficit at the end of 2012 to 3.8 billion shekels, and the deficit are caused by the accumulation of debt on the local councils of the various government ministries. (Al-Quds 28 April 2014)
- Israeli soldier aims gun at teen in video clip. Video posted online shows confrontation between soldiers and Palestinians in Hebron. A video clip showing a Nahal Brigade soldier cocking his weapon at a Palestinian teenager in Hebron and later threatening to "put a bullet in the head" of another Palestinian photographing the incident was posted online by a Palestinian activist organization called Youth Against Settlements. The video was posted both to YouTube (under the name "attention to shoot a minor" [sic]) and on the organization's Facebook page, and was apparently taken within the past few days. As a result of the incident, the soldier, from Battalion 932, will be reassigned. In the video, one sees a confrontation between the soldier and several Palestinian youths near Beit Hadassah in Hebron, which began when one of the youths started goading the soldier and touched him. The soldier says, "It doesn't pay for you to do that again," and then the two shove each other and the soldier cocks his gun at the youth. Another Palestinian joins the confrontation, and the soldier

points his weapon at both of them and tries to kick them. The soldier then turns to another Palestinian, who is photographing the incident, and says, “Turn off the camera, turn off the camera, I’ll put a bullet in your head, you son of a bitch.” In a response, the Israel Defense Forces Spokesman’s Office said, “IDF forces that operate in Judea and Samaria and are responsible for maintaining security in the area must cope daily with a complex reality that demands professionalism, determination and good judgment. The behavior of the soldier in the video was aberrant and does not meet the expectations of him. The matter will be investigated.” The army later said that the soldier would be removed from his position. ([Haaretz](#) 29 April 2014)

- Court to state: Involve local Palestinians in Area C building process. A panel of three judges gave the state 90 days to come up with such a plan at the end of the hearing on a 2011 petition by Rabbis for Human Rights. Palestinians should be more involved in the planning process for their villages in Area C of the West Bank, the High Court of Justice told the state on Monday. It attempted to increase their statutory rights without interfering with the larger diplomatic issues involved in the frozen peace process. A panel of three judges gave the state 90 days to come up with such a plan at the end of the hearing on a 2011 petition by Rabbis for Human Rights. Monday’s debate, the first of its kind since the petition was filed three years ago, was scheduled months in advance. But it fell just one day after the coordinator for government activities in the territories, Maj.-Gen. Yoav Mordechai, announced that the state had frozen pending authorizations for master plans for 19 Palestinian villages in retaliation for unilateral PA moves to shore up its legal standing as a state. The move effectively halts new Palestinian building. The Civil Administration needs authorized master plans to legally approve such construction. ([IPOST](#) 29 April 2014)
- Israel authorizes record amount of West Bank land for settlement construction. Most of the newly confirmed state land is in areas of strategic importance for settlers, including outposts that could join up with nearby settlements. A record amount of land – slightly more than half of it outside the West Bank separation barrier – was confirmed as state land last year, a critical step toward handing over the land to settlements so that more homes can be built on it. The 28,000 dunams (6,919 acres) were approved by the Civil Administration’s task force for demarcating state land, Maj. Gen. Yoav Mordechai, the government coordinator in the territories, told a Knesset subcommittee this week. The so-called Blue Line task force, established by the Civil Administration in 1999, is reexamining land designated imprecisely



during the 1980s as belonging to the state. Most of the newly confirmed state land is in areas of strategic importance for settlers, including outposts that could join up with nearby settlements and areas close to the Green Line that could potentially link up with towns in Israel. The largest plot of land is 3,476 dunams near the West Bank settlement of Ariel, while 2,302 dunams were claimed by the state in the southern Hebron Hills. The land reclamation indicates that Israel is not interested in negotiations, said Dror Etkes, who works with Rabbis for Human Rights to track Israeli settlement policy. “Anyone examining the places where territory was added to the land under settlement jurisdiction, and [examining] the work of the Blue Line team from early 2013 until today, is forced to conclude that from the perspective of the Israeli government, there is no Oslo, no fence, no negotiations,” said Etkes, referring to the Oslo Accords with the Palestinians. “This can be seen both in terms of the size of the land and the location of the places where the mapping was done. The approach guiding the Civil Administration is that all of Area C is designated for the expansion of Israeli settlements, as has indeed been happening in the field over the past 20 years.” Area C is the part of the West Bank under exclusive Israeli control. In the nine months when Israeli-Palestinian negotiations were officially under way, the Netanyahu government advanced the construction of at least 13,850 new housing units in the West Bank by moving forward with construction plans and publishing tenders, Peace Now said in a report. During that time, construction was planned throughout the West Bank, including in isolated settlements, and two new outposts were built – one in the Jordan Valley and one south of Bethlehem. Of the 28,000 dunams confirmed as state land, 22,058 are within settlement boundaries and could potentially become sites of planned construction. More than 3,700 dunams are on land that has already been developed, meaning that their designation as state land is meant to retroactively legitimize the construction. The rest is on open land. The land designated as belonging to the state includes territory where nine outposts have been established, including three satellite outposts of the West Bank settlement of Tekoa. In some cases, the location of the approved plots of land indicates plans for future construction, as with a former military base in Adorayim in the southern Hebron Hills. If Israel wanted to temporarily reclaim the land for military purposes, it is authorized to do so without confirming it as state land. The state declared nearly 1 million dunams to be state land in the 1980s, after the Supreme Court ruled that it was illegal to seize land for stated military purposes and build settlements on that land. More than 99 percent of that land was allocated to settlements, but not

all the land designations were accurate. As a result, each land claim – which is marked off with a blue line on the map, hence the Blue Line task force – is being reexamined. Unless it has gone through the reexamination process and has been confirmed as state land, Israeli agencies cannot authorize development plans for the land, submit development plans or move forward on evacuation plans. This means that all new settlement construction plans must first be examined by the task force. Settlement leaders often complain that this practice places obstacles in the path of settlement construction. The Blue Line task force first examines the status of land at the center of legal wrangling. It then examines other contested land, and then settlement blocs and educational institutions. ([Haaretz](#) 29 April 2014)

- IDF invites the public to inaugurate a new neighborhood in the settlement on Independence Day. Shomron Regional Brigade Company Regional Council territory and the "convention", and calls on the public to inaugurate a neighborhood of Har Bracha. Army: No Affiliate. IDF Shomron Regional Brigade invites the general public to inaugurate a new neighborhood in the settlement of Har Bracha, as part of Independence Day celebrations, in cooperation with the settlers of the area. According to the tradition of opening of IDF bases to the public, as well Shomron Regional Brigade base, located on the outskirts of Nablus, opened on Independence. The new neighborhood consists of 64 housing units. ([Haaretz](#) 30 April 2014)
- As talks' deadline expires, Bennett declares Oslo era over. Economy minister calls for strengthening Palestinian autonomy, extending Israeli law to settlements in West Bank. As the nine-months of the current US-led round of negotiations between Israel and the Palestinians ended Tuesday, officials from both parties cast the blame on the other. Economy Minister Naftali Bennett joined the chorus, saying that the "Oslo era is over." Bennett was referring to the twenty years of negotiations between the Israelis and Palestinians which began with the signing of the Oslo Accords in 1993. Bennett expressed deep pessimism regarding the peace process: "We are entering a more realistic period. There is no perfect solution (for the conflict) and the pursuit of perfection brings us to disaster. We need to learn to live with the situation and not sink into depression." Despite the failure of the peace talks, the IDF and Palestinian security services continue to cooperate. Along those lines, Minister Bennett, addressing a Business Club meeting at Tel Aviv University, said: "(Israel) must strengthen Palestinian autonomy, because I have no desire to rule them. Let them do as they please. Even better – grant them complete freedom of

movement. That's my relief plan. "On the other hand, I think we must extend Israeli law to the Israeli territories in Judea and Samaria. And we must offer Israeli citizenship to the 70,000 Palestinian residents of these territories." On a day when the future of the negotiations between Israel and the Palestinians, the Bayit Yehudi chairman offered a sobering, pragmatic message, "We need to narrow the gap between the two parties. We are not the only place in the world with a protracted conflict. Every day that passes without war is a blessed day." ([Ynetnews](#) 30 April 2014)

- Monthly Violations Statistics – April 2014

Governorate	Land Confiscated (Dunums)	Lands Threatened of Confiscation (Dunums)	Uprooted Trees/ Burnt trees	Demolished Houses	Demolished structures	Houses threatened of Demolition	Israeli settlers violence
Bethlehem	984	100	677	0	1	3	13
Jerusalem	0	40	0	4	8	27	15
Jenin	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
Tulkarm	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Ramallah	0	180	100	0	1	0	2
Nablus	600	30	210	11	9	0	13
Salfit	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
Jericho	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Gaza	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Qalqilyah	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hebron	0	0	0	11	4	7	10
Tubas	0	0	0	20	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>1584</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>987</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>58</b>

Note: during April, the Israeli Occupation Authorities order more than 40 Palestinian families to evacuate their houses in several areas in the northern of Jordan Valley, under the claim of military training.